# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1882. NO. 167.



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# LATEST EDITION.

## LINCOLN WILL NOT DO.

### A Man Cannot be Elected on His Father's Reputation.

### A Demand That Jay Hubbell Step Down and Out--The Davis Bill and What the Democrats Ought to Do With It--Editorial Comments of To-Day's New York Press.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 27.—To-day's Sun talks of "Hereditary politics." It says: "We have observed with due interest the various demonstrations of running Robert T. Lincoln as the Republican candidate for President in 1884. We think well of Mr. Lincoln. He is a man of respectable ability and sound character. He has the reputation of putting too many of his relatives into office, and a poor sort of reputation it is. The practice is too common. The idea of making a candidate of Mr. Lincoln comes entirely from the fact that he is the son of the martyr President. It is not a solid idea. No man is likely to be elected in 1884 on the merits of his father. In fact no man can ever be sure of being elected in this country on any such ground. The distinction of a candidate's father is not a consideration that the American people dwell upon with a disposition to give their votes to the candidate. It is true that John Quincy Adams was the son of a president before he was elected President himself, but he was promoted to that office by reason of his own personal qualifications. He was an exceptional man and the circumstances the times afforded him an opportunity to show his gifts and to gain renown. Mr. Lincoln has not yet had any such opportunity, and has shown no extraordinary gifts. His only capital as a candidate would be his father's glory, and that is a sort of capital that it will not do to trade upon very heavily. It is an interesting circumstance that active Republicans should think of selecting a candidate for hereditary reasons alone. It shows that the party has reached such a stage in its history that it no longer possesses competent men fit to be President, whose nomination will offer to the party any prospect of success. In such a situation a party might as well dissolve its organization and go out of business altogether."

JUDGE WYLIE CAUGHT TRIPPING.

The World this morning says: Judge Wylie is so eager to make points against the Star Route defendants that he yesterday tripped himself up. While the defense were trying to show that Gen. Brady had urged Congress to pass an act for reforming the sub-contractor service, Judge Wylie not only ruled the attempt out, but made the rather unjudicial remark that "Gen. Brady cannot recoup in that way," a remark obviously without meaning unless it meant that in Judge Wylie's opinion Gen. Brady's guilt had already been established. Naturally enough the defense remonstrated against the use of such an expression by the Judge. But the Judge obstinately insisted upon the propriety of the observation and there was an exception taken to it. The word "recoup," in substance, always signifies in a suit, "your demand is admitted, but we plead an offset or reduction." Gen. Brady being still on trial, it is plainly his right, one would would think, not to be spoken of by the Judge as if he had been already convicted."

THE PRESIDENT'S PLAN.

The Journal to-day asks: "What will the President do?" It says: "When the powers of the executive passed into President Arthur's hands it was generally supposed that he would at once appoint a stalwart cabinet, remove every Garfield office-holder and put an Arthur man in his place. This would have been a blunder. It would have blown that the new President had no higher thought than to reward his friends and punish his enemies. It would have emasculated his administration and destroyed his party. President Arthur acts more wisely. He adopted a conciliatory policy and left officers whom he knew to be his enemies undisturbed. He showed them that he wanted their aid to obliterate the past and to make a strong administration and a united party. Some of these retained officials continue their enmity to the President, and do not conceal it. Holding office under his administration they use their best efforts to break it down. Not too proud to accept his favors, they are ungracious enough to abuse him and his friends. Still President Arthur hesitates to remove these men. He has given them an opportunity to aid him in securing a strong harmonious Republican Administration. This they have refused to do. Will the President now act as determinedly in their cases as President Garfield did when he made Judge Robertson Collector of the port of New York despite the protest of the Vice-President, the Postmaster-General and the two New York Senators?"

TOM OCHILTREE'S PLATFORM.

This morning's Times says: "Col. Tom Ochiltree, of Texas, is not only a gentleman of a lively imagination, but is distinguished by the most engaging frankness. He has been defining his position on public questions somewhat in advance of the necessities of the body of which he has been electeda member, but with a certain compactness which renders his opinion a species of handy current coin of politics available for every day use. The humorist of the Forty-eighth Congress announces himself as "for all appropriations and the old flag, and against all taxation." This is quite a pithy summary of a good deal of what is Democratic doctrine and describes not inaptly the policy by which the Democrats when last in control in the House attempted to make reputation for economy by leaving ample margins to be filled by deficiency bills. Col. Ochiltree, is of course, in favor of a river and harbor bill while he stands prepared to assist in sweeping away the entire system of "iniquitous and oppressive" internal revenue duties over which some of his party associates, and the newspapers in sympathy with them, waste so much rhetoric. The folly of a party jester may sometimes be more suggestive of statesmanship than the wisdom of a party press."

THE DAVIS BILL.

The Herald to-day, under the title of "The Democrats and the Federal courts," says: "It is now apparent that a considerable number of Democrats in the House are determined to defeat, if they can, the Davis bill for the relief of the Federal courts. Their motives are partisan. The bill, if passed, will give to President Arthur the appointment of eighteen Federal Judges. The Democrats, who have resolved to oppose it, do not ilke to see these appointments go to a Republican President. They prefer to reserve the disposition of the patronage for their own President, whom they expect to elect in 1884. It is equally clear that there are enough Republicans and honest Democrats in the House to pass the bill by a handsome majority. It is the duty of these to see that this is done. The country has long suffered from the neglect by Congress of the Federal Courts. The calendars of these tribunals are so burdened and their Judges so overworked that the long delays thereby caused are a practical denial of justice to persons having business in the courts. The Davis bill is a carefully prepared measure which has received the general approval of the bar and the public. It has already passed the the Senate. Its failure to become a law will be a serious drawback to litigants in the Federal courts. It should pass the House at this session without fail, and the Democrats can only blunder by trying to defeat it."

BLAMING JAY HUBBELL.

The Tribune's leader criticises Jay Hubbell and his committee. It says that Jay Hubbell is undoubtedly responsible for some part of the censure which has visited the Republican party. It sketches the rights of American citizens to contribute to the legitimate expenses of the party to which he belongs. Hubbell's committee, however, has so disregarded its trust that its performances have done almost incalculable harm. The Tribune then says: "The truth is that the Republican Congressional Committee might starve to death without unfavorably affecting the success or the prospects of the Republican party in the least degree. Somebody else would circulate the documents, if that committee did not, and would make a much more intelligent selection. But here is a committee which is known to be odious by reason of methods sometimes injudicious, sometimes grossly improper, and which is thought to be essential by its political opponents. Some of them are foolish enough to propose by law to abolish it. Why should Republicans object? The fact is that the committee is a load upon the shoulders of the party. Why should any Republican object to the removal of this load? The committee has done some things which nobody attempts to defend, and is accused of a great many more. There is no conceivable reason why any true Republican should wish to have any more money collected by such a committee. The party exists not to magnify any committee, but to win the confidence and approval of the people. If this particular mode of getting money is thus objectionable, what sense is there in continuing it? Money will be collected, and from employes and officials also, whenever they see fit to contribute anything. That constitutional right no law can take from them. Behind all this is the question whether Republican politicians do not attach too great importance to the control of large sums for expenses. When the party was poor, ill organized and confronted by powerful popular prejudices, it was able to elect Mr. Lincoln without any funds of importance. Now that it is intrenched in office and twenty years of power, it has been beaten overwhelmingly by a Democratic party in a particularly impoverished condition. If members of Congress will reflect on these things they may perhaps find it well to vote for the bill which Mr. Edmunds' committee recommends."

## MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.

### A Jeweler Starts Home for the Night and is Seen No More.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 27.—When Herbert Winthrop Spink closed his jewelry store at the corner of Twenty-Sixth street and Eighth avenue Saturday night, he counted the day's receipts, amounting to over $1,000, and said to James Dixon, one of his clerks, that he would take it to his father's office at No. 130 Fulton street. Mr. Spink has not been seen since. On Sunday morning a druggist who keeps the store next door heard footsteps in the jewelry store. He did not know whether it was Mr. Spink who was inside or a stranger. The outside door seemed to be locked. Between 2 and 3 o'clock yesterday morning Officer Thomas, of the 16th Precinct, heard a crash of glass in Mr. Spink's store. Immediately afterwards he saw two men dart out of the store and run away. He gave chase and one of them turned around and fired two shots at him, but they escaped. Mr. Spink, Sr., said that his son could have had no motive for absenting himself from his home on business. He had an interest in the Twenty-sixth street store and is a man of regular habits. The police are engaged trying to unravel these circumstances. Dixon said that he assisted Mr. Spink to count the day's receipts and the amount had been entered on the books to the credit of his father. Mr. Dixon added: "He then put the money in his pocket and said that he was going to bring it to

HIS FATHER'S PLACE

in the morning. The key of the safe is usually left in the store but it is usually hidden in a particular place. It was alidden on Saturday night in a different place. I called at the store Sunday afternoon and remained several hours. I found everything secure without any indication that the safe had been tampered with. This morning, after the window had been broken, everything was secure also. Frank Spink, who is not connected with any of the stores, but is allowed a certain amount of money by his father, was admitted behind the counter on Saturday night during the rush of business. He made some sales, but left before closing hours." The police are at a loss to account for Mr. Spink's disappearance. One of them said: "His brother drank, and, I have learned, is not much trusted by his father. He pays him to keep away from the stores. Frank has a great deal of influence over the missing man, who is much younger than he is, and from the indifference which he displays I suspect that he knows

WHAT BECAME OF THE MONEY

and where his brother is. I have been told also that Herbert, who is only 22 years old, has lately been keeping company of which his father did not approve. It is my opinion that he will turn up in a few days. His father does not want any one arrested, and as long as he refuses to make a complaint, we cannot do much to get at the truth of the matter."

"Do you suspect any one of robbing Mr. Spink and keeping him out of the way?"

"We do; but his father claims that our suspicions are without foundation."

Mr. Spink, Sr., has visited the police station several times. He has a number of jewelry stores both in this city and Brooklyn. He said that

HE SUSPECTED

that his missing son had been probably robbed of his money, and possibly murdered.

"He could have all the money he wanted," said Mr. Spink, "and could have had no motive for running away with the day's receipts."

### A Cavalry Officer Suicides.

TUCSON, December 27.—Sergeant Rufus Somerly, of the Sixth Cavalry, committed suicide at Fort Lowell this morning shooting himself with a carbine in the presence of the company. He was a graduate of West Point, formerly Lieutenant of the Sixth Cavalry, but compelled to resign on account of drunkenness and misconduct. The suicide is attributed to drink.

## FEMALE PUGILISTS.

### Colored Amazons Pummel Each Other for the "Lady Championship."

### Disgraceful Scenes in a Bowery Resort Last Night--Four Rounds Fought--A Big Crowd Witness the Prize Fight.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 27.—A prize-fight between women, in which all the rules and regulations of the twenty-four-foot ring were observed, took place in a Bowery resort last night. The pugilists were colored women. Bessie Williams, when down to her fighting weight, turns the beam at 290 pounds, while Josephine Greene, in her clothes, weighs 280 pounds. The husbands of both ladies are experts at the manly art, and have taught their housewives how to defend themselves otherwise than by the tongue. For some time past every effort to bring the Amazons together and settle the vexed question of superiority has been tried without success, but eventually a number of sporting men, with Billy McGlory at their head, succeeded in making a match for $20 a side, and the

COLORED LADY CHAMPIONSHIP.

Articles were signed about three weeks ago, since which time the ladies have been in active training, and when they entered the arena every muscle stood out in bold relief. There was very little difference between the belligerents, except that Mrs. Greene looked more agile and wicked. After considerable wrangling over the referee and the gloves, Billy McGlory was chosen, and small hard gloves were adopted. Amid the deafening applause of a large concourse of spectators the contestants entered the ring and eyed each other with anything but friendliness. Towels, sponges and ice-cold water were in readiness, and after a warning from McGlory against foul hits Josephine and Bessie approached each other with heads turned aside as though scorning to recognize each other, shook hands, and time was called.

Round 1. After a good deal of walking round, hunting and dodging Bessie planted a stunning blow on Josephine's left eye, leaving a large white mark, showing that the gloves had been whitened, so that the blows as delivered might be seen. The great white patch on the dark background looked so ludicrous that the multitude became almost convulsed with laughter. With terror in her glittering eye Josephine made a rush, threw her 290 pounds bodily on Bessie and planted one, two, three in double-quick time on her frontispiece, making three points almost at once. The women closed and went at it hammer and tongs, and paid no attention to time being called, while they were still pummeling each other. When they got to their corners they puffed and blowed like a school of porpoises, eyeing each other all the while with undisguised scorn.

Round 2. Bessie almost ran at her antagonist, and before she had her guard up made three more white marks on Josephine's frontispiece amid the yells of the bystanders. Then both countered heavily. After some vicious slugging Josephine broke away, and, swinging her right from the shoulder, planted it just a little below Bessie's ear and followed it up with a well-directed blow on the nasal organ with the left which made the recipient see stars. Another right-hander settled it, and 290 pounds fell to the floor all of a heap. As the rules were Marquis of Queensbury, the 290 pounds had to get on its feet without assistance, and inside of eight seconds. It was a hard struggle, but Bessie was game and she came to the scratch looking as wild as a tired bear. Some sharp hand exchanges followed, principally about the ribs, each puffing like two steam engines.

Round 3. Bessie forced the fighting at the outset. She fought, Josephine all round the ropes and into her own corner, punishing her severely. By this time both fueir faces were swollen and the ruby trickled down Josephine's chin and neck. They resembled spotted tigresses or tattooed women. They fought like demons and slugged away until they were scarcely abie to stand. The 290 pounds were telling on the 280, and it was quite evident who would win the $20 unless some unforeseen accident occurred.

Round fourth and last. Both pugilists looked worn out and staggered rather than walked toward each other. Again Bessie forced the fighting and pounded Josephine most unmercifully. There was no more science. It was hit as hit can. The white marks increased with lightning rapidity. In the middle of the round Bessie got in a right hander from the shoulder on Josephine's nasal organ and sent her to mother earth. Eight seconds passed, but all the fight in poor Josephine had been knocked out. The sponge went up from her corner in token of defeat, and Bessie was declared the victor. The prize fight was followed by a cake walk and cutting the pigeon wing.


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## AMERICAN PORK.

### The Fight Which Westphalians Make for It--An Amusing Illustration.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 27.—A Berlin letter to the Herald says: The agitation in some parts of Germany against the proposed means to be taken by the Bundesrath prohibiting the importation of American pork, is becoming amusing. Westphalia is up in arms, and in the town of Jutersloh, in that busy province, an especial committee has been formed for the purpose of selecting a deputation of good and true Westphalians to be sent to Berlin to see Prince Bismarck, and earnestly protest against any such measure as that threatened. True, it may be that the the imports of American pork may only be three per cent of the entire consumption of that article in Germany, but this falls principally upon the North, and of this three per cent, a large quantity upon the province of Westphalia, and what enters the good town of Guteraloh as pure American bacon and hams comes out again as home-fed Westphalian schinken and is sold to the German housekeeper and eaten by her family with all the pleasure which results from knowing where and from whom you buy your food. Guteraloh is, in fact, noted for its splendid Westphalian bacon, and long may the place prosper, and then who shall blame of the Westphalian bacon sellers. Do not they all do it? The English butcher will sell you, with a smiling visage, prime roast beef of old England that he knows very well came across the Atlantic, while

HIS TOUGHEST PIECES

he for a long time palmed off at a reduced price as American meat. Cheddar cheese, which is supposed to be the real thing in the old-fashioned London restaurants comes for the most part from the Western Reserve, as do the thousands of plump, rounfi Hollanders purchased in any of the many dairies of the country of dykes and canals. The Westphalian pork dealers appear to do justice to the American product, however, which was not always the case with the English butcher, and thought it only its due to give it the honor of its own good name. For this then he should be thanked and have the best wishes for success in his endeavor to stop the prohibitory measure from becoming a law.

TRICHINÆ.

It may be noted that several cases of trichinæ have been reported from Posen this week. In one case an entire family was attacked and yet the meat had been examined by an official inspector and the original animal was known to be a good "deutscher." It is probable that the Bundesrath will now hesitate before passing the law prohibiting importation, as the articles in the Weser Zietung have been largely quoted and it is clearly seen that any such measure would not be taken on hygienic grounds at all, but simply as a matter of protection for the South German farmer at the expense of the North German poor.

## A BIG SUIT.

### The Widow and Daughter of Jesse Hoyt Fight the Executors.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 27.—The petition of Helen Maria Hoyt, Jesse Hoyt's widow, and of her daughter, Mary Irene Hoyt, for an immediate allowance of $25,000 each out of the estate is before Surrogate Rollins. The daughter's affidavit says that she believes her father's estate is worth at least $10,000,000, a large part of which is in Government bonds. She supports a home of her own at an expense suitable to her position in society before her father's death. According to the provisions of the will of her father she was to have the income from $1,250,000, which, at six per cent, would be $75,000 a year. By this provision the sum of $25,000 will be due her on the 29th of this month, as one-third of a year will have then elapsed since the will was admitted to probate. A little over $2,000 has been paid to her and she has been obliged to incur debts to the extent of $8,000. She intends to contest the validity of the will and will incur great expense in the contest. She also sets forth that she was unlawfully kept

IN AN INSANE ASYLUM,

so that she could not appear when the will was offered for probate. The widow makes affidavit that she has received about $3,000, $2,000 of which went to pay for medical attendance upon her late husband, and $1,000 for ground-rent on the homestead, payments which were properly chargeable to the estate. Roscoe Conkling appears for petitioners and Wm. M. Evarts for the executors and chief legatees, Samuel Hoyt, Alfred Hoyt and James W. Jackson. The executors make affidavit that they are willing to pay such sums to the petitioners as are necessary to their suppor, t but refuse to pay $18,500 counsel fees for the petitioners. They say that the total income from the estate since the probate of the will, so far as received by them, has been a little over $24,000, of which about $6,000 has been paid to the petitioners, and the rest they are now ready to pay if the court so orders. According to Jesse Hoyt's books, he expended only $35,000 for the expenses of himself and his family for the three years preceding his death.

THE IMPRISONMENT OF MARY IRENE

in the asylum was at the request of her father and mother. Mr. Conkling said that the reason why no more than $24,000 had been received by the executors from the estate was that interest on bonds was paid in July and January. The executors said nothing about what the estate had earned. As the petition to set aside the will would shut off the income of the widow and her daughter, that was a reason why a large enough allowance should be made to bridge over the wide chasm which a contest for millions would make. The surrogate reserved his opinion.


GENTLEMEN—We have an elegant line of Patent Leather Shoes for New Year's calling.

ABER'S, 217 North Fifth street.


## AT LAST.

### Oscar Wilde Draws His Money and Prepares to Leave the Country.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 27.—Oscar Wilde visited the Madison Square bank and closed his account preparatory for his departure for Europe to-day. He drew out some $3,900. A reporter who met him there asked what foundation there was for the story that he had been swindled out of $3,000 by bunko men. He replied:

"It is one of the wonderful stories got up by you American reporters. You are really the most ingenious people in the world. I assure you there is nothing whatever in it, and I can't imagine how it started."

The paying teller of the bank was asked if Mr. Wilde had stopped any large check. He replied: "I don't think

IT WOULD BE RIGHT

for me to tell you that. Mr. Wilde has done business here, and we are bound not to disclose his private affairs." President Cryder said.

"I don't think there is anything in the story. Certainly no check has been presented here, and I have not heard that Mr. Wilde had any check stopped."

Mr. Wilde's sudden departure from the country causes considerable surprise. He has always given out that he intended to visit the far West, and afterward the Australian colonies. He has given no explanation to his friends as to the cause of his sudden change of purpose.

### Oscar Sails.

NEW YORK, December 27.—Oscar Wilde sailed for Europe to-day. Only a few friends gathered at the pier to utter farewells.

### Burned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SENECA, Mo., December 27.—The Phœnix House burned this morning. A lamp exploded. Loss $3,500.

## WASHINGTON.

### The Senate in Session--The Tariff Revised.

### Nominations--Committee Work--Capitol Gossip--Political News.

**Tariff and Taxes.**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 27.—Those who have hoped to see the internal revenue taxes materially reduced this session are becoming very much discouraged. The general feeling seems to be that the reduction of taxes ought not to be attempted in any large way at least until the tariff is thoroughly revised and the income which it is to bring determined upon. There is, too, no doubt of the determination of the Republicans to adopt a tariff at this session. With this state of affairs it appears very likely that the reduction of internal revenue will be postponed until the next session. It is possible that the House bill for this purpose now pending in the Senate may pass that body without material amendment, making a reduction of twenty-five or thirty millions a year: but the belief now finds frequent expression that no further reduction than this will take place. The whiskey men are very much disturbed by the course of the Senate in giving them an extension only on goods now in bond and charging interest, on that, too. Talking with Dr. Rush, of Chicago, former secretary of the Distillers' Association, just before he left here for the West after the holiday adjournment, your correspondent asked him what he thought of the internal revenue situation and pros ects.

"I don't think we will get much relief," he said, until the tariff question is settled, both as to the rate of tariff and the results of the change."

"What do you mean by 'the results of the change'?"

"I mean that in my opinion a material reduction of the tariff is in many cases likely to increase the receipts."

"How?"

"By causing a great increase in the amount of importations. There are some articles on which the tariff is practically prohibitory, and they thus furnish no revenue at present, because none of them are imported; but if the tariff is reduced to such figures that they can come in, they will then pay a duty, and in many cases the result will be a very material increase in the receipts."

"So you don't favor a removal of the internal revenue burdens this season?"

"I don't think many of them will be removed until the tariff is adjusted."

"How about the bill for the extension of the bonded period?"

"Well, I suppose perhaps it is the best we can do, but it is very bad for a good many in the trade?"

"Yes?"

"Yes. It must bring great losses to many, particularly to Cincinnati and New York, and would not surprise me if some of the best men in the trade should go under entirely by reason of it."

"Is there any prospect of getting anything better in the House than is offered by the Senate?"

"I fear not. I think we shall probably have to be content with about what is offered us."

**The Capitol Quiet.**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, December 27. — Washington is very quiet. Probably from fifty to seventy-five members members of the House remain here, and three-fourths of the Senators remain, yet with no Congress and no committee meetings the lobbyists find nothing to do, and they have mostly departed to spend the holidays in the bosoms of their families.

Society is not at all prolific of interesting gossip thus far. It was predicted some time since that the season would be a very busy one in the society world, but the developments thus far have not justified the prediction. That there is plenty of material here is beyond doubt, but now that Congress has taken such a working mood the members are quite busy, as are also the departments, for which Congress makes much extra work. Then there are many of those not reelected who don't feel especially cheerful, and are not much inclined to get out into the social world. A paragraph published in a local paper here shows the wealth of material which the social world here has. The paragraph gives an account of a weekly meeting of a "literary society," held at the residence of Justice Drake. Among the names mentioned as in attendance upon this "literary" are: Justice Stanley Matthews, of the Supreme Court; Prof. Graham Bell, of telephone fame; Chief Justice Waite, of the Supreme Court, Mrs. Chief-Justice Waite, Mrs. Justice Field, Comptroller Knox, of the Treasury, the daughter of Justice Miller, of the Supreme Court, Col. Irish, the head of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving, Judge Ferris, Mrs. Dahlgreen, Prof. Gallaudet, of the National College for Deaf Mutes, and Col. Garrick Mallory. If a "Literary" can furnish such names at its weekly meetings, we may conclude that Washington is not at a loss for material for society even in the dull season.

**A New Candidate.**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, December 27.—Quite a sensation was caused by a movement to-day that General Steedman, of Ohio, is a candidate for Sergeant at Arms of the House. The fact is announced by Steedman and a number of friends who had been in consultation over the matter some time, and only last night arrived at the determination to make the step. Steedman in consultation to-day says he believes he will receive the support of the majority of the Ohio delegation as against Thompson and have a large following from the Valley of the Ohio and Mississippi. The announcement creates considerable consternation among the friends of Thompson, who did not expect much opposition in the same State.

**The Line and the Staff.**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, December 27.—Secretary Chandler has appointed a board, composed of four or five able officials, to revise the new regulations recently prepared for the Navy. They have a very serious duty on their hands, which is nothing less than that of umpire between the line and the staff of the Navy. The line has of late, become impressed with the belief that the staff has altogether too much to do with the management of the Navy, and the staff is equally confident that the line ought not to have as large a finger in the pie as it has heretofore had. The result is a bitter quarrel between line and staff. On the "make up" of the new regulations depends the future management of the Navy, as relates to this stupendous question, and the work of this board will be looked for with great interest by the Navy.

**The Mississippi.**

WASHINGTON, December 27.—When the Mississippi River Committee reassembles Capt. Cowden will be first heard, followed by members of the Mississippi River Commission and steamboat men from the lower Mississippi. The committee expect to report about the first of February.

**Soldiers' Land.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 27.—A hearing was had to-day before Secretary Teller, on application for a patent to certain entries made by soldiers of the revolutionary war, the heirs or assignees of land in the Virginia military land, the District of Ohio. The district embraces a large block of land between the Little Miami and Scioto rivers, beside odd tracts in other portions of the State. No decision.

**The Star Route Trial.**

WASHINGTON, December 27.—The sick juror was in attendance in the Star Route case. Testimony was resumed as to the methods of doing Star Route business in the Post-office Department.

IN THE DICKSON CASE,

Brown, a colored juror of the Star Route case confirmed the testimony heretofore given as to the occurrenced in the jury-room. Dryier repated, substantially, the whole of the conversation between Dickson and Bowen, as testified to by the latter.

**Appropriation Bills.**

WASHINGTON, December 27.—Sub-committees of the House Appropriation Committee are at work on several bills and will report early in January.

### FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

**Senate.**

WASHINGTON, December 27.—Forty-three Senators, five more than a quorum, are in their seats this morning. Several petitions were presented for the passage of a bill to increase the pensions of one-armed and one-legged soldiers and respecting the repeal or reduction of the tobacco tax, and the allowance of a rebate on the tax paid on stocks on hand.

Senator Miller, of Colorado, introduced a bill to increase the fees of witnesses in the United States courts.

Senator Hoar offered a resolution instructing the Postmaster-General to submit a statement showing the annual expenditures to steamship companies for carrying foreign mails since 1840. Adopted.

Senator Jones, of Florida, offered a resolution requesting the opinion of the President as to whether allowances made for property destroyed by the American Army in 1812 and 1813 were reasonable and just, and if, in his opinion, the last clause of the treaty of 1819 between the United States and Spain had been fully executed. Tabled, to be called up at an early day.

Senator Call submitted a resolution, which was adopted, calling on the Secretary of the Interior for the number of contested homestead entries pending, and if legislation is required to expedite decisions in such cases.

At the close of the morning hour consideration of Mr. Pendleton's Civil Service bill was resumed, the question being on Senator Hawley's amendment prohibiting the solicitation or collection of local contributions by officers of the Government from other Government officers or employes.

**House.**

WASHINGTON, December 27.—The House was called to order by Speaker Keifer, but there was not a quorum present. After several private bills passed, Mr. Rice (Missouri) objected to further proceedings by unanimous consent.

Without transacting any further business of importance, the House, just before 1 o'clock, adjourned until Saturday.

## FOREIGN.

**Austro-Hungary.**

VIENNA, December 27.—The entire population is preparing to celebrate the six hundredth anniversary of the founding of the house of Hapsburg. The Emperor, Empress and Crown Prince arrived this morning and will receive numerous deputations and addresses from prominent Austrian corporations.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

VIENNA, December 27.—Reports received from all parts of the empire show the six hundredth anniversary of the House of Hapsburg is being celebrated with the greatest enthusiasm.

**Italy.**

ROME, December 27.—England proposed to accredit a diplomatic resident to the Vatican on the same footing as a representative at Prussia. The Pope has acquiesced in the proposition.

THE OATH BILL.

ROME, December 27.—The Central Bureau of the Senate reported unanimously in favor of the Parliamentary oath bill.

**Iceland.**

LONDON, December 27.—The Acting Governor of Iceland, the Bishops and other persons of note, in a communication to the Times, say, notwithstanding the large donations received, there must be great distress from want of food in Iceland during the winter.

**Russia.**

ST. PETERSBURG, December 27.—Russia and the Pope have adopted a modus vivendi one of the first results of which will be that the Pope will reappoint Catholic bishops in Poland.

**France.**

PARIS, December 27.—The Government has introduced into the Chambers a credit of 1,275,000 francs for the De Brazos expedition.

**Germany.**

BERLIN, December 27.—The Emperor has recovered his usual health.

## BREWSTER AND WOODFORD.

### Curious Reason of the Reported Quarrel Between Them.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 27.—District Attorney Woodford says that there had been no quarrel between Attorney-General Brewster and himself, and that he knows nothing of any movement for his removal from office. Nevertheless it is said among the Federal officials that there is not the most cordial feeling between the Attorney-General and Mr. Woodford. Mr. Brewster recently wrote a letter declining an invitation to be present at the New England dinner. This was addressed to Mr. Woodford, who had charge of the arrangements for the dinner, and was enclosed in an official envelope, having on the outside the notice that any one using the envelope for private business was subject to a penalty of $300. The District Attorney is said to have alluded to this misuse of the official envelope in a subsequent communication to the Attorney-General, and this allusion is reported to have called forth a sharp reply from Mr. Brewster.

**Killed by a Train.**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SALEM, ILL., December 27.—Coroner Lakin was informed last evening that his services were required at Odin junction of the Ohio and Mississippi and Illinois Central Railroads, to hold an inquest on the remains of an unknown man, found near the track of the Illinois Central Railroad. He is supposed to have been killed by a passing train, as his skull is crushed. The inquest is now being held.

**Incendiary Work.**

LANCASTER, PA., December 27.—The large barn of John R. McGovern, just outside the city limits, was burned last night by an incendiary, together with the season's crop of tobacco. Loss $12,000; insured.

## ANOTHER APOSTLE.

### "Prof." Wilson Enters on a Three Days' Trance With Great Promises.

### A Man Who is to Reform Religion and Society --He Will Fast Three Days and Nights as a Proof of His Mission--A Curious Scene in a Pine Street Boarding-House To-Day.

A tall, auburn-bearded man, with no pretensions to being well-dressed, called in at the POST-DISPATCH office late yesterday afternoon, and left a notice to the effect that Prof. Wilson would go into a trance at No. 1119 Pine street to-day, in which state the Professor would remain for three days and nights. The curtain was to rise on this phenomenon at 10 a. m. During the three days and nights, Wilson was neither to eat nor drink. Life was to be almost entirely suspended, and in fact the Professor was liable to be mistaken for a corpse if he should fall into the hands of anybody who did not exactly know what he was doing. Shortly after the hour announced this morning a POST-DISPATCH reporter rang the bell at No. 1119 Pine street, and the door was opened by an old man, who was in his shirt sleeves and had a very prominent cut on his forehead.

"I want to get to the trance medium."

"What?"

"I want to see the man who is going to do without food or drink for three days. He is here, is he not?"

"Well, there are two men up stairs who have just come. I don't know what they are doing, but I do know that the room is not fixed up yet. You can go up if you want to. Front room, second story, just over the parlor."

The reporter went up and found two men and a rather handsome girl, the latter being engaged in arranging a bed, which had been slept in over night. She had nothing to do with the trance performance, however, and seemed to look upon all concerned with it, including the reporter, with some slight disgust. While the bed was being arranged, the reporter introduced himself. The two gentlemen were Mr. Kennedy, the agent of Professor Wilson, and the Professor himself. The latter was a medium-sized, slenderly built man, whose dress showed that he had never incurred any large tailors' bills. He was cleanly but poorly clad, and looked pale and weak, although he stated that he was in perfect health. A short mustache, a full beard three or four inches in length, and a high and rather intellectual forehead were his principal characteristics, supplemented with a white shirt, a collar that didn't fit him and under which appeared no necktie, a long black, rusty coat, vest of a different color, a pair of pantaloons which matched neither of the garments just mentioned and a pair of shoes pretty well run down at the heels.

The Professor seemed a trifle prepossessed, but received the visitor in a polite manner, although with traces of wariness.

"When does this trance begin?"

"To-day, sir," said the Professor. "Right away—at least, pretty soon."

"But the gentleman is in a hurry," suggested Agent Kennedy, alluding to the reporter, and evidently desiring to rush things as much as possible.

"I know," said the Professor; "but we must await the proper time. The controlling power will do as it wishes, you know. Besides, Mr. Tuckett and other gentlemen promised to be here. We can not commence until they come."

"What is the object of this trance?"

"The power which controls me has ordered it. That is all I know. Twelve years ago I was a watchmaker at Macomb, Illinois. At that time this controlling power took me away from my business and gave me to understand that another business would be found for me in proper time. Well, then, I have lost all self. I am controlled and act as I am moved to do."

"What is this power?" asked the reporter, rather amazed by the earnest way in which this very remarkable statement was made.

"I don't know. I call it my Creator. It does with me what it wills. Since the time I have told you I have not been allowed to accumulate anything by work. I have been permitted to earn only enough to support myself."

"You are a spiritualist?"

"No, I am away beyond spiritualists in this way. They believe in different and individual controlling spirits, any of which may control a man. I believe in one great controlling power. I know it, because I have felt it for the last twelve years.

"Like the Indian doctrine," said Agent Kennedy knowingly, "the Great Spirit, you know," and he nodded to the reporter.

"What does the power propose to do with you?"

"To unfold through me a doctrine which will supplant all the existing religions and all the present rules and regulations of society. All these old methods are rotten to the core. This is the head. I am the agent selected, just as Christ was an agent, or Mohammed."

"Then you have a mission to bring light to the world?"

"Yes, and this trance is to bring my teachings to the world's notice. The controlling power seems to tell me that wonderful things will happen."

"Have you any followers or disciples?"

"No, I am all alone. I stand by myself in the whole world, with only this power to sustain me. I am not a spiritualist. I am a spiritual man."

The dialogue was further continued at much length, until the door opened and in came Mr. Wm. Burruss, a well known attendant at the Liberal League, who was soon followed by Mr. Charles Tuckett, the lecturer and spiritualist who often appears before the League. Each inquired if there had been any manifestations and was answered in the negative. Mr. Tuckett was detailing some of his experiences in the spiritualistic line, when the old man in his shirt-sleeves, who had answered the reporter's rap, tapped at the door and put in his head. Prof. Wilson went out into the hall with him, came in again and whispered to Agent Kennedy, who went out to see the old gentleman. Kennedy came in very quickly, and he and Wilson whispered and went out again together. In a moment Kennedy stepped inside and said, "Will you two gentlemen step this way?" pointing to Tuckett and Burruss. They did, and soon after they returned Mr. Tuckett said:

"That's all right. I'll be accountable for whatever rent is incurred here. I told him to make out the bill and send it down to me, whatever it was, whether it was for three, four or five days."

"Then an elderly gentleman came in, who was introduced by Agent Kennedy as Capt. A. L. Tyler, the former saying emphatically, "I'll vouch for Capt. Tyler."

The Professor turned down the covering from the pillows, sat down on the edge of the bed and took off his shoes.

"Is it coming on?" said Mr. Tuckett.

"Yes, slowly."

"Does conversation interfere with your control?"

"No, go on."

"I want to say that we will have to fix the details," said Mr. Kennedy. "In the trance he should not move, should he?"

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Tuckett; "he might walk all over town."

"And eat and drink, too?"

"No; if he has agreed to remain motionless and neither to eat or drink, then, if he does these things, he breaks the conditions?" said Mr. Tuckett.

"Oh," said Mr. Kennedy, apparently very much relieved. "Now we will have watchers, and I propose that editors and newspaper men have free access to the trance and the room, as well as doctors and scientists. All others should pay something."

This was agreed to, and ten cents was fixed upon as a fair rate of admission.

"You and Capt. Tyler and Prof. Wilson can divide between you whatever you get," said Tuckett, addressing Kennedy. "I'm responsible for the room-rent. If there is anything in this thing I want to find it out."

Wilson then arose and undressed himself, revealing in the process that the power which controlled him had left him almost destitute of proper winter underclothing. He crept into bed and covered himself, lying on his back with his arms outside the covering and folded across his breast. Mr. Tuckett gave it as his opinion that the soul would be taken from his body, while the magnetic cord which connects soul and body would not be cut. Wilson would probably become stiff and rigid as a corpse. In the meantime the professor fell into what looked like a sleep. His chest heaved violently at first, then became almost unnoticeable. At one time Mr. Tuckett announced that his heart had ceased to beat, but the reporter took an observation, found the cardiac apparatus thumping away in a very healthy manner, and informed Mr. Tuckett, who acknowledged his mistake. Questions were put to the sleeper, but he failed to answer. When the reporter left, after a three hours' stay, Wilson looked like anything but an apostle who was going to bring on the great revolution he talked about. He had been lying for about an hour in the center of the bed, apparently sleeping. The room was an ordinary one. On one side of the head of the bed was a picture of George Washington, and on the other that of Martha Washington. There was little other ornament in the room. Messrs. Tuckett, Burruss, Kennedy and Tyler announced that they would keep watches and Mr. Tuckett was simply waiting as an investigator. He said nothing either way, except that it might be twenty-four hours before the Professor would be thoroughly into the trance.

It is Wilson's intention, as announced by Mr. Kennedy, to follow up this trance with a fasting trance, to last forty days.

## ABOUT TOWN.

ALL the National Turf Exchange lottery cases were continued in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning.

THE police report Mrs. Gruber and family of small children, residing at 713 S. Third street, in very destitute circumstances and well worthy of the attention of those charitably inclined.

THE Probate Court to-day is hearing claims of the estate of Leon Boucher. The administrator of the Disilet estate claims moneys alleged to have been collected by the late Leon Boucher, for which no credit was given the Desilet estate.

THE Strauss Millinery Company, the Schwab Clothing Company, Goodbar, White & Co., formerly of Memphis, dealers in hats and caps, and probably Tennant, Walker & Co., will move into the imposing block of stores erected at Eighth and Washington avenue, on the site of the old Methodist Church.

MR. C. W. HERBERT, of the Forest Park Restaurant, is carrying with considerable pride now an elegant chronometer, which was presented by a few of his friends on Christmas evening. The ceremony of presentation took place in the Forest Park Restaurant and there was an abundance of congratulatory speeches and no end of refreshments.

THE Catholic Orphan Board has sued out a writ of habeas corpus before the Supreme Court, seeking to obtain the custody of Chas. B. Clements, the interesting little boy adopted by Dr. Rutledge. It will be remembered that the proceedings in the name of the child's mother before Judge Thompson, of the Court of Appeals, last summer resulted in favor of the doctor.

THE Insurance companies have paid the loss sustained by Ely, Walker & Co., but owing to the miscellaneous nature of the stock, they will be obliged to take time to adjust the Haggerty loss. The building lately occupied by Haggerty will not be rebuilt for six months as yet. H. Westerman & Co., china and queensware dealers, and W. C. Ganse & Son, boots and shoes, will move next week into the rebuilt Leathe building on Washington avenue opposite the Lindell hotel.

A HOLIDAY entertainment and hop was given by the Acme Dramatic Club, at 1809 Biddie street, last evening. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Craft, Mr. and Mrs Stolle, Mr. and Mrs. Trorlicht, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Stolle, Misses Craft, Walker, B. and T. Kearney, E. J. H. and B. Stolle, L. and A. Trorlicht, M. and N. Mullaney, L. and J. Seals, Reid, Hope, King, Hogan, A. Kearney, Mrs. Steele (wife of Major Jno. J. Steele, of Frankford, Mo.,) Messrs, Craft, Elle, C. A. and F Kessling, Prof. Nell, Voepel, O. Meara, Rogers, Riely, Mullaly, Lynch, Chapline, Whitelaw, Dockery, Wm. Craft, Kearney, Mertin, Nevil and many others.

## CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Wm. Barr, of the Wm. Barr Dry Goods Company, accompanied by his wife, will be at the Lindell Hotel early next week, on his annual visit to St. Louis.

Morris E. Ward, of Chicago, Western manager of the Allen Paper Car Wheel Company, arrived in the city this morning. He will stay for a few days looking after business matters connected with the company's interests in this part of the country.

**Destroyed by Fire.**

FAIRFIELD, ME., December 27.—The main buildings of the Somerset Fibre Company burned this morning. A huge digestor, heated by flames, exploded, throwing the machine in all directions. John Pooler was killed by the falling iron pipe. The buildings and machinery were entirely new. Loss $55,000; insured.

**Mother and Daughter Drowned.**

SYRACUSE, N. Y., December 27.—Ann O'Brien fell into a cistern, while drawing a pail of water. Her mother went to her rescue, lost her footing and fell in. Both were drowned. The father discovered the dead bodies when he returned from work in the evening.

**Mills Shut Down.**

CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA, December 27.—In consequence of the high price of oats the three oat mills owned by Douglas, Stuart & Forest, located in this city, Chicago and Oregon, Ill., using in the aggregate 20,000 bushels of oats per day, will be shut down till the market assumes a more favorable aspect.

**A Big Blaze.**

MACON, GA., December 27.—English and Hueguenin's warehouse, containing 2,236 bales of cotton and a large amount of guano, burned early this morning. The grocery of Henry & Sherwood was also consumed. Loss $110,050. Insurance $85,000.

**Wage Reduction.**

CLEVELAND, O., December 27.—The operators of the Massillon District coal mines have agreed to reduce the price of mining from ninety-five to eighty-five cents a ton and appointed a committee to confer with the miners.

**Black Ballots.**

NEW HAVEN, CONN., December 27.—Chief Justice Park decided that the black ballots used by the Democrats in the city election are illegal and void. This decision gives the entire municipal government to the Republicans.


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## Fashionable Novelties in Fine Millinery!

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Ladies' Extra Fine Vests, 50 cents.
Misses' Fine Cashmere Hose, 20 cents a pair.

JUST RECEIVED

A full line of Kid Gloves in all shades.

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LEADING MILLINERY HOUSE IN ST. LOUIS,

825 and 827 North Sixth Street.


## THE TUG OF WAR.

### Creek Meeting Creek Over the Old Issues of the Rebellion.

Among the names registered at the Laclede Hotel, are those of G. R. Davies, of Wiewaka, and N. B. Jones, of Okunelkee, Indian Territory. Mr. Davies is an American gentleman, one of the commercial pioneers of the territory which was for so many years sealed against the emigrant, whose clamor for admission finally became too loud and persistent to be unheeded. At Wiewaka, which is about thirty-five miles west of Okmulkee, the capital of the territory, he keeps a general store, where he has such daily intercourse with both the red and white residents as has made him thoroughly familiar with the questions which most deeply interest them. His companion, Mr. Jones, is a member of the Creek Nation and a handsome and very prepossessing specimen of the Indian, who has profited by the assumption of the clothes and customs of modern civilization. Nearly six feet tall and straight as an arrow, his figure, clad in a neat business suit and overcoat, is very presentable, while the clear cut features of pure Caucasian cast, lighting with interest in the passing conversation, make up a face that beams with intelligence and is very little short of being positively handsome.

"What has brought you gentlemen to town?" the reporter asked of Mr. Davis, who replied:

"We left in anticipation of the troubles in the Creek nation, accounts of which have since been published in the St. Louis papers. Mr. Jones owns considerable property in the Nation, and for the protection of that and of his family we decided that he had better move out of the country until the fuss was over."

"Isn't that rather a funny way to protect one's property?"

"Not in this case. If Mr. Jones had stayed in the Territory he would have been obliged to take part in the controversy, and as he owns several hundred head of cattle, a farm and a family, and his neutrality would insure their safety, he decided to absent himself from the scene of conflict until the trouble was over."

"What is the nature of the differences which have split up the Creek nation?"

"It's the old war question—North and South. During the rebellion part of the Creeks espoused the Northern, the remainder supported the Southern cause. After the war the nation was reunited, but the political question has existed ever since and has been a constant cause of quarrel."

"Do you mean to tell me that a mere sentimental question is at the bottom of the present trouble?"

"I do. The deepest feeling has existed upon this subject ever since the war, and the Nation has been divided into two parties which have been constantly struggling for the supremacy. They are the Constitution party, under Chief Chicopee, which is composed of the Southern sympathizers, and and the Loyal party under Chief Spiochee, who represent the Northern sentiment. At all their elections each of these parties strives to secure the Government, but the Southerners have the range, they numbering 700 to the Northerners' 400."

"Are the elections conducted squarely?"

"Yes, sir; there is no ballot-box stuffing there; the noses are counted every time."

"Has there been no previous attempt made to harmonize the parties?"

"Not by the Government hitherto, but now that I see Col. Tufts has interfered, which he promised me last Friday he intended to do, I believe the trouble is at an end. They respect the Government's authority more than anything else."

"Do the members of the different parties live apart?"

"No; their homes intermingle, and this, of course, aggravates the trouble. At a moment's notice, however, the houses will empty and the parties will organize separately. They all possess arms of some kind, from a double-barreled shotgun to a Winchester repeating rifle, and, as they are dead shots and as brave as lions, there would be great carnage should a pitched battle ever take place between them. Mr. Jones, here, belongs to the Constitution party—the one which retains its Southern sympathies and which rules by virtue of its majority, and he is one of several influential men who would like to see the issue laid aside forever, as there is nothing in it but mere sentiment. I believe myself that now that the United States has taken a hand in the matter, permanent harmony in the Creek Nation will shortly be assured."

## LOTTERY OR NO LOTTERY.

### Arguments in the Importers' Tea Company Case.

This afternoon the argument in the cases of the Importers' Tea Company, the managers of which were charged with setting up a lottery, were made in the Const of Criminal Correction. City Counsellor Bell contended that the enterprise came under the lottery law and read some decisions wherein the question of chance was treated, but in all these numbers and tickets were used. The defense maintained that the same points raised by Mr. Bell were introduced in cases against the Tea Company in six States and in every instance the company was successful. In Washington, Detroit, Chicago, St. Paul, New York, in fifty other cities in the Union, the company had established houses and never in any of these had the managers been convicted of a charge of lottery. After sixty days they propose opening a regular tea house here and dispense with his presentation of souvenirs. The State conceded that the tea and coffee was worth the money paid, as proved by experts yesterday, and the defense claimed that they were acting no more in violation of the law than any other business-house giving souvenirs. The case was taken under advisement until to-morrow. The state made as strong a case as was possible with the material at hand, but the defense offered voluminous testimony and convincing arguments that they were not managing a lottery or violating the law.

**The Judicial Conference.**

Judge Barclay was chosen secretary of the Judicial Conference to-day. It was called to order by Judge Thomas and Judge Burckhardt was called to the chair. After an able address from the president several suggestions relative to omissions, uncertainties and incongruities in the statutory law were made by the judges present. These were referred to a committee for examination and report, composed of Judges Thomas, Adams, Fox, Black and Burckhardt. There was a general discussion on the subject of the relative status of court, counsel and witness in the trial of a cause. The conference resumed labors this afternoon.

NEW YEAR'S callers can find the handsomest line of English Enameled and Patent Leather Shoes in the city at ABERS, 217 N. Fifth street.

**Wednesday's Weddings.**

The following marriage licenses were granted to-day: Frederick Pfaff and Katharina M. Thumbert; Geo. Wacker and Annie Fohr; John E. Wiedmann and Maggie Lodes; John J. White and Clara B. Forbes; John Armstrong and Sophia A. Diedrich.

PARTIES desiring an elegantly served supper for balls, parties, marriages and all festive occasions at a reasonable charge should not fail to consult L. Mohr, 1424 Chouteau avenue, caterer. All desiring delicious New Year cakes and fine confections can find a large assortment of the most choice kinds at confectionery 1424 Chouteau avenue.

**New Warrants.**

The warrants returned into the Court of Criminal Correction to-day for docketing were as follows: James Mahone, assault to kill; Wm. Cheatham, assault to kill; Albert Hess, abandoning his wife; John Campbell, petit larceny; Chas. Burns, petit larceny; Chas. Claffey and Phil. McGrath, petit larceny.


**Headache Cured.**

I will guarantee to cure any kind of headache in ten minutes. 414 North Seventh street. P. D. Cordell.


**Donnelly Libel Case.**

The case of Mary Donnelly, who is charged with libeling Rev. Father Gleason, was docketed in the Court of Criminal Correction this afternoon.

## RAILROAD NOTES.

The Iron Mountain brought in 2,573 bales of cotton yesterday; the Missouri Pacific 728.

J. S. Parker, assistant passenger agent of the L. & N. at Cincinnati, is in town to-day.

J. C Stevens, traveling agent of the Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway, is in the city to-day.

A. C. Goodrich, Western passenger agent of the O. & M., at Kansas City, came in this morning.

Harry Ives, traveling freight agent of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern came in this morning.

G. D. Bacon, Western agent of the O. & M., returned last night from his Christmas visit to friends in Chillicothe, O.

J. M. Chisbrough, general ticket agent of the Vandalia, left for Rochester, Y. N., last night to be present at the wedding of his sister at that place to-morrow.

Ben Dawson, who for some years has been train dispatcher for the St. Louis and Cairo Railroad, resigns his position January 1 to accept the position of ticket agent and operator at Chester, Ill., for the St. Louis Coal Railroad.

Harry Pomeroy, Assistant Transfer Clerk of the Railway Mail Service, got a 20 days' furlough last week to go ostensibly on a hunting trip to Oskaloosa, Iowa, and did not forget to take along the necessary hunting equipments either, but it has leaked out that the objective game was a fair Iowa maiden, and Harry will return to St. Louis in a few weeks a married man. His many friends wish him much happiness and prosperity.

Mr. H M. Hoxie, third vice-president and traffic manager of the Southwestern system and his private secretary went to Chicago last night in their private car to attend the several meetings of Western railroad officials adjourned over from last week because of the absence in New York of Messrs. Roxie, Olds and Hayes. H. C. Townsend, J. C. Gault and several other Wabash officials are also in Chicago to-day on the same missiou. They will be joined in Chicago by General Freight Agent Oids, who has been spending Christmas at his old home in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, the entire party returning to this city Friday morning.

**Shot His Wife.**

PITTSBURG, PA., December 27.—This morning, at 1 o'clock, James Clark shot and killed his wife in a Sixth avenue bagnio. Clark is a member of a well known family, and his wife has for years borne a bad reputation.

**ADD TO YOUR INCOME**

Club 13 of the Mutual Investment Clubs offers the surest means of making regular monthly profits from investments of $10 to $1000 or more dealing in **GRAIN, PROVISIONS & STOCKS**

Each member gets the benefit of combined capital of the Club. Reports sent weekly. Dividends paid monthly. Club 13 paid shareholders back their money in profits in past three months, still leaving original amount making money in Club, or returned on demand. Shares, $10 each. Explanatory circulars sent free. Reliable correspondents wanted everywhere. Address R. E. KENDALL & Co., Com'n Mchts., 177 & 179 La Salle St., CHICAGO, ILL.

**FOR SALE.**

$25,000 HENRY CO. SIXES.
$10,000 BENTON CO. SIXES.
$15,000 CITY OF LOUISIANA SIXES.
$15,000 LAFAYETTE CO. (Davis Tp.) SIXES.
$25,000 LAFAYETTE Co. (Freedom T.) SIXES.
Also a good line of other first-class Bonds and Stocks. For particulars, call or address
WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
213 North Third st., St. Louis.


## MONEY.

### Wall Street News.

NEW YORK, December 27, 11 A. M.—Wheat ⅛@¼ better; firm but quiet. The stock market opened irregular, but in the main ⅛@1 lower, the latter Nashville and Chattanooga. Immediately after the opening an advance of ⅛@1 took place, led by Denver. This was followed by a reaction of ⅛@⅝, after which there was another advance of ⅛@⅝, in which Denver and Lackawanna were the most conspicuous.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street.

U. S. BONDS.

| | When due. | Interest payable. | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6's of 1881 | 1881 | M. A. N. & F | 102½ | 103¼ |
| 4½ per cent bonds | 1891 | J. S. D. & M. | 112¾ | 113¼ |
| 4 per cent bonds | 1907 | J. & J. & O. | 115¾ | 120⅜ |

STATE BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mo. 6's | 1892 | Jan. & July | 101½ | 102 |
| Mo. 6's | 1886-87 | Jan. & July | 108 | |
| Mo. 6's | 1888-89 | Jan. & July | 110¾ | |
| Mo. 6's | 1894 | Jan. & July | 120 | |
| Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and 1876 | 1895-96 | Jan. & July | 100 | |
| Mo. 5-20's of 1877 | 1887 | Jan. & July | 100 | |

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| City s's, gold | 1883-94 | Various. | 112 | 113 |
| City 6's, gold | 1898 | May & Nov. | 115¾ | 117 |
| City 6's, currency | 1886-87 | Various. | 106¾ | 107¾ |
| City water 6's | 1887 | June & Dec 28 | 108¾ | 109¾ |
| City water 6's | 1890 | June & Dec 28 | 108¾ | 110¾ |
| City 6's, gold | 1892 | April & Oct. | 112 | 113½ |
| City 5's, gold | 1900 | Jan. & July | 106⅜ | 106¾ |
| County 6's, gold | 1895-96 | Jan. & July | 113 | 114 |
| County Park | 1893 | Jan. & July | 119 | 121 |
| County 7's, currency | 1885 | Jan. & July | 104½ | 106½ |

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mo. Pac. 1st m 6's | 1888 | Feb. & Aug. | 106 | * |
| Mo. Pac. 2d m 7's | 1891 | Jan. & July | 114 | * |
| N. Mo. 1st m 7's | 1895 | Jan. & July | 121 | 122 |
| S. F. 1st m 6's | 1895 | Feb. & Aug. | 110 | 112 |
| S. F. 1st m 6's | 1896 | June & Dec. | 108 | 110 |
| S. F. D. Ex. 7's | 1899 | May & Nov. | 107 | 109 |
| S. F. Consols | 1919 | May & Nov. | 100 | 101 |
| St. L. & I. M. 1st 7's | 1892 | Feb. & Aug. | 118 | 117 |

LAND WARRANTS.

| | | Buy-ing. | Sell-ing. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Land warrants, | 160 acres | $185 | |
| Land warrants, | 120 acres | 135 | |
| Land warrants, | 80 acres | 90 | |
| Land warrants, | 40 acres | 44 | |
| Clearings to-day | | $3,131,481 | |
| Balances to-day | | 941,143 | |

**Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.**

NEW YORK, December 27.—Money 6, Prime mercantile paper 6@8. Bar silver 109¼. Exchange steady, 81 long, 85 sight. Governments dull, 4s coupon ¼ lower. States neglected. Railroads steady. Stocks dull and ½@1 lower for Lackawanna and Denver. 5s extended 103½; 4½s 113; 4s 120¾; 3s 103½; Pacific 6s '95, 128.

D. A. FOSTER, Jr. W. H. BARNETT.

**FOSTER & CO.,**
**COTTON GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.**
Contracts for "Future Delivery" promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago. 322 Pine Street, Room 11.

**R. H. SHOTWELL & CO.,**
**COTTON FACTORS**
And General Commission Brokers.
Orders promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago.
OFFICE: 216 South Main St., St. Louis.

## COMMERCE.

**Stocks of Grain in St Louis Elevators.**

| | Wheat. | Corn | Oats. | Rye. | Barley. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| To-day | 662,053 | 840,372 | 109,482 | 21,100 | 32,843 |
| Yesterday | 622,462 | 904,336 | 109,429 | 24,100 | 34,688 |
| Dec. 28, 1881 | 770,208 | 838,703 | 124,137 | 90,521 | 73,001 |

**Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.**
FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING YESTERDAY.

| | City. | R. R. | River. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 11,225 | 5,761 | | 20,986 |
| Corn | 6,100 | 61,873 | | 67,973 |
| Oats | 9,938 | 29,099 | 3,129 | 38,166 |
| Rye | | | | |
| Barley | 2,921 | | | 2,921 |

**Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.**

| | Receipts. | | Shipments. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Wheat. | Corn. | Wheat. | Corn. |
| At Louis | 29,504 | 52,000 | 8,761 | 61,873 |
| Chicago | 80,974 | 259,387 | 81,029 | 228,400 |
| Milwaukee | 117,649 | 10 000 | 3,575 | 10,000 |
| Baltimore | 38,000 | 166,000 | 33,000 | 25,000 |
| Toledo | 62,041 | 45,512 | 28,221 | 16,000 |
| New York | 36,000 | 100,150 | 121,150 | 8,200 |

Chicago Inspections—147 cars spring wheat, 63 cars winter wheat, 735 cars corn, 346 cars oats, 21 cars rye, 37 cars barley.

### Oil Market.

PITTSBURG, PA., December 27.—The session of the Oil Exchange this morning was quiet. Very little was done and fluctuations were confined within the limit of one cent. Opening sales were made at and at noon the highest price of the session was reached, when was bid.

### Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS.—Wheat—2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean; 42 cars No. 2 red winter; 13 cars No. 3 do; 4 cars No. 4; 12 cars rejected; 3 cars no grade, total 77 cars.

Corn—26 cars new mixed; 11 cars new white mixed; 1 car rejected do; 59 cars No. 2 mixed; 1 car rejected; 1 car no grade; total 99 cars.

Oats—13 cars No. 2.

Barley—1 car No. 3 spring

Rye—3 cars No. 2.

Total in, 193 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS.—Wheat—5 cars No. 2 Mediterranean; 21 cars No. 2 red winter; 3 cars No. 3 do; 2 cars rejected; total 31 cars.

Corn—38 cars new-mixed; 95 cars No. 2 mixed; 1 car rejected; total 134 cars.

Oats—46 cars No. 2.

Barley—None.

Rye—None.

Total out, 205 cars.

### The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 4,016 brls. Market steady and movement fair under a moderately active demand. Values quotably unchanged, but showing more firmness. Extra fancy $4 85@5 00; fancy $4 60@4 70; choice $4 40@4 50; family $3 80@3 90; XXX $3 35@4 45; XXXX $2 90@3 00; X $2 80@2 85; superfine $2 70@2 75; fine $2 50@2 65; favorite brands 20c higher; patents $5 20@6.

Buckwheat Flour—New York jobs $7 25@7 75; Wisconsin $6 75@7.

Cornmeal—Very dull and nothing of any consequence doing. Prices weak at $2 35@2 40 on orders delivered; grits, pearl meal and hominy at $2 50@3 75.

Rye Flour—Quiet but unchanged at 3 75@4.

Wheat—Receipts 1,153 sks. 26,900 bu. A strong tone was observable in the cash market and the tendency was stiffly upward. Advances being established in grades, save No. 3 red, and that was steady. There was a first-rate shipping demand, most of the No. 2 red going to exporters and some of the lower qualities on orders. The near-by futures were well sustained, year naturally advancing with cash and January losing but little, but other options weakened off on declines elsewhere. No. 2 red cash 95¾@95⅞; regular, 95⅞@96 E. side; year 96¼; January 96¼ to 96⅝, closing 96⅝; February 98¼ to 98; March 99¾@99⅝; April $1 00¾ bid; May $1 02¼ to $1 02⅝; No. 3 red 91¼ regular; No. 4 83¼ in St. L. and E. side, 84 in C.; reflected 76 East and 78 this side; No. 2 Mediterranean 97 this and 98 E. side; No. 3 90 91¼ bid for C.

Corn—Receipts —— sks, 83,000 bu. The future market was irregular and unsettled, with a weak feeling most the time, but some particularly observable in January and February, while May held up comparatively well under a steady demand and closed the same as yesterday's latest sale, while year had sellers at ⅛c decline, January was ⅜@⅝c lower and February ⅝c lower. Grades showed little change in value, and then generally it was for the better, as in white-mixed and no grade, No. 2 mixed alone easing off slightly. The shipping demand was good for all, and there was also a short demand for No. 2 mixed. No. 2 mixed cash 44⅜@44⅝ regular, 45⅝ E. side; year 45¼@45; Jan. 45¾@45⅝; Feb. 46⅝@46⅞; March 46⅛ bid; April 47⅛ bid; May 48⅝@45⅞; No. 2 white mixed 46 bid regular, 46¾ for C.; new do 44½@44⅝ in C. and St. L., 43⅝ bid E. side; rejected do 42⅝ bid E. side and 43 for St. L.; new mixed 43⅝ this, 44⅛@44 E. side; rejected 43 in C.; No-grade 41 this side, 41⅝ bid in E.

Oats—Receipts 180 sks, 2,700 bu.; there was a sharp reaction and advance in cash No. 2, an urgent order and feeding demand coupled with a speculative inqury, running it up in price and holding it firmly; rejected was dull, as there was little inquiry for it; the near-by option of year shared in the strength with cash, and January and February were also a fraction better, but May showed no change in price. No. 2 cash 30¾@30⅞; regular 30@30¾ in St. L.; year 33¾ to 33⅞; January 30¼ to 30⅝; February 30; May 31⅛; rejected 44 in C.

Rye—Receipts —— sks, 1,650 bu. Lower, but nothing done, save in rejected, which sold at 52c for regular; No. 2 sold at 53¼ this side.

Barley—Receipts 25 sks 12,500 bu. Dull for all, but best grades well sustained and low qualities lower. We quote: Rejected No. 3 43c; prime to strictly prime 55@65; choice 68@75; fancy 80@85.

Hay—Receipts 300 tons. Market glutted and the supply still accumulating, as there was little inquiry even at lower rates. This side—prairie $8 50@10; mixed $7@10. East track—mixed $9; timothy $10@13 50.

Millfeed—In demand and firm, but scarce. Sacked bran sold at 61 f. o. b. this side and 58@59 at mill; bulk worth 53@54 E. track.

Provisions—Receipts 200 lbs hams, 281,000 lbs meats, 1,932 lbs grease. Another lifeless market, there being little demand for anything and sellers holding right firmly at unchanged rates. Some standard pork sold at $17 17½ for January and $17 27½ for February, and spot was still held at $17. with $16 75 bid on call. Prime steam lard worth 10¼ East and 10¼ this side. Nothing done in dry salt meats, and the only sale of bacon was of packed short clear at 10½. Hams 12¼@13¾. Tallow 7½ for prime to strictly prime in oil brls; medium and fallings off lots in regular pkgs, 6¾@7; grease tallow 6¼@7½. Breakfast bacon 12½@13½. Grease 5¼@5½ for brown, 6@7 yellow, 7½@9 for white. Beef—Extra mess $12@16 per brl according to brand; $7 50@8 50 per half brl; dried 12@13½; strictly choice 15 per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 20 this side, $1 15 on E. side per brl. Ground alum $1 15 per sack for round lots, $1 20@1 25 in small way.

High wines—Steady at $1 14; sales 202 brls. Cincinnati firm at $1 13; Chicago unchanged at $1 16.

Lead entirely nominal; nothing doing or probably will be until after New Year's. Refined can be quoted at $4 20 and hard at $4 25.

Grass Seeds—Very quiet and nothing done. Quotations steady. Clover $6 25@6 60; timothy $1 50@1 55; red top 60@65; German millet 80@90; common do and Hungarian 50@55.

Flax Seed—Quiet but firm; sale at $1 13 for small sacked lots.

Hemp Seed—Dull at $1 22½@1 25.

Castor Beans—Slow; No. 1 quoted at $1 40; rejected $1 30@1 35.

### Closing Prices—1 P. M.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—December 96¼ b.; January 97⅝; February 99¾; March $1 02; April $1 04; May $1 05⅜. Corn—Year 55½; January 57¼. May $1 01⅝. Oats—December 42; January 37⅜; May 38¼ b.

DETROIT.

Wheat—December 97¼; January 97⅜; February 99½; May $1 04⅝.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—December $1 07⅜@1 08; January $1 08@1⅛; February $1 10; March $1 12. Corn—Year 63⅜@64; January 61¼@⅜; February 61⅝@¾; March 61@⅛.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—December 93; January 93¼; February 94 a.; May $1 00.

Corn—December —; year 51⅝; January 49⅝@⅞; February —; May 53.

Oats—Year 40; January 35¼; February 35⅝; May 36¾.

Short Ribs—Year 8.80; January 8.80@82½; February 8.95 a.; March 9.05 a.; May 9.75 a.

Pork—December ——; year 17 12½; January $17 17½; February $17 32½; March $17 47½; May $17 77½.

Lard—December ——; year 10.40; January 10.42½; February 10.52½; March 10.62½; May 10.82½@85.

### Closing Prices—3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—Year 95¾ b.; January 96¼ b.; February 97⅝; March 99¾; April $1 00 b.; May $1 02⅝.

Corn—Year 44½; January 47⅜ b.; February 47¾; March 46¼ b.; May 48⅜.

Oats—Year 36 b.; January 35¼; February 35⅝; May 35⅞ b.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—Year 96 b.; January 97¼ b.; February 99¼ b.; March $1 00¾ b.; April $1 03⅜; May $1 05⅛.

Corn—Year 54½ b.; January 51¼; February 51⅝; May 52⅞ b.

Oats—Year 40 b.; January 37 b.; May 38 b.

NEW YORK.

Reported specially by J. M. Fuller & Co., of New York, represented in St. Louis by J. A. Glover.

Wheat—January $1 00⅝; February $1 11¾; May $1 14¾.

Corn—Year 67¾; January 65¼; February 63⅞; May 62¾.

Oats—January 45⅞.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Year 92⅞ a.; January 93; February 93⅜; May 99⅝.

Corn—Year 51¼; January 49⅝; May 52⅞.

Oats—Year 40; January 35⅝; May 38¼@38⅜.

Pork—Year $17 20; January $17 15; February $17 30; March $17 45; April $17 60 a.; May $17 77½; June $18 02½ a.

Lard—January 10 42½; February 10.62½; March 10.62½; April 10.72½; May 10.82½; June 10.90.

Short Ribs—Year 8.80 a.; January 8.82½; February 8.90 b.; March 9.05½ b.; May 9.25.

### Cotton.

The local spot market to-day, in sympathy with other markets, was 1-16 lower and nominal. The movement was fair only, but little disposition being shown to trade, and sales amounted to 684 bales. In New York spots were also off 1-16, and futures opened easy at a decline from last Friday of 5 to 10 points. At Liverpool spots were dull and easier at a decline; futures opened weak and closed steady. New Orleans opened easy at 4 to 10 points off, with a declining tendency towards the close.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 6⅝; ordinary, 7⅜; good ordinary, 8¾; low middling, 9¼; middling, 9⅝; good middling, 9⅞; middling fair, 10⅜. Stained—Ordinary, 7⅛; good ordinary, 8½; low middling, 9; middling, 9⅜.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 5,046 bales, against 5,367 bales last year; since September 1, 1882, 250,846 bales, against 261,748 same time last year; shipments to-day, 3,468 bales, against 5,293 last year, since September 1 212,088 bales, against 187,151 same time last year. Stock to-day 41,497 bales, against 82,822 same time last year.

NEW YORK.

Middling 10¼. Futures closed steady: December 10.09; January 10.12; February 10.23; March 10.36; April 10.49; May 10.61; June 10.74; July 10.85; August 10.96. Sales 159 000 bales.

Cotton has been quoted at the following points for five days 168,239 bales, against 164,354 same time last week, and 126,089 bales same time last year: exports 113,196 bales, against —— bales. Same time last year; stock to-day 429 bales against 1,141,434 bales same day last year. Net receipts since September 1, 1882, 3,458,162 bales, against 3,527,724 bales last year.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 9 13-16 spot. Futures closed quiet and easy: December 9.76; January 9.78; February 9.91; March 10.07; April 10.22; May 10.36; June 10.48; July 10.60; August 10.70; September 10.20. Sales 74,000 bales.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Quote: Creamery—Fair to good 35@37; choice to fancy 38@40. Dairy—Choice to fancy 32@34; good to choice 28@30; fair to good 26@25; common 15@18; choice yellow country 18@20; poor to fair 13@17. Roll—Northern 24@26 for choice; 20@23 for medium to prime; near-by make 14@18 to 20@22 for poor to choice.

CHEESE—Mild late make full cream 12¼@13¼; sharp do 5@10; prime to choice skims 8@8¾; inferior do 2@4; young America 14@15.

EGGS—23@24 for choice marks; pickled lots much lower.

POULTRY — Dressed — Turkeys 14 @ 15 per lb. Chickens $1 25@2 00 for fat; small and thin; $2 25@2 75 for medium; $3 00@3 50 for choice to fancy large. Geese $2 50@3 for small and rough; $3 50@4 for good to choice; $4 50@5 for heavy and fat. Ducks $2 50@3 for small and rough; $3 25@3 75 for medium-sized; $3 75@4 25 for choice large.

GAME—Sales of selected stock ranged: Grouse $5 25; large quail $1 00; small 50@75c; duck—mallard $1 75; teal $1 00; mixed $1 00; deer carcasses 7@9; venison saddle 12@14 for domestic, 18 for Minnesota and black tail; antelope 15c; bear 12½@15 ₱ lb.; rabbit 75@90 for drawn—25@50c less for undrawn; and sour; jack rabbit $2 75@3 00; squirrel 50c@60; wild pigeons 30@40; opossum 10@20; turkeys 50@81 25, each and wild geese 62½@75c each.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed 28@30; for low, fair 32@33; 34@35c for choice; unwashed 25c for medium; 18@20c for coarse, 13@17 for burry; Southern do 10@12½.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 55c in large and 57c in small sacks; unripe, quilly and wet 45@50c; 10 on small sacks.

APPLES—We quote: Ben. Davis $3 50@75; Winesap $2 75@3; Genitting $2 50@2 75. Foregoing quotations are for good to fancy fruit, well packed; frosted sack barrels or otherwise inferior stock much less.

HIDES—Dry flint—No. 1 at 17; damaged 14; dry salted at 12½, damaged 10½; bull and stag 10½; glue stock 5; green salted 8½, partly cured 7 1/2@8½; uncured 6¾@7c; damaged 2, and branded 1c less; salted bull and stag 6; uncured 5; glue stocks. Hides 10 lbs and under classed as damaged.

CABBAGE—Northern $9@10 ₱ 100.

POTATOES—Choice Northern peachblow 65@75c; rose and peerless 60@65; dry rotted and inferior 55@65 ₱ bu.

ONIONS—Choice 60@65c ₱ bu; choice red and yellow $1 50@1 75 ₱ brl.

SWEET POTATOES—Nansemond $3@3 25 for red, $2 50@2 75 for yellow; Bermuda $1 75@2 ₱ brl.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops—Country flour brls, $5@5 50; cooper shaved $6@6 25; pork brls, $10@12; lard tierces do $12@16; casks $18@20; hair-casks $16@18. Staves (car lots E. side); machine flour brl, oak, $7 50@8; elm $6@8. Heading (car lots E. side), soft wood 5@5½c; hard do 5½@6c; whisky brls (with heading), green $15; dry $22; half-casks $10 50@12; hhds $30@34; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry do $16; dry keg bent $20@22; green $12@15.

COOPERAGE—We quote the range (del): Flourbrls—City elm 39@40; country 32@34; city oak 42; country do 36; produce at 36 for patent hoop, and 35 for round hoop. Pork brls 90@1 00; lard tierces 1 20@1 25; half lard tierces 70; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@$1; ham tierces—small 60, large 70; whisky brls—Iron-bound 6-hoop, $1 40@1 60, 8-hoop $1 60@1 80; half-brls $1 25.

SAUER KRAUT—City on order $4 50 ₱ brl; $2 75 ₱ half brl.

CRANBERRIES—Cape Cod $15 00@17 and Bell and Bugle $14 50@15 50 ₱ brl.

WHITE BEANS—Eastern hand-picked medium $2 70, and navy from first hands $2 80; screened 10 less than hand-picked; country $1 85@2 15.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—Choice looking from store at $1 25@1 30 as in quality.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Apples—Inferior and dark 5½@6, fair 6½@6¾, choice 6¾@7, fancy 7@7½. Peaches—Inferior 4½@5, prime 5¼@5½, choice to fancy halves 5¾@6.

FURS—We quote (nominally): Raccoon—No. 1 large 60c; small No. 1 at 50; No. 2 30@35; No. 3 20; No. 4 10. Skunk (cased)—Black 75@85; short stripe 50@60; narrow stripe 30; white 10; territory black 30; short 25; narrow 20; white 7. Polecat 10@15. Otters (case)—No. 1 $7; No. 2 $5; No. 3 $2 50; No. 4 10@$1; open otter one grade less. Possum 10@15. Muskrat 5@15. Mink 10@40. Fox (cased)—No. 1 75; open do 60. Cat—Wild No. 1 50; house 10. Beaver 50@$4. Badger 25@50. Bear $1@8. Wolf 25@$3.

TROPICAL FRUITS—We quote: Oranges—Louisiana $10@10 50 and Jamaica $8 50@9 ₱ brl. Florida grafted $6 per box; Valencia $8 per case. Lemons—Malaga $5@5 50. Malaga grapes $6 50@9 ₱ brl, as in condition and size of barrel. Bananas on orders $2 50@3 50 ₱ bunch. Cocoanuts $6@7 1,000.

VEALS—Live at 3@4 for heretics; 7@7½ for choice small milk-fed; medium 6@6½; carcasses 8@10.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2@3; gray and brown mixed 3@4; brown and black 4@5; all black 5@7.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 25@1 50; Seneca 30@35; blue flag 3½@5; blood root 3; golden seal 13@14; snake 10@12; black 3½@4; may apple 2½@3; pink 15@16; Colombo 3; lady-slipper 5; bittersweet bark 6.

BAGGINGSTUFF—We quote: Jute bagging 1¾@1¾ for 1¾-lb do 8; 1¾-lb do 8½; 2-lb do 9, Hemp bagging 11@12. Iron cotton ties $1 20@1 60.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green shearings 15@25; pelt 65@90; dry pelts 50@85; do shearings 15. Prices governed by amount and quality of wool on pelts.

BROOM CORN—Crooked or short 2@3; fair 3½@3¾; prime 4@4½; choice to fancy 5@6.

BEESWAX—Southern yellow 27; dark 20@22.

HOPS—New York and Illinois choice $1@1 10; Wisconsin 80@90; German $1 20@1 30.

SORGHUM—Choice at 30@40c per gal.

HEMP—We quote: Unrotted hemp $60@90; dressed hemp $135@150; shorts $120@135; hackled tow 55@60; break tow 35@40 per ton.

NUTS—Chestnuts—Eastern 10@12; Southern 3@6 ₱ bu. Western pecans 12@14; Texas 12@15; peanuts—red 3½@4; white 4½@5; hazelnuts 2@2½; Walnuts 40c ₱ lb.

GROCERIES.

SUGARS.

REFINED SUGARS.

| | ₱ lb |
|---|---|
| Standard Refin'y Cubes | 10¾ |
| Extra A | 9¾ |
| Pure Granulated | 9¾ |
| Powdered | 10¼ |
| Standard A | 9⅝ |

| | ₱ lb |
|---|---|
| Cut Loaf | 9¾ |
| Granulated | 9⅝ |
| Standard C | 9¼ |
| Fine Powdered | 10 |
| Standard A | 9⅝ |

RICE.

| | ₱ lb | | ₱ lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| Good ordinary | 6¾ | Carolina prime | 7¾ |
| Carolina fair | 6¾ | " choice | 7¾ |
| " good | 6¾ | | |

NUTS.

| | ₱ lb | | ₱ lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| Almonds | 17 | French | 13 |
| Ivica | 14 | California | — |
| Tarragona | 14 | Chile | — |
| Valencia, shelled | 30 | Pecans | — |
| Sicily, shelled | 30 | Texas | 11@12½ |
| Brazils | 12 | Western | 11@12½ |
| Sacks, new 1882 | 8½ | Peanuts, | |
| Filberts | 12 | raw, choice white and red | 8 |
| Sicily | 12 | " roasted, choice white | 9½ |
| Walnuts | 17 | Cocoanuts, each | 7 |
| Naples | 17 | | |

NAILS—Wheeling.

| | ₱ keg |
|---|---|
| Wheeling, LaBelle brand, rate | $4 00 |

TEAS.

IMPERIAL.

| | Br. | | Br. |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 Moyune | 28 | No. 2 Moyune | 27 |
| No. 1 Ping Suey | 45 | No. 2 choice Moyune | 50 |
| No. 5 fancy Moyune | 55 | No. 6 best | 60 |

ENGLISH BREAKFAST.

| | Br. | | Br. |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 good style | 35 | No. 2 good style | 40 |
| No. 3 | 50 | No. 4 Congou, fancy | 60 |

STOVEWOOD.

| | ₱ bu | | ₱ bu |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 Ping Suey | 32 | No. 2 Ping Suey | 40 |
| No. 2 | 45 | No. 4 | 50 |
| No. 5 Moyune, first | 53 | No. 6 Moyune, choice | 60 |
| No. 7 Ping Suey, fancy | 60 | No. 8 " fancy | 75 |
| No. 9 Moyune, ex fancy | 90 | | |

GUNPOWDER.

| | Br. | | Br. |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 Moyune, clean | 25 | No. 2 Moyune, clean | 33 |
| No. 3 " | 40 | No. 4 " choice fy | 50 |
| No. 5 " ex fy | 65 | | |

JAPAN.

| | ₱ lb | | ₱ lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 siftings | 20 | No. 2 choice siftings | 20 |
| No. 1 pan fired | 32 | No. 2 basket fired | 40 |
| No. 5 " | 50 | No. 6 fancy pan fired | 60 |
| No 7 fancy basket fired | 65 | | |

OOLONG.

| | ₱ lb | | ₱ lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 Amoy, clean | 22 | No. 2 Amoy, choice | 35 |
| No. 3 Foochow, fancy | 45 | No. 4 Formosa, choice | 45 |
| No. 5 Formosa, extra | 50 | No. 6 " ex fancy | 65 |

CAKE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lake Michigan, per brl | $1 20 |

Cheese.

| | ₱ lb | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Buffalo, full cream | | | 15 |
| N. Y. factory, guaranteed | | | 14 |
| N. Y. Cheddar's, 50 to 60 lbs each | | | 14 |
| Young America, four in case | | | 15 |
| Edam, 1 doz in case | | | 11 |
| Pineapple, four in case | | ₱ case | $11 |

Fruits—Foreign.

| | ₱ lb | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Currants | 5½@7¼ | Raisins, ½-boxes | $1 25 |
| Citron | 16½ | Raisins, ¼-boxes | 70 |
| Dates | | Raisins, Muscatels | |
| Dates Pewsians | 1 | 25-box | $2@2 20 |
| Figs, 14 lb drs | 15 | Raisins, Valencias | 8¾ |
| Lemon peel | 18 | 28-lb boxes | 9¼ |
| Orange peel | 18 | Oranges, per box | 5 |
| Nuts, new | | Lemons, per box | $3 50@4 25 |
| Prunes | 6 @7 | | |
| Raisins, 22-lb-box | $2 | | |

Coffee.

| | ₱ lb | | ₱ lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rio, per lb | 8 @14½ | Java, per lb | 17@20 |
| Mocha, per lb | 12½ | genuine O. G | 22 |
| Mocha | 30 | Extra Mandheling | 35 |

METALS.

FRAZIER'S AND PLANISHED COPPER.

| | ₱ lb |
|---|---|
| Planished copper, 6, 7, 8 and 9, cut into proper lengths to make each size wash boiler, without waste | 40 |
| Tinning, ₱ sheet | 2@15 |
| Planished copper, 10 and 12 oz., 14x48 in., ₱ lb | 38 |
| Tinning, ₱ sheet | 30 |
| Tinned sheathing copper, 14 and 16 oz., ₱ lb, 14x48 inches | 34 |
| Tinning, ₱ sheet | 20 |
| Brazier's copper, 20x60 and 20x72— | |
| ₱ lb sheets, ₱ lb | 34 |
| 26 " | 32 |
| 30 " | 32 |
| 32 " | 32 |
| 14 lbs and over | 30 |

CORRUGATED STOVEPIPE ELBOWS.

Improved Charcoal Iron.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 inch, per doz | $4 50 |
| 8½ inch, per doz | 5 50 |
| 7 inch, per doz | 5 00 |

SHEET ZINC.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sheet zinc, quarter and 600 lbs casks | 6.75 |
| " 250 " | 7.00 |
| " 100 " | 7.25 |
| " by sheets | 7.50 |

ROOFING TIN.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| IC, 14x20, Best Charcoal roofing, 112 sheets | | $ 00 |
| IX, 14x20, " " | 112 " | 8 50 |
| IC, 20x28, " " | 112 " | 12 50 |
| IX, 20x28, " " | 112 " | 17 50 |

BRIGHT MARKET WIRE.

| Nos. | 4 to 6, | 7, 8, 9, | 10, 11, | 12, | 13, 14, |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Price, ₱ | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11¼ | 12½ |
| Nos. | 15, 16, | 17, | 18, | 19 | 20 |
| Price, ₱ | 14 | 15 | 16 | 18 | 20 |

Full bundles of 62 lbs 50 per cent discount. Coppered wire 45 per cent discount.

GENUINE RUSSIA IRON.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 6 inch, per doz | $7 50 | 6 inch, per doz |
| ¾ inch, per doz | 9 00 | 7 inch, per doz |

Discount 20 per cent.

PATENT METALLIC STOVE PIPE.

| No. | Mean | Annealed. | Plated. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | " | $4 00 | 4 70 |
| 15 | " | 4 00 | 4 70 |
| 18 | " | 4 15 | 4 85 |
| 20 | " | 4 15 | 4 90 |
| 24 | " | 4 30 | 5 00 |

Discount 50 per cent.

CHARCOAL TIN PLATE.

| | |
|---|---|
| IC, 10x14, Best Charcoal, 225 sheets, ₱ box | $ 7 00 |
| IX, 10x14, " " " | 8 00 |
| IC, 12x12, " " " | 7 00 |
| IX, 12x12, " " " | 8 00 |
| IC, 14x20, " " " | 9 00 |
| IX, 14x20, " " " | 11 00 |
| IXX, 14x20, " " " | 13 00 |
| IXXX, 14x20, " " " | 15 00 |
| IX, 20x28, " " " | 15 00 |

STOVE POLISH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Legal Tender | $1 75 |
| Excelsior | 3 50 |
| Charter Oak | 3 00 |
| Charter Oak, in bulk, 25-lb box, per lb | 7 |
| German black lead, per lb | 4 |
| Charles' Brilliant | 25 |

PLANISHED AMERICAN RUSSIAN IRON.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 inch, per doz | $6 00 |
| 8½ inch, per doz | 7 50 |
| 7 inch, per doz | 9 50 |

BLOCK TIN.

| | |
|---|---|
| L & F large pigs, ₱ lb | 27 |
| L & F small pigs, ₱ lb | 28 |
| Bar tin, ₱ lb | 30 |

ZINC.

| | |
|---|---|
| Pig lead, ₱ lb, (large) extra soft | 8¾ |
| Bar lead, ₱ lb | 8¾ |

AMERICAN PLANISHED RUSSIA.

| | ₱ lb |
|---|---|
| No. 24, A quality | 10¾ |
| No. 26, A quality | 10¾ |
| No. 27, A quality | 10¾ |
| No. 24, B quality | 9¾ |
| No. 26, B quality | 9¾ |
| No. 27, B quality | 9¾ |
| For less than full bundle, 1 cent ₱ lb extra. | |

RUSSIA SHEET IRON.—(Genuine.)

| | ₱ lb |
|---|---|
| Nos. 8, 9 and 10 Russia iron | 13 |
| No. 11 | 14 |
| No. 12 | 15 |
| Stalped Russia No. 8 ₱ lb less. | |
| For less than full bundle, 1 cent ₱ lb extra. | |

REFINED CHARTER OAK.

| | ₱ lb |
|---|---|
| No. 24 | 10 |
| No. 26 | 10 |
| No. 27 | 10 |
| No. 24, best charcoal IX, 24 and 26 inch | 10 |
| No. 27 | 10 |
| For less than full bundle, 1 cent ₱ lb extra. | |

| | ₱ lb |
|---|---|
| Mathews, A 4-4 | 7¾ |
| St. Louis, 4-4 | 8 |
| Trion, AAA 4-4 | 7¾ |
| Richmond, R 4-4 | 6¾ |
| Sea Island, 4-4 | 9 |

DENIMS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Waymaker | 20 |
| Otis, CC | 15 |
| Otis, BB | 14 |
| Otis, AXA | 15 |
| Warren, CC | 13 |
| Warren, BB | 14 |
| Warren, AXA | 15 |

CANDWICK.

| | |
|---|---|
| X Flat | 8¾ |

Fancy.

| | |
|---|---|
| stich colors | 6¾ |
| " stripes | 6¾ |

COTTON FLANNELS.

| | Br. | | Br. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amoskeag, AAA | 13 | Amoskeag, AA | 12 |
| Amoskeag, A | 11 | Amoskeag, BB | 14½ |
| Amoskeag, CC | 13½ | Amoskeag, DD | 12½ |
| Amoskeag, EE | 11½ | Amoskeag, FF | 10½ |
| Tremont, D | 7½ | Tremont, D | 8 |
| Tremont, H | 9¾ | Tremont, F | 9¾ |
| Tremont, I | 10 | Tremont, A | 11 |
| Tremont, L | 11¾ | Tremont | 12¾ |
| Tremont, XX | 14 | Tremont, XXX | 16 |
| Hamilton, stout | 11 | Hamilton, stout rf | 10½ |
| Hamilton, stout rf | 8¾ | Belmont, AA | 8¾ |
| Belmont, XX | 9½ | Belmont, XXX | 10¾ |
| Belmont, XXXX | 11¾ | Belmont, CC | 13 |
| Belmont, BBB | 14 | Belmont, AAA | 15 |

DRESS GOODS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Pacific Poplin Lustres | 10½ |
| Pacific Indian Cashmeres | 13 |
| Pacific Beige | 11 |
| Pacific Australian Crepe | 20 |
| Pacific Steel Lustres | 10½ |
| Pacific ¾ A. C. Cashmere | 20 |
| Pacific Crepe Melange | 13 |
| Atlantic E F Cashmere | 20½ |
|

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid..... $9 00
Six months..... 4 50
Three months..... 2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)..... 85
By the week (delivered by carrier)..... 20

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid..... $1 00
Six months, postage paid..... 60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 513 and 515 Market street.


THERE are many portions of South Fifth street and South Seventh street where the mud has not overflowed the sidewalk.

OSCAR WILDE has closed his bank account preparatory to leaving for England. His balance was only $2,900. This would seem to confirm the bunko story.

WE have received from Dr. J. H. MCLEAN, representing the old Second District, a fine lot of public documents. It is sweet to be remembe red—especially about the holidays.

THE last estate which calls for a claimant is a huge estate in England which is advertised as belonging to the CARPENTERS. In this country the largest estates belong to the plumbers.

THE Protectionists in Congress who propose to repeal the tobacco tax forthwith would do well to remember that in dealing with tobacco it is best not to bite off more than you can chew.

THE unusual spectacle of men raking up mud and hauling it away in carts was witnessed yesterday on Sixth street, near Market. A few old citizens claim to have seen something of the kind before.

A PLUMBER has been arrested in New York and held in $500 bail to answer a charge of putting defective work in a building. If New York can enforce a law against defective plumbing, there is no excuse for the non-enforcement of any law.

THE FORD brothers have applied to the Mayor of Boston for permission to carry weapons. If the Mayor of Boston will give them a permit to break rocks at one of the municipal institutions in that beautiful resort known as "Deer Island in the Bay," the State of Missouri will lay a tribute of homage at the feet of Boston.

REPRESENTATIVE MILLER, of Pennsylvania, has been making a tour of the Pennsylvania appointments in the departments, and he reports that in one office "out of five appointments charged to Butler county, Pa., only one was known in politics." We did not think that the standard of appointments from Pennsylvania was so high.

JUDGES DAVIS and FANCHER, of New York, held court in the Cooper Union yesterday and delivered what may be called extra-judicial opinions in favor of the Sunday closing law. In New York a man whose prejudices would not permit him to be considered eligible to sit on the jury is still considered eligible to act in a judicial capacity.

A CINCINNATI court has just decided that a man has no right to swear through a telephone, and that if he does so his connection can be cut off. One of the Judges in the case held that the word "damn" was a violent and coarse adjective, but was not profane in a legal sense. It would be a great relief if some Supreme Court would pass upon this question.

CHICAGO last year put up 5,630 new buildings with a frontage of fourteen miles lineal measure. Let us see, 14 multiplied by 5,280 equals 73,920 lineal feet of frontage for 5,630 houses; 73,920 divided by 5,630 equals 13.1—thirteen feet frontage for each house. We are afraid the man who measured the mileage was not as able-bodied a liar as the man who counted the houses.

THEY have a national banking law in Mexico now, based on our national banking law. As the Mexican bonds, however, do not stand as high as ours, and are not as available as a security for circulation, they allow the banks to use the bonds of subsidized railroads as security. Mexico is advancing at a rapid pace, and we hope she will be able to keep it up.

OUR new representative in Congress, Dr. MCLEAN, has had his attention specially drawn to the demoralization which exists in Congressional circles in Washington. He observes that there is more or less drinking and a tendency to indulge in the uncertain game of draw-poker. In this latter connection he reflects rather severely upon Senator VEST's alleged private secretary.

IF LANGTRY had come to us like BERNHARDT with an eccentric moral record, or like PATTI with an "affinity" for whom she had abandoned her husband, or as any actress with a reputation for carrying poetic license into private life, her making a Lord Fitz-Dangle out of a rich American noodle would have escaped press comment. She came, however, not as an actress, but as the reigning belle of London, a beauty on exhibition, advertised as the social favorite of the circle of the Prince of Wales, and the natural inclination of the press to ridicule the craze for seeing this show seized on the comic features of the GERHARDT episode. The papers have not charged her with anything more serious than being a little vain of her little GERHARDT "mash" and thriftily making the most of his vanity, while he unconsciously continues his liberal contributions to the amusement of the public. The exhibitions which both are making of themselves are fair game for the humorous sallies of the papers, and all of them that do not, like the Scotchman, "joke wi' deefficulty," have had their more or less wicked jests on the subject. But there has been no ground laid for a libel suit. It is only a stupid morning newspaper of St. Louis, with a long and sore experience in libel suits, that feels called upon to assume that the lady's virtue has been impeached by the press.

IN the history of the drama, almost every day some bright bud of promise bursts into beauty only to be untimely withered at the harsh demand of the bill-poster or the unfeeling levy of the landlord. Such a bud of promise was the ex-Rev. GEORGE C. MILN, of Chicago, who, having no faith in the religion he preached, had great faith in his ability to play Hamlet. He had a theory that all that was requisite to success in rendering the play of "Hamlet" in a way to make SHAKSPEARE'S ghost shed tears was culture and hard work. His culture and hard work have been put on trial, but seem to have failed, principally, we should judge from the trifling circumstance that the modern Hamlet forgot that it was necessary first to be an actor.

## TRUST THE PEOPLE.

About forty members-elect have answered the inquiries of the POST-DISPATCH as to how they will stand on the question of submitting a Prohibition amendment when such a proposition comes up in the State Legislature. From these responses it is apparent that few, if any, members would vote to engraft the proposed amendment on our State Constitution, and that there are not many, but still a few, who would have the Legislature exert its authority and power to the utmost to prevent the people from adopting the amendment, even if satisfied that a majority of the people favor it. On the other hand nearly all who have expressed themselves declare against the policy of Prohibition, but at the same time recognize the right of the people to decide the question for themselves.

Some say they will vote for submission if a majority of their immediate constituents desire it; others that they will vote to let the people be heard on the question, if there is evidence of a respectably large popular demand for such action. It seems to us that the latter is the right, and therefore the most politic, action for the Legislature to take.

Of course it is nonsense to be submitting constitutional amendments every time such submission is demanded by a little band of agitators or clique of political schemers or experimenters, without presenting any reasonable ground for a presumption that the people may desire it. But it is not in accordance with democratic or republican principles that the sovereign right of the people to alter or amend their organic law shall be defeated or obstructed by the will of the Legislature. Therefore it will be bad policy for the Missouri Legislature to manifest too captious a temper in considering the evidence of a popular demand for the submission of this Prohibition amendment.

There is, in fact, some reason to suspect that the Prohibitionists themselves would rather have the Legislature put itself in the attitude of tying the people's hands than have it cheerfully submit a Prohibition amendment to a popular vote before the movement recovers from the very discouraging reverses, not to say fatal shocks, of the fall elections. It devolves upon them to present evidences of a popular demand for submission, and it does not appear that they are doing much in that line. It may be that they desire this Legislature to provide them with a grievance upon which they can continue their agitation with some show of a decent pretext until another Legislature is elected and a more favorable time arrives.

Without some new grievance the agitation will surely collapse. If the Legislature, in considering their proposition, shows a proper spirit of deference to the sovereign authority of the ballot-box, and they fail to present evidence of a respectably large popular demand for prohibitory legislation, they will probably see the propriety of abandoning a hopeless cause and devoting their influence to wiser measures for restraining the evils of the liquor traffic. The POST-DISPATCH still believes that a Prohibition amendment ought to be and will be overwhelmingly defeated by the people, if submitted any time in 1883 at a special election. But for this very reason its opponents should be all the more liberal in weighing the evidence that the popular call for it is such as to justify submission.

## A SOUTHERN INCIDENT.

The country which has been on the brink of a terrible catastrophe for several days will breathe more freely when it learns that the affair of honor between Col. HOGE and Capt. HOWELL has been peacefully and finally adjusted. We need hardly say that these two gentlemen are gentlemen from Georgia, and that, as one of them is a lawyer and the other is an editor, they are endowed with the most sensitive organizations and of high-strung and chivalrous feelings. It is one of the drawbacks of high-strung and chivalrous natures that they cannot carry on an ordinary lawsuit without indulging in hearty animadversions on the high-strung and chivalrous nature who happens to be on the other side of the case. Plain man can do this. Merely ordinary, honest men and reputable citizens manage to have lawsuits and other disagreements and to settle them like people of sense, but it is an almost infallible sign of chivalry that it is painfully but inevitably compelled to insult somebody and then try to wash out the stain with chivalrous blood. In this case the editor, having a discussion with the lawyer, neglected the matter in issue to mention the interesting but irrelevant circumstances that the lawyer had twelve years before won a suit for a client and kept his money. At this the chivalrous spirit of Georgia was up in arms. As the dispatches put it: "Those who knew Col. HOGE knew nothing short of a withdrawal or a hostile meeting would satisfy him." The country trembled, but fortunately the hostile meeting was averted; chivalry was appeased and gentle peace settled like a white-winged dove above the bar and the sanctum in the city of Atlanta. But we doubt whether one person in ten in Atlanta or Georgia realizes the fact that in the non-chivalrous parts of the country these high-strung sons of chivalry are looked on as preposterous asses, and the community which furnishes such an incident once a week no doubt wonders why the sober and sensible half of the country hesitates to trust it with the control of political power.

## THE REFLECTIVE SEASON.

There is no quorum of the House in Washington, the members having dispersed, some with leaves of absence and some without, to enjoy those sweet domestic pleasures which cluster about the Christmas turkey, and also to take a much-needed rest after the arduous and patriotic labors which have occupied their time and consumed their energies during the period of more than three weeks.

We trust that in the quiet of home and while enjoying that relaxation which they so much need the members of Congress will pay attention to certain matters which may be expected to come up before them, and that the Democratic members especially will take such warning as will enable them to avoid the errors committed by the Democratic Senators when they placed themselves in a foolish and shortsighted opposition to the Civil Service Reform idea.

We beg to call the attention of these wearied, but devoted, legislators to the circumstance that the recent political rebuke, on which Democracy it seems to us is disposed to count too largely, was administered, not to the Republican party, but to certain excesses and errors, sins of omission and commission, of which the ancient Republican party had been guilty during its tenure of office, and of these sins one of the gravest was its persistent defiance and neglect of the principle of civil service reform. It is the height of folly in the Democrats to suppose that the vote which rebuked Republicanism for this offence, will rally to the support of Democracy as soon as it avows its intention of repeating the same offence.

There is matter for reflection in this enough to occupy the attention of the thoughtful Congressman during his holiday, and when the season of rest and refreshment is over we shall hope to see the patriotic members of the House profiting by their meditations and determined to give civil service reform a trial; if they do not do this, they will find that civil service reform will give them a trial which will be most painful to their feelings and which will naturally impair their usefulness as statesmen.

ONE of the disadvantages of putting an old war-horse into office is that he will snort and prance and attract attention to his harness when he ought to be quietly eating his oats and saying nothing. There is old Gen. WILLIAMS, of Kentucky, for instance, who was put into the Senate on the theory that a war-horse came nearer than anything else except a stud-horse to representing the Blue Grass State, and now old WILLIAMS has gone and made a speech against the Civil Service Reform bill, in which occur such choice bits of equine wisdom as: "The only way to reform is to put a good, honest Democratic President in in 1884." "Mr. President, I am perfectly satisfied that the Democrats are coming in in 1884." "I want to make a clean sweep of the whole thing." "Give us full room and a fair experiment, gentlemen," and much other harmful nonsense. The Democrats have been told that they could "come in in 1884," and that they had a chance to "put a good, honest Democratic President in," but they have been told in equally emphatic terms that they could not come in unless they left the spoils system out, and it will not take more than three or four old war-horses like WILLIAMS to convince the people in 1884 that the most dangerous experiment they can try is to let the party which he represents get hold of the Government.

THIS is the regular publication-day of the Weekly POST-DISPATCH, and to-day's issue will be found an exceptionally interesting number, rich in Christmas stories, racy original sketches and reminiscences contributed by prominent citizens of St. Louis, and a fine variety of miscellany, selected from the freshest and brightest publications of the day. Besides this there are reviews of the commerce of the week, copious detailed market reports from all the trade centers, giving to-day's quotations, editorials on current topics, compilations of local State news, and correspondence, special dispatches and regular press telegrams, fully covering all the important news and significant discussions of the week. At the low price of Fifty Cents a year the Weekly POST-DISPATCH provides all the newspaper reading desired by persons whose occupations or mail facilities limit them to weekly papers. It is the cheapest and best weekly for the general reader now published in the United States.

THE Rev. ROLAND GRANT, pastor of a Baptist church in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has been forced to resign by his congregation It is claimed that he was unacceptable to his brethren because he wore a woolen shirt at a watering place, because he ate his food with a knife instead of a fork and because he was seen on one occasion sitting on a sofa with his wife, both eating from the same banana. Dr. GRANT seems to have been a coarse, and unministerial man. Still he might have been borne with if he had possessed genius enough to overcome his common defects. The probabilities are that OSCAR WILDE has impressed his notions of beauty on the members of Dr. GRANT'S congregation, and it is altogether likely that they have a better-looking and more eloquent pastor in view.

## PERSONALITIES.

—It is said that Gebhart has hired an amanuensis who knows how to spell.

—New Orleans Picayune: The errand boy who smokes cigarettes will never be the proprietor of a store.

—Gen. Grant is now paying for the presents he received abroad. The dinner he gave the Japanese prince cost $2,000.

—Flotow, the well-known composer of the opera "Martha," has become blind from the disease known as gray cataract.

—There are Generals in the German army who have as many as thirty-six medals of honor, and yet find it hard to keep out of debt.

—Weaver, late Greenback candidate for President, has become an editor. The enormous pay of journalists is seducing all the great men.

—Governor Plaisted, of Maine, is to be enrolled among the Plutocrats at the close of his term. He is to become editor of the Lewiston Gazette.

—Dion Boucicault's new drama, which is shortly to be produced in the United States, is said to be unlike anything that he has previously put upon the stage.

—Philadelphia Times: Mrs. Langtry created a great sensation in Philadelphia, not because she is a handsome woman, nor because she is an actress, but merely because—well, because.

—Puck: One of the saddest moments in life is when a man is looking through an old vest, and thinks he has found a ten-cent piece, which, when brought to light, turns out to be a cough lozenge.

—Amid the quiet shades of Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, $16,500 persons have been laid to rest since its incorporation as a burial place. The first interment there took place September 5, 1840.

—Philadelphia News: Mr. Talmage offers $1,000 to any person who will prove him a plagiarist. We should make a strike for that reward, but the trouble is we never attended many circuses.

—A Chicago minister recently undertook to introduce moral reform at a cocking main, but all he got for his pains was the advice to "soak his head," or "chase himself up an alley."

—Lorne has cousins in Virginia, his father's mother, Joanna Glassell, being the daughter of John Glassell, who, after living some time in Virginia with his brother Andrew, returned to Scotland. Some of Andrew's descendants remain in Virginia, while others have emigrated westward.

—One of the crimes charged against Arabi Pasha was displaying a flag of truce to deceive the enemy. Mr. O'Donnell recently read in the House of Commons a selection from "The Soldier's Handbook," in which Sir Garnet Wolseley justifies the practice.

—Two English girls are romping with boisterous laughter in a hotel at Nice. Then comes the shocked matron: "For heaven's sake, Mabel, don't! They'll take you for one of those horrid American girls." One of this sweetly designated class, chancing to overhear, says gently, "I guess not, with those awfully big feet."

## OUR MAIL POUCH.

### As to Bob-Tail Cars.

ST. LOUIS, December 27, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The Union Railway Company (the Fourth and Locust street car line) has determined to put "bob-tail" cars on its road on New Year's. The people along the line naturally feel indignant, and are quietly forming a combination to refuse to deposit their fares in the boxes of those cars, but are ready and willing to pay a conductor. They are under the impression that the law requires street car companies to run double platform cars, with a man on each end. The citizens aforesaid do not wish to violate any law, but do wish to maintain their rights. Will you kindly give us the law on the subject?

HYDE PARK.

[There is no such thing mentioned in the charters of our street railways as a "bob-tail car." The roads are all required to run double-platform cars and carry both drivers and conductors.—ED. P.-D.]

### Of Interest to Elocutionists.

ST. LOUIS, December 26, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Having observed your consideration in answering questions, I take the liberty of asking you to recommend some teacher or influential manager to one who is desirous of studying for the stage?

H. O.

[Prof. McDowell and Mrs. Scott are able to impart valuable information to persons desiring to go on the stage. Theatrical managers can rarely be induced to take an interest in new beginners. —ED. P.-D.]

### Pianos and Insurance Policies.

ST. LOUIS, December 22, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Please inform me if, under the heading of "household goods and furniture, useful and ornamental," is included a piano in a fire insurance policy when not mentioned elsewhere, and oblige an INQUIRER.

[A piano cannot be lumped into an insurance policy, along with "household goods and furniture." Pianos are too valuable to be allowed to run loose in that style. They require special mention.—ED. P.-D.]

### Another Sceptical Individual.

COLUMBIA, BOONE CO., MO., December 26.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In the article headed "Jonah and the Whale," in your paper of December 23, you make it appear that Jonah was swallowed by a whale. Where do you get your authority for such a statement? The Bible does not so state it, and a whale's throat is so small that the incredulously inclined would be justified in thinking it would require the interposition of Divine Providence to enable him to pass through it. E. A. C.

### Mr. Porter White's New House.

ST. LOUIS, MO., December 25, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your very interesting issue of the 23rd you stated that the house of Porter White, corner of Compton avenue and Locust street, cost $10,000, which is not correct; the house is valued at $35,000. The house is frescoed throughout by Bowman in his very best style. The painting, graining and hardwood finish is by the well-known firm of Flesh & Meek, and is pronounced by our leading architects to be the finest finished house in the West.

A SUBSCRIBER.

### Jay Gould's Wealth.

JACKSON, TENN., December 24, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Please inform a subscriber what Jay Gould's property is estimated at, to decide a bet, and whether he had a brother to die at Dallas, Tex., and oblige A PATRON.

[Mr. Gould's property has been estimated at $40,000,000. Know nothing of his brother.—ED. P.-D.]

### Bad for Plumbers.

From the Denver Tribune.

The only people who are suffering by this kind of weather are the plumbers. If this ethereal mildness continues they will be compelled to throw their corner lots and brown stone fronts on the market. In order to avert such a calamity, it might be a good idea to give a sacred concert in the Opera-house for their benefit.

### A Colorado Tribute.

From the Denver Tribune.

In the absence of the editor of the Tribune it may be a legitimate bit of odd gossip to state that Stephen W. Dorsey, an indicted thief, is still Secretary of the National Republican Committee.

### Warning Young Wives.

From the Boston Post.

As long as a young wife sticks to the culinary precepts laid down by her mamma, everything in the domestic circle follows the true curve of happiness. But, as the serpent entered Eden, so does the modern cook-book poison the roseate atmosphere of the household, its invidious counsels undermining both physical and financial stamina.

### A Convict's Shrewd Antithesis.

From the Territorial Enterprise.

A convict at the Nevada Penitentiary says he was sent to prison for being dishonest, and yet he is compelled every day to cut out pieces of pasteboard, which are put between the soles of cheap shoes made there and palmed off on the innocent public as leather.

### Ancient History.

From the Washington Post.

The fugitive slave law got a fearful blow yesterday from the Stalwart fist of our morning contemporary. Judas Iscariot will come in for the next mauling, and Cain's turn for a flagellation cannot be far off. All these live issues must have their day in court.

## PROPOSED APPROPRIATION.

### Missouri Immigration Society — Labor Statistics Bureau—What They Want.

The Missouri Immigration Society, through its secretary, Morrison Renshaw, will present to the Legislature about January 15, prox., an elaborate report of operations during the past two years. The Legislature will be asked to appropriate a liberal sum for the publication and distribution of "The Handbook of Missouri" in both German and English. Two years ago the General Assembly refused to appropriate a dollar for the German Handbook, and the society published and distributed 50,000 copies. The want most felt is that of money to maintain agents at Boston, New York and Baltimore to forward emigrants to Missouri. The society is apprised of large numbers of Germans attracted to America by its efforts, who were taken in hand by the representatives of other States on their arrival, and steered away from Missouri. The Association desiring to heartily cooperate with the State bureau will urge that the State maintain at the seaboard cities mentioned, competent representatives of the Missouri immigration movement, so that the harvest attending its efforts will be more direct and abundant.

LABOR STATISTICS.

The professional working men of St. Louis express great contempt for the bureau of labor statistics as at present constituted, not that Mr. Spaunhorst does not do all within his power to make the bureau a success, but because the biennial appropriation is so meagre that it will do little more than pay the salary of the commissioner and his clerk. Representative Carroll, who was quite conspicuous two years ago in connection with various measures looking to the improvement of the condition of the working classes, has taken the matter in hand and will make a bold strike for an annual appropriation of $10,000, and will further attempt to amend the existing law to the end that the bureau be made one in fact as well as name, the commissioner being vested with powers that will enable him without difficulty to collect the statistics from workshop, mine and factory that are desired. It is proposed that the head of this bureau be made a sort of State inspector of mines and factories, in which far the condition of those employed therein is concerned. Such statistics as are now gathered by the bureau, are volunteered by the recipients of blanks sent out from the office, and are manifestly incomplete and often inaccurate. Mr. Spaunhorst, the present commissioner, mainly endorses any movement calculated to increase the usefulness of the bureau. For the past four years the appropriations for labor statistics has been the same amount as that granted the fish commission.

## RUN IN.

### A Couple of Gentlemen Who Wrote Checks for "Mr. Gogetit" in Trouble.

Last night Detectives Lawler and Desmond were sauntering down Locust street when they happened across two men who answered descriptions which they had in their pockets. The men were taken in charge, and at the Four Courts were identified as George Ward and William Russell, alias Maxwell. A $1,000 bond of the United States Gold and Silver Mining Company, a corporation supposed to do business at Butte City, Montana, was found among the other effects, and a check for $75,000, drawn in favor of W. F. Barrett. I was humorously signed, "J. H. Gogetit." The "squeal" for Russell and Ward was made by a gentleman from Lawrence Kansas. He was on board the Missouri Pacific train coming to this city when one of the men boarded the train at Jefferson City and formed Reynold's acquaintance. He stated that he was shipping stock to St. Louis and expected to meet his partner on the road. Ward came aboard at a small station and consulted with his partner about the payment of a freight bill. Neither had money and Russell offered Reynolds the above described bond as security for a loan. Long before this Reynolds discovered the game and informed the men that he was not buying bonds. On his arrival here Mr. Reynolds gave the police a description of the two men and last night the detectives arrested them.

## CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Work at the Vulcan was resumed yesterday morning.

There is now a membership of ninety-eight in the Ancient Order of United Workmen in this part of the city.

Branch 42, Order of the Iron Hall, now has $200 of reserve fund in its treasury.

The investigation relative to the collision at Elwood street is bringing out many conflicting statements from parties in charge of the various trains.

A branch office of the American Nationalist, which commences its second volume next month and will hereafter be published as a weekly, is to be opened in this part of the city.

The new dam across the Des Peres is completed, and two or three weeks of cold weather would be worth many thousands of dollars to the Klausman Brewing Company, as well as afford the finest skating park Carondelet has ever been favored with.

The frequent delay in trains running to and fro between Carondelet and the city proper, while it is caused apparently by the numerous freight trains, is attributed by many parties to the removal of Division Superintendent Fry to Little Rock. While stationed here, with everything under his immediate control, it was very rare that trains were out of place or that one hindered the progress of another. His removal to another locality is greatly regretted here.

## EAST ST. LOUIS.

A festival for the benefit of the Colored Baptist Church will be given at the church Saturday evening.

The meeting of the Council, which was to have taken place last night, was postponed till to-morrow night.

The blacksmith helpers at Elliott's Shops will give their first annual ball Friday, 29th inst., at Flannigan's Hall.

T. J. Woodruff, the young man from Jersey City who was arrested last evening for pursuing a little girl a mile for some reason which he was unable to explain, and attempting to drive away a horse and buggy belonging to Mr. Bryant, was released by the Marshal this morning.

D. C. Smith was arraigned before 'Squire Dragoon this morning for preliminary examination on a charge of assault to kill, preferred by W. H. Rowland. Smith assaulted Rowland with a blunt instrument, supposed to be a hammer, on the 6th inst., striking him over the head and body, inflicting serious injuries. Smith was bound over for the grand jury in the sum of $400.

## SHAVING MATCHES.

### The Fastest Barbers in the City—Quick and Rapid Shaving.

An announcement made yesterday of a fast shaving match between a St. Louis barber and an artist from Mexico, Mo., for $200 a side, was in all probability not founded on facts. None of the leading barbers, white or colored, know anything of the proposed contest. A POST-DISPATCH reporter in an effort to discover the name of the St. Louis principal picked up some information as to fast shaving. "Tom," the standby at Hickman's, said that he had witnessed many a fast shaving contest. It is possible for a man to shave another in two minutes, but when it comes to giving the customer satisfaction, that is a nice smooth shave twice over, not what you would call close, but smooth, and dressing up his hair properly, it cannot be done in less than five minutes. There are barbers in this city who, during a busy hour, turn out eight men an hour in first-class style. A New Orleans barber once shaved thirty men in an hour, but then the work was not done up in business style. At Etling's barbershop there is a young man who can shave a customer in seven minutes. There are some very fast barbers in this city. Any one of them can turn a man out of a chair in from five to six minutes. Mace Allen and Tom Bush at the Southern, Charley Sims, who is running on the railroad just now, Sam Smith at the Hotel Barnum, James A. Johnson at the Lindell, Amos White, proprietor of the Littie Lindell, Ed Anderson and Frank Gieston are perhaps the fastest in the city."

"Don't the barbers in a shaving match have trouble in securing a subject?"

"Oh, no; they sometimes sit for each other."

"What are the terms of a match generally?"

"There is a referee appointed, and then each contestant selects a man who has about two days' beard on his face. The man must go into the chair perfectly dry. The barber must lather him, shave him twice over and dress and comb his hair and moustache if he has one. The referee sits and keeps time and a sort of tally, as time and execution are both considered. They generally have a score of a hundred, and each little wrong break counts so much off. If the barber cuts his man enough to draw blood he loses the match. The referee examines the shaved man after he is out of the chair, and counts off so much for "patches" that have not been shaved smooth. It is great fun to see two old-time barbers galloping over a pair of faces at a two-minute gait, and we have got here in this town the fastest in the country. Let somebody say they ain't and for how much, and man and money will be ready."


## DIAMOND EAR-RINGS FOR NEW YEAR GIFTS.

Before purchasing
Examine the choice solitaires
And low prices we offer.

Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... $ 20 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 25 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 35 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 40 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 50 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 60 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 75 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 100 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 125 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 150 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 200 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 250 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 300 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 400 a pair
Solitaire Diamond Ear-rings at..... 500 a pair

And from $500 up to $3,000 a pair.

We can please you in
Style, quality and price.
Will be happy to show you our goods.

MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,
FOURTH AND LOCUST.


## THE JUDICIAL CONFERENCE.

### Nisi Prius Judges Preparing Amendments of Law for the Legislature.

An adjourned conference of the Nisi Prius Judges of the State is being held to-day in the Circuit Judges' private consultation room at the Court House. It will be remembered that during the summer the Circuit Judges met here at the call of Judge Thomas, of Jefferson county, for the purpose of discussing informally the incongruities and omissions of the statutes relative to circuit court practice and jurisdiction and the defects in the law generally. Committees were appointed to report to an adjourned conference upon recommendations for an amendment of the laws, to be submitted at the approaching session of the Legislature, thus carrying out a provision which calls upon the *nisi prius* judges for suggestions, etc., to be reported to the Legislature. The conference is formulating to-day a series of amendments and the result of its labors will be submitted to the State Assembly. The following Judges are in attendance: Judges Thomas, Geiger, Edwards, Burckhardt, Given, Gantt, Burton, Fox and Seay, of the State circuits, and Judges Adams, Barclay and Van Wagoner, of this city. Judge Thayer, the secretary of the conference, is absent at Sedalia delivering an address before the State bar on "Jury Law." Among the suggestions for amendment of the laws is one submitted by a young attorney, Ed. L. Gottschalk, as follows:

Section 3198, page 539, statutes of 1879, provided for a boarding-house keeper's lien upon baggage and other articles of guests, also upon the wages of the guest, for boarding, lodging, etc. Section 3199, referring to section 3197, provides for the enforcement of the lien. Yet it has been decided that there was a case of omission as to wages, as section 3,197 provides for a sale of the boarder's property and says nothing about wages. The Court of Appeals holds that garnishment does not lie for wages of less than one months' standing.

It is proposed to strengthen the law giving the landlord creditor a lien upon a boarder's wages. The conference is held with closed doors.

### The Police Commissioners.

Mr. David Caruth, Police Commissioner, stated this morning that he expected and would thankfully accept a re-appointment to that position. There has been, of course, considerable personal annoyance attached to the office, but then Mr. Caruth believes that every man should do the state some service, and he is willing to do it some more. As to the Commissioner to succeed F. X. McCabe, who will not accept reappointment if tendered him, the best informed people, such as W. C. Jones and Joe McIntyre, seem to have unanimously agreed that Joseph A. Robertson, the attorney and theatrical manager, will be offered the position, which he could have had last summer for the asking, and which he would have taken were the times less turbulent. With gambling suppressed and no election at hand the lot of a Police Commissioner is a few months to come will be a happy one.

## BELLEVILLE.

The County Commissioners are in session, and are agitating the subject of drainage in the American bottom.

Messrs. Eisle & Kehler, brewers of Mascoutah, have failed. The liabilities are $8,000; assets, $11,000. Mr. Frank Perrin is the assignee, having furnished $20,000 bonds. This suspension is on account of their failure to receive foreign collections.

'Squire Bauman has not decided the suit brought before him yesterday by Richard Beal who accused his companion of purloining his gloves during a Christmas spree. The ablest attorneys in the county were employed in the case and consumed most of yesterday.

## JECKO'S COURT.

### A Large Docket Disposed of by His Honor To-Day.

### How John Mather Celebrated Christmas, Ellen Kenny Disturbed the Peace and Wm. Nevill Obtained a Change of Venue.

To-day Judge Jecko had a second installment of Christmas cases docketed in the First District Police Court. The first case was that of a white hatted granger, who came to town to spend the holidays. His first investment was in several doses of city "boose," which made Mather another man, with an entirely different temperament and propensities, with an irrepressible inclination to batter somebody into jelly and tear the town wide open and have a regular circus. When he got himself outside of several drinks of Poplar street whisky, he swaggered through that end of town hurling defiance to the denizens. He ran against a stump, however, in the person of a tough citizen who said he didn't care a curse whether Mr. Mather was a "rip snorter from Butler" or not, he didn't propose to have his rights trampled upon by anybody. Mather was itching to "whip somebody," and he accordingly sailed into the above designated tough citizen. The hardest hearted of those who gazed upon his disfigured face this morning as he peered out of the "cage" could not but pity him. Had he become entangled in a threshing machine or tumbled into a patent carpet renovator his would have been an easier lot. His cheeks had suddenly risen in mounds before his blood-shot optics, necessitating holding his head at a ridiculous angle to obtain a glimpse of his surroundings. Three of the incisors which yesterday held place in his upper jaw were missing, and a horrible suspicion lingered in his troubled mind that he had swallowed the indigestible ivory. There was not a button left on his coat or vest, and a paper collar and boiled shirt were irreparably wrecked. Judge Jecko sized up the ludicrous mass of humanity, heard a statement of the case and after administering some advice, which Mather listened to with a troubled mien, he stayed the fine and the defendant left inquiring for the nearest doctor or barber-shop.

Ellen Kenny was on trial to-day on a charge of disturbing the peace and the unlucky defendant had four women neighbors witnesses against her. The disturbance took place at Eleventh and Washington avenue where the five women lived. When the defendant took the stand she denied having used the hard names, and was frequently interrupted in giving irrelevant testimony by the City Attorney, who said "I object, your Honor," and was of course sustained, and the witness relieved on that point. One of the women who sat in the witness chairs profited by the law lesson, and when the defendant reached that part of the narrative touching the part taken by the attentive witness she slowly arose and, addressing the court, said in a loud voice, "I object, your Honor." After the titter in the audience had subsided the court instructed her that the privilege of objecting was not accorded to witnesses in the law courts. On motion of Mr. Smythe the case was dismissed at costs.

Wm. Nevill, who was charged with being drunk on the street, was one of those irresponsible defendants frequently coming before the court. Judge Jecko cut short his speeches a dozen times and was rapidly losing patience. Nevill came to understand that he had incurred the displeasure of the court. The officers made a clear case of drunk against him and when the defendant was asked if he had anything to say he replied:

"I think, your honor, I have some rights ——"

"The court knows you have rights and will respect them. Do you——"

"Well, I want those rights which——"

"Now, look here, sir," said Judge Jecko, seriously, "if you have nothing to say I will fine you."

"I have something to say. I want a change of venue."

"Is that all you have to say?"

"Yes, I want a change of venue."

"Well, I'll fine $5 and you will get a change of venue to the Work-house in default of the payment of that fine.

### ROLLER SKATING

At the Natatorium, corner Nineteenth and Pine streets, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Matinee every Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

### COOK'S IMPERIAL CHAMPAGNE.

The rich vintage of '78 now ready for market; naturally fermented in bottles; guaranteed pure and equal to the best imported.

### He Was in the Secret Service.

Major Henry Newman, of Randolph, who followed "the stars and bars" during the late unpleasantness until the dull thud came, was talking to a Kentuckian in the rotunda of the Laclede Hotel this morning. The gentleman from the Blue Grass State said something about having fought for the Confederacy. Newman replied:

"Who were you with? I was a staff officer in the Western army and knew nearly everybody."

"I was in the secret service," replied Kentucky.

"Oh, you were. Well, if we had all the men who were in the 'secret service' out in the field, we would have driven the Northern army north of Mason and Dixon's line and clear over into Canada. And another thing I have always thought, that if we had had every man who 'fought with Stonewall Jackson,' the war would have been over in three weeks from the time Fort Sumter was fired upon."

The Kentuckian changed the topic of conversation by an invitation to sample the favorite product of his State.

N. Scott, Bethany, Mo., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters entirely cured me of liver complaint."

### The Law Courts.

In the matter of the assignment of Michael Cullen the assignee was discharged to-day in Circuit Court No. 2.

A special jury is ordered in Circuit Court No. 2 for trial of the case, A. C. Dyas et al. vs. Chris. Harrison.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to Thomas Cunniff, executor of John Connell, estate valued at $2,200.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to Julius S. Walsh, administrator of John A. Walsh, estate valued at $90,000.

The Probate to-day in the matter of John B. Carson's estate ordered the administrator James O. Carson, to give a new bond in the sum of $30,000.

The judgment in the case of Lichtenstein Bros. & Co. against E. W. Lansing & Co. was set aside to-day in Circuit Court No. 2, by Judge Lindley, for irregularity.

A suit was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Frank L. Jones against Samuel H. Shannon to enforce payment of a judgment for $512 50 and costs obtained in an Illinois court.

Judge Lindley to-day granted appeals to the Court of Appeals in the old Times case relative to the distribution of the fund derived from the sale. Neither the trustee nor the bondholders are satisfied with the court's division of the fund.

Judges Lindley and Lubke joined the conference of Nisi Prius Judges this morning. The subject discussed before recess had reference to the relation of witness and counsel, the attitude of the court in protection of the witnesses, etc.

Judge Lindley to-day overruled the motion to set aside the nonsuit in the case of Priest against Fales relative to the deed of trust on the old Theater Comique property, a proceeding to set aside the sale, litigation growing out of the settlement of the estate of Ben De Bar.

A petition for divorce was filed to-day by Mrs. Ida M. Leffingwell, nee Crane, against Chas. M. Leffingwell. They were married in Oneida county, N. Y., February 16, 1870, and lived together until June 1, 1881. There is one child of the union, 5 years of age. Mrs. Leffingwell alleged that her husband failed to support her and was addicted to habits of drunkenness.

In Circuit Court-room No. 4 carpenters are engaged this week in constructing a door and entrance to the bench direct from the Judge's private room. Judge Horner hopes thus to escape the annoyance of counsel, clients, jurors and witnesses struggling with each other to catch the ear of the Judge before he mounts the bench. The impropriety of such appeals never suggests itself to the minds of some people.

"'Tis more brave to live than to die." Therefore don't wait till a slight Cough develops itself into consumption but secure a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at the small outlay of 25 cents, cure your cough and live on happily.

### SPORTING SUNDRIES.

#### A Prize Fight in New York—Base Ball and Racing News.

George Fulljames and Frank White, the lightweight champions, after several attempts finally met at New York on Saturday evening last in a private room and fought seven desperate rounds with hard gloves for a purse of $500. The fight was even throughout, and the result can scarcely be said to determine the relative merits of the two men. At the close of the seventh round, which was brought to an end by Fulljames throwing his opponent by a cross-buttock, the excitement was indescribable, the seconds of both men claiming fouls. The principals discarded their gloves and went to fighting with bare knuckles. They were separated in a few minutes, however, the referee allowing a foul in favor of White. The battle lasted one hour and thirty minutes and was witnessed by a number of brokers and men about town who contributed to the purse of $500.

Dennis Driscoll, the well known pedestrian of Lynn, Mass., and E. L. Holske, of Salem, Mass., have signed articles for a fifty mile walking match, for $200 a side. The contest will take place in Boston, January 6th. Holske is to be allowed 440 yards start.

George Hazael, the six-day pedestrian, intends to open a public house on his return from England. Albert Smith, Hazael's backer, offers to match him against any man or men in the world for a hundred mile contest, for any amount from $1,000 to $5,000, the race to take place at Madison Square Garden, New York, in March. Fitzgerald, the winner of the late six-day contest, will be allowed five miles start. Hazael is expected home from England in about two months.

John McCormick, of Chicago, has issued a challenge to John Dobler, of the same city, for a one-hour running race, for any sum of money from $100 to $500.

The New York Athletic Club will hold their annual amateur championship boxing and wrestling meeting at Tammany Hall, February 24. The conditions are as follows: "Boxing, feather weights, 115 pounds and under; light weights, 135 pounds and under; middle weights, 158 pounds and under; heavy weights, over 158 pounds. The wrestling will be for light and middle weights only, the same scale to govern as in boxing."

#### BASE BALL.

A statement of the profits of the American Association Clubs for 1882, taken from the books of each club, shows that St. Louis cleared $25,000; the Athletics, $20,000; Cincinnati, $15,000; Allegheny $7,000; Louisville, $7,000, and Baltimore, $5,000.

Hugh Daly, the one-armed pitcher of the Buffalo's of last season, has signed with the Cleveland's for 1883 at a salary of $2,000. This club has now Bradley, McCormick and Daly as pitchers.

Joe Gerhardt, of the Louisvilles, propose to make an application for reinstatement to the League next December.

The Northwestern Base Ball Association will retain last year's League rule, that the ball must be delivered below the waist.

Poorman, who played last year with the Metropolitans, has signed with the new Toledo club as pitcher.

It is rumored that Strief, of Cleveland, has signed to play second base for the St. Louis Club.

#### TURF NOTES.

Fred Archer, the great English jockey, will come to America.

A trotting meeting will probably be held in Louisville, this spring.

Milton Young, the well-known Kentucky turfsman, was married last week to Miss Lucy Spaulding, of Richmond, Ky.

Lord Marcus Beresford, of England, has shipped to this country a choice lot of thorough-breds. He intends starting a racing stable here.

The annual race meeting at Augusta, Ga., which was to have been held this week has been abandoned, all the horses in that section of the country having been sent to New Orleans.

The Dwyer brothers were the largest winners on the American running turf during the season of 1882, their winnings in stakes and purses aggregating $74,275. Three horses—Runnymede, George Kenney and Hindoo—won nearly $50,000 of this amount.

#### NOTES.

Mlle. Louise Armaindo has challenged any man in America to ride a 26-hour bicycle race on even terms, or a six-day race, 12 hours each day for $500 a side and the championship of America.

The match game of racquet, between Joseph Gray, the champion of England, and Henry Brookes, the champion of America was played at New York last evening and won by Gray. The match was for $500 a side and the championship of the world.

"Buchupaiba."

Quick, complete cure; all annoying kidney, bladder and urinary diseases. $1. Druggists.

### MILLS AND AVERILL.

#### Clothing Made to Order.

We wish to call your attention to the largest stock of woolens to be found in St. Louis. From these goods we are prepared to MAKE CLOTHING TO ORDER at reasonable prices, preferring to make our profit on volume of business rather than in excessive charges. If you intend to have an overcoat, suit or a pair of pants this week, call and examine our stock, at southwest corner Fourth and Olive streets, before you make a purchase.

LADIES—For New Year receptions should wear the Acme Slipper. Prettiest fitting slipper made. ABER'S, 217 North Fifth street.

### NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Prof. Fred. Haid, of the German department of Jefferson School, aided by Misses Ada Spencer, Laura Hynchman and Minnie Imsiepen, will give an entertainment on the evening of the 28th instant at Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets.

The members of the North St. Louis Chess Club, recently reorganized, were last night engaged in a very exciting contest for local supremacy. Judge Ph. Stremmel, who until a late date enjoyed the distinction of being the club champion, was worsted by his chief rival, Mr. Patrick Monahan. An excellent lunch was set by the latter gentleman at the close of the contest.

☞With Diamond Dyes any lady can get as good results as the best practical dyer. Every dye warranted true to name and sample.

## ON THE RIALTO.

### A Speedy Decision on the November Corn Case.

### The Merrie Krewe--A Call Board Clearance--Notes, Etc.

The Board of Directors commenced the hearing of evidence in the November corn case yesterday, a portion of the testimony being read to them by Secretary Morgan and the Board, then adjourned until to-day at 2 p. m. It is understood that an attempt will be made to finish all the evidence this afternoon, and if this can be done the board will meet again after supper. The arguments will then be heard, and the case finished by to-morrow forenoon if possible, with a decision rendered before noon. A morning paper states that if the longs are not satisfied with price fixed upon by the Directors, they will carry the case to the courts. This is not alone false, but does an injury to the gentleman on the long side. Gen. Grier, who has so ably conducted the longs' side of the case, said to a reporter:

"When we commenced the hearing of this case, and before any evidence was introduced, the principal shorts, and myself, speaking for the longs, pledged ourselves, in open meeting, to abide by the decision of the committee, subject only to an appeal to the Board of Directors. This meant, as I take it, that the decision of the directors should be final, and the case would not go outside of the Exchange. Now, sir, you can say for me and the other longs that we will stand by the Board of Directors' verdict, no matter what it may be. Our word of honor is pledged to do this."

#### THE MERRIE KREWE'S MISSION.

The Mission of the Merchants' Exchange Merrie Krewe will not end with their entertainment on the last day of the year in the Exchange. The crew is now an organized body, with excellent financial backing, and will be as much of a pride as well as of enjoyment to the citizens of St. Louis as the celebrated Veiled Prophets, with their annual display of magnificence and grand ball. It is learned on excellent authority that on Tuesday of Fair week the Krewe will give a daylight procession through the streets of the city. The display will be gotten up in an expensive and elegant manner, but the subjects will be humorous and conducive to much amusement. This procession, followed by the Veiled Prophets pageant at night will offer attractions to other cities and the country that cannot fail to attract an enormous crowd to the city. At night the Krewe will give a ball entirely separate and distinct from the V. P.'s, and at which the invited guests can enjoy themselves as thoroughly as if at the perhaps grander affair in the Exchange Hall.

#### CALL BOARD AISLES CLEARED.

At the 10 a. m. and 11:30 a. m. calls to-day the following order was read by Caller Carr: "At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the following order was adopted and the caller instructed to read same at the call and to enforce the provisions thereof:

For the protection of those who rent chairs the space in front of the front row will be reserved exclusively for the caller, the reporters and telegraph operators. No attention will be paid to bids or offers made from the telegraph counter or the aisles within the railing. Non-chair-holders may, however, make their bids or offers from and behind the last row, either within the railing or from the outside. The aisles must be kept clear to admit messengers."

The caller informed the members that he would enforce the order to the letter and called upon them to help him carry it out by complying strictly with the instruction of the director, in the matter. This blocking of the aisles and vacant spaces at the Call Board has been an unmitigated nuisance for a long time, and the carrying out of the above instructions will result in an orderly and respectable call.

#### NOTES.

Between 40,000 and 50,000 bushels of oats are being loaded into the barges for shipment by river to New Orleans. This will make a hole in the stock here.

The first caucus of the Merchants' Exchange for the nomination of officers for the coming election will be held to-morrow, commencing at 3 p. m. The opposition caucus comes off the following day.

The stormy, lowering weather made the Exchange hall so dark this forenoon that it was found necessary to light the gas, and the rare but beautiful spectacle of the brilliantly illuminated room was seen.

A Chicago telegram states that the bulls on pork are weakening in that market. Hutchinson and some of the packers are selling freely, and the Jews—Lindblooms and others—closing out some of their long pork.

Of all the important products of this country, cotton to-day is the only one below the average price of the last five years. A dealer figures that cotton is $7 50 a bale lower than this average, while grain and other products are all higher.

This mild, damp weather is having a bad effect upon the corn, softening that which had almost hardened and keeping that already soft in the same condition. Inspections of No. 2 are not running in the same proportion with other grades as a week or so past.

There was any amount of noise in the "pit" and around in different spots on the floor, but there was more sky-larking going on than business. The boys are getting in trim for Saturday, when they will be ripe for fun and the old year will probably go out with a hurrah.

Headache Cured.

Headache, no matter from what cause, positively cured in ten minutes. 414 North Seventh street. Leslie E. Keeley, M. D. P. D. Cordell, assistant.

### A Curious Marriage Vow.

From the London Standard.

In a trial recently a curious document was produced which was called forth by the marriage of the Count de Sulz, a Roman Catholic, to Azatha Countess of Hanau, a Protestant, in the year 1605. At the wedding the bridegroom solemnly swore to respect his future wife's religious views, and signed, sealed and delivered a deed to that effect. It was couched in the following terms: "I, Rudolph, Count of Sulz, hereby promise on my honor as a nobleman—or may the devil take me—that I will allow my future wife to remain in her religion, nor will I offer her any inducement in the slightest to abandon it. I have at home two bibles; if that be not enough for her, I will get her two more. Morever, it is her body, not her soul I take. I shall remain in my religion, in which I have been brought up from my youth. I know that I am on the right road; if she won't go to heaven, let her go to hell. Signed: Rudolph, Count of Sulz.

J. B. Sudduth, La Grange, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is giving entire satisfaction, and my customers are all pleased with it."

### Alison on Dickens.

From the London World.

If all books professing to be humorous were as funny as the just published autobiography of the late Sir Archibald Alison, life would be less sombre than it is at present. Though Sir Archibald's "History of Europe" was certainly very long so no one would have been unkind as to call its author Mr. Wordy had it been as amusing as this "Account of My Life and Writings." The writer is, of course, mainly concerned with the great themes indicated in his title; but now and then he is good enough to devote a few lines to less important subjects, such, for example, as the works of Dickens, which suggests the following delicious remarks: "I never had any taste for those novels the chief object of which is the paint the manners of foibles of middle or low life. We are, unhappily, too familiar with them. If you wish to see them you have only to go into the second class of a railway train or the cabin of a steamboat." This, as a whole, is supremely precious, but the refined sadness expressed in the one word "unhappily" is too, too utterly consummate. Sir Archibald tells us how when Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton and similar people who had not written a history of Europe sat awed and silent in his presence, it was his gracious habit to put them at their ease by "saying something ridiculous," and this must have been as easy as it was efficacious. Mr. Wordy did not appreciate Dickens, but how thoroughly Dickens would have appreciated Mr. Wordy!

Funnell Bros., Ozark, Mo., say: "Brown's Iron Bitters is giving better satisfaction than any other medicine we handle."

### HURT AT A DANCE.

#### Row at a Colored Festival Results in Serious Injury to Harry Reid.

James Henry and Harry Reid, both colored, became involved in a difficulty at 2 o'clock a. m. to-day, while the festival for the benefit of the colored church at Jefferson avenue and Papin street was in progress. Henry picked up a hatchet and dealt Reid a blow on one side of the head, inflicting a very serious wound. The injured man was taken to his home, 2625 Papin street, where Dr. Wallace was called to attend him. The exact extent of the wound, which rendered Reid unconscious, could not be decided, though his condition is considered dangerous. Henry made his escape from the hall a few minutes after the difficulty and before the arrival of the police. He lives at No. 2213 Convent alley, is 37 years of age and a steamboat hand by occupation.

Among the most efficacious of remedial agents are the medical preparations from the laboratory of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

### Hotel Arrivals.

T. Turazas, Chihuhua, R. Beccara, Vera Cruz, Mexico, are at Hotel Barnum.

B. B. Schumaker, Salsbury, Mo., B. W. Webb, Ozark, Ark., are at Hotel Barnum.

Judge John W. Henry and E. J. Johnson, of Jefferson City, Mo., are at Hotel Barnum.

E. P. Sutton, of Richmond, Va.; Wm. H. Evans and family, of Hopewell, Mo.; L. Cook, of Quincy, Ill.; J. L. Adams, of Memphis; H. Olom and G. W. Creath, of Piedmont, Mo., are stopping at Barnum's.

John Devlin, of Chicago; H. B. Shutts, of Aurora, Ind.; S. M. Poland, of Keokuk; J. L. Lane, of Kansas City; J. E. Halsted, of Parsons, Kas.: H. L. Nichols, of Alton, Ill., and J. B. Lawrence, of Salida, Col., are at Hotel Hunt.

E. J. Frost, of Winchester, Ill.; A. J. Shotwell, of Trandiad, Col.; Wm. H. McCann, of Springfield, Ill.; W. L. Paddock, of Chicago; Theo Morris, of Batesville, Ark.; F. T. Dougherty, of Walnut Grove, Mo., and T. J. Andrews, of Dallas, Texas, are at Hurst's.

E. B. Humphreys and John H. Weyl, of Sedalia, Mo.; G. A. Thompson, of Austin, Tex.; T. B. McLaughlin, Wm. H. Robinson, Miss A. Greeley, of Memphis, Tenn.; H. C. Bell, of Columbus, Ky.; W. E. Broad and family, of Santa Fe, N. M.; John Carr, of Monmouth, Ill.; W. A. Gevin, of Keokuk, Iowa; John N. Barber, of Minneapolis, Minn., are at the St. James.

L. P. Browne, of Las Vegas, N. M.; H. M. Connell, of Carthage, Mo.; R. G. Davies, of Hot Springs, Ark.; B. Magoffen, Sr., of Harrodsburg, Ky.; G. E. Stevens, of Omaha; James Hagerman, of Keokuk, Iowa; E. A. Clark, of Wallace, Kas.; W. B. Bushnell, of Chicago; N. Blum, of Buffalo, N. Y.; H. Bartlett, of St. Joseph, Mo.; J. S. Elliott, of New York; John G. Wilson, of Chicago; Geo. J. Gibson, of Peoria, are at the Southern.

Richard Wagstaff, of Lawrence, Kas.; N. McGlvan, of Harrisonville, Mo.; G. R. Davis and N. B. Jones, of Indian Territory; G. B. Simonds and Geo. Neeley, of Sedalia, Mo.; J. H. Dunlap, of Pittsburg, Pa.; J. H. Day and wife, of Nokomis, Ill.; T. R. Gibson, of Steelville, Mo.; A. N. Sevier, of Neosho; J. D. Jones, of Omaha, Neb.; Mrs. A. E. Babcock, of Buffalo, Mo.; T. B. Goodson, of Carrollton, Mo.; J. G. Blair, of Monticello, Mo.; D. D Ward and family, of Chicago; C. W. C[illegible]ville, of Conway, Ark., are at the [illegible].

Erwin M. Mollis, of Boston, Mass.; Levi Wilson, of Leavenworth; Capt. Judd T. West, of Hope, Ark.; D. L. Lyon, of Cincinnati; Gen. L. F. Hatfield, of Milan, Mo.; L. E. Green and wife, of Columbus, O.; Geo. H. Coleman, of Cincinnati; L. C. Alexander, proprietor of the St. James Hotel, Kansas City, Mo.; A. C. Litchfield, of Davenport, Iowa; R. S. Miner, Div. Supt. W., St. L. & P. Railroad, of Moberly, Mo.; James T. Plumsted, of Chicago; L. May, of New York; Morris E. Ward, of Chicago, are at the Lindell.

James Baker, of Springfield, Mo.; M. S. Montague and family, of Carthage, Mo.; J. M. Dawson, of Cincinnati; James B. Gantt, of Clinton, Mo.; Benjamin Barclay, of Muncie, Ind.; H. C. Reclus, of Louisville, Ky.; E. N. Weigel and Sib. Bayn, of Little Rock, Ark.; Mrs. E. R. Gilbert and servant and E. J. Carpenter and wife, of Cincinnati; Morris E. Ward, of Chicago; W. J. Kingsland, of Burlington; P. M. Seller, of Richmond; H. G. Goff, of Chicago; S. B. Brand, of El Paso, Tex.; Mrs. J. D. Lucas, of Pevely, Mo., are at the Planters'.

Ladies—We have received a fine line of Fancy Slippers for New Year's calls. Latest styles. Aber's, 217 North Fifth street.

### Indications.

Washington, D. C., December 27.—For the South Atlantic States fair weather, northeast to northwest winds, slight changes in temperature, stationery or higher barometer. For the Gulf States partly cloudy weather, rain in the west portion, northerly to east winds, stationary or lower barometer, slight change in temperature. For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, fair weather during the day, followed by occasional light rain or snow, slightly colder northeast to northwest winds in the Ohio Valley, stationary or higher barometer. For the Lake region occasional light snow, colder, partly cloudy weather in the south and east portions, southwest to northwest winds, in the east portion higher and in the west portion rising followed by falling barometer. For the Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys fair weather, followed by occasional light snow, northwest winds becoming variablein the south and east portion, colder weateer, stationery or lower barometer.

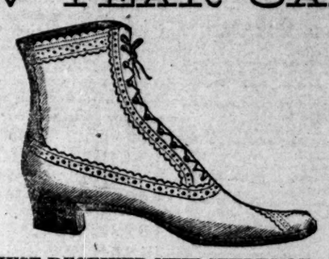
In course of some alterations at the Courthouse to-day some of the brick-work of the interior walls was removed and it was found that the bricks were one-third part hollow. Whether this was intended to produce any acoustic effect or whether it furnishes evidence of an old time ring job the architects can best determine.

They waited in vain for the street cleaning department to come around to the neighborhood of Ninth and Washington avenue, and this morning the Simmons Hardware Company got out its hose and "flushed" the vicinity.

The Lindell Hotel was leased to the company which run it ten years for $400,000, the annual rental being $25,000 the first year, increasing each year until 1882, when $52,500 was paid. The present proprietors of the hotel have just completed a new arrangement on a basis of $30,000 per year—a reduction of $22,500.

Capt. Frichte has a fine fur glove, which was found on the street, and will restore it to the owner on claiming.

NEW YEAR CALLS.



JUST RECEIVED NEW STYLES OF

LADIES' FINE SLIPPERS.

Gents' Patent Leather Shoes for Parties and Calling.

ABERS, 217 North Fifth Street.

USE

Harless' Medicated Cough

CARAMELS,

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

Depot S.W.Cor. Fifth and Market and all Druggists.

A BAD CASE.

CURED.

LADIES' AND MISSES'

CLOAKS

At Low Prices.

Satin Rhadame Circulars!

FUR TRIMMED,

$15

Up to $45. Satin Rhadame Dolmans, fur trimmed, from $12 50

Up to $35. Misses' Cloaks from $1 50

To $10.

RECEPTION DRESSES

Made to order at short notice. Cashmere and Silk Suits at low prices.

T. F. MOLONEY,

618 Franklin Avenue.

### DIED.

SMITH—On Tuesday, December 26, at 9 o'clock a.m. P. A. Smith, aged 57 years.

Funeral will take place Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from his late residence, 2113 N. Eighteenth st., to St. Michael's Church, thence to Calvary cemetery. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

BATES—In Belleville, December 21, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John P. Major, J. P. Bates, the world-renowned taxidermist.

The deceased was well-known in St. Louis. He was born in Lancashire, England, May 2, 1804. He came to St. Louis in 1844, where he resided until about a year ago, when, on account of ill health and old age, he retired from business, and has since resided with his daughter. His many friends in St. Louis will be sorry to hear of his death.

McGRADE—At 6 a. m., December 25, Thomas McGrade, aged 72 years.

Funeral from family residence, 3541 Cook avenue, Thursday, December 28, at 9 a. m.

San Francisco and Boston papers please copy.

SHELLEY—On Tuesday, at 4 o'clock p. m., at his residence, 1024 Montgomery street, Dennis Shelley, aged 58 years, a native of Clonmel, County Tipperary, Ireland.

Funeral will take place Thursday, 2 o'clock p. m., to Sacred Heart Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family invited to attend.

HAMILTON—Suddenly, at 2 p. m., December 26, Caroline, beloved wife of William Hamilton, aged 62 years 4 months 23 days.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 924 North Twentieth street, Thursday, December 28, at 1 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Pittsburg and Wheeling papers please copy.

HUNICKE—December 26, Jenny Ch. Hunicke, aged 11 years and 8 months, oldest daughter of Herman and Helene Hunicke (nee Dreysel).

The funeral will take place from the family residence, 1917 Lami street, Thursday, December 27, at 2 p. m.

GARRISON—Suddenly, of congestion of the lungs, December 26, Alice Lyle, beloved wife of C. K. Garrison, Jr.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

Chicago, Bloomington (Ill.), Buffalo, Pittsburg, New York and New Orleans papers please copy.

### The Fatal Revolver.

Cincinnati, O., December 27.—A report from Lewis county, Ky., says Col. Crawford shot and killed Pent Lyons, Monday, on Caton Creek, at Tully's store. Both were drunk and quarreled about a girl. Next day Crawford's friends enabled him to escape at the examining court. They mounted him on a horse and he rode away.

An Owensboro, Ky., special says during a fight in Staples' grocery, Christmas night, between a man named Norris and a negro, James Montgomery, hearing the noise, stepped into the room just as Norris fired. The ball struck Montgomery in the abdomen, causing his death yesterday.

### The Japanese Prince.

Washington, December 27.—The Japanese Prince and suite, in company with the Secretaries of State, of War, of the Navy and of the Treasury, General Sherman, members of the Diplomatic Corps and Committees on Foreign Affairs and Foreign Relations, have gone to Mount Vernon on the Despatch.

### Affirmed.

Washington, December 27.—The Supreme Court of the United States has affirmed the judgment of the lower court in the Indiana Drivewell case, the vote being four against four. Justice Matthews did not attend the hearing. No opinion was rendered.

### Postmasters.

Washington, D. C., December 27.—The President to-day nominated Postmasters as follows: Julius D. Bolls, Bowling Green, O.; Felipe Gomez, Monterey, Col., and Charles W. Wilkins, Riverside, Cal.

### Lumber List.

Chicago, December 27.—The Lumbermen's Exchange in the monthly meeting today decided to continue the old price list, except for joint and scantling 3 by 6 inches and 12 to 14 feet, which were reduced in price $1.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

SPECIAL 25c AND 50c MATINEE TO-DAY.

Usual matinee Saturday at 2. Every evening this week crowded to the doors.

MY SWEETHEART.

LITTLE MINNIE PALMER

John R. Rogers' Comedy Company, R. E. Graham and T. J. Hawkins.

Sunday, Dec. 31—"Squatter Sovereignty."

OLYMPIC THEATER.

Wednesday, December 27,

Mr. Joseph Jefferson,

Two performances to-day | Matinee at 2. Last time of

THE RIVALS.

Evening at 8, for the first time,

THE POOR GENTLEMAN,

Saturday matinee and night,

RIP VAN WINKLE.

Sunday, December 31—Jas. A. Herne's "Hearts of Oak."

POPE'S MATINEE AT 2. EVENING AT 8.

Matinee Prices, 25c, 50c and 75c.

Every Evening and Saturday Matinees.

OLIVER DOUD BYRON!

IN

BEN McCULLOUGH.

January 1—Madison Square Company in THE PROFESSOR.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Two performances to-day—Matinee at 2. Evening at 8, Brooks & Dickson's grand production of Colville's Romantic and Spectacular Drama,

THE WORLD,

With its magnificent scenic effects, including the WONDERFUL RAFT SCENE!

Matinee Saturday.

Monday, January 1—The Famous Original Madison Square Theater Company, in ESMERALDA.

ST. LOUIS DIME MUSEUM!

Fourth St., near Walnut.

Monday night at 10:20, when the votes were counted, St. Louis led; last evening New Orleans had the advantage. None can tell who will win where all are beautiful.

REGISTER:

| | |
|---|---|
| St. Louis | 4,668 |
| New Orleans | 6,042 |
| Courtland, Ala | 2,128 |
| Cincinnati, O | 1,402 |
| Boston, Mass | 4,916 |
| Columbia, S. C | 2,739 |
| Clear Water, Minn | 4,784 |
| Springfield, Ill | 3,706 |
| Baton Rouge, La | 1,927 |
| Hopkinsville, Ky | 1,834 |
| Memphis, Tenn | 3,388 |

FREE FRANCHISE TO ALL.

We would respectfully intimate that the contest of beauty commences again at 1 p. m. to-day.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

MR. HENRY E. ABBEY respectfully announces the first appearance in St. Louis of

Mme. CHRISTINE

NILSSON

IN A

GRAND CONCERT,

Saturday Evening, Jan. 6, 1883, at 8:15 o'clock.

Mme. NILSSON will be assisted by the following eminent artists: MISS. HOPE GLENN, Contralto; M. THEODORE HOERSTEN, Tenor, and SIGNOR GIUSEPPE DEL PUENTE, Baritone, in conjunction with the MENDELSSOHN QUINTET CLUB, of Boston. Chas. E. Pratt, Pianist.

Scale of Prices: Admission, $1. Reserved Seats, $1 and $2 extra. The sale of seats will commence on Friday, December 29, at 10 a. m., at Story & Camp's piano rooms (Agent Haines Piano), 209 N. Fifth st.

ST. LOUIS CHORAL SOCIETY.

SECOND CONCERT.

Christmas Oratorio, "The Messiah,"

Mercantile Library Hall,

DECEMBER 28, AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.

Doors will be closed during opening numbers. Associate members can obtain extra tickets at $1 each by presenting their season ticket books at the box-office

MASONIC HALL.

The most commodious, convenient and accessible public hall in the city for balls, public assemblies, festivals, etc.,

FOR RENT

by day or night. Well lighted and heated. Apply to E. G. Orear, Real Estate Agent, 307 N. 7th st.

PARK HALL DANCING SCHOOL.

SECOND term of Mr. Kaupl's school will commence Monday, December 18. Wednesday, 30th, at 3:30 p. m., for ladies, misses and masters.

☞ Gentlemen and ladies' class same nights at 7:30.

THOS. S. MELLIS,

808 & 810 Morgan St.,

Has for sale the following:

| | |
|---|---|
| Walnut Dresser Suits | $22 00 |
| Buck's Guarantee, No. 8 | 16 00 |
| Buck's Brilliant, No. 8 | 16 00 |
| Buck's Brilliant, No. 7 | 14 50 |

Other stoves and furniture in proportion. New goods Terms cash. Who can beat this?

DONK BROS. & CO.

GENERAL OFFICE, 522 OLIVE ST.,

Operators and Dealers in

ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS

COAL!

Sole Miners of the Celebrated

WHITE OAK AND BEAUCOUP COAL.

### LODGE NOTICES.

MONPAREIL LODGE, NO. 592, Knights and Ladies of Honor.—Members are notified to attend the regular meeting of the lodge on Thursday (to-morrow) evening, December 28, at 7:30 p.m. Election of officers for the coming year will occur, and other business of importance will be transacted. By order of the Protector.
MRS. M. J. COLE, Secretary.

### TELEPHONE OFFICES ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office (twenty words for *ten cents*, when not of a business nature). Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.
E. Geisler, Pharmacist, 8t. auge and Park aves.; C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison ave.; Otto D'Armour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street; John W. O'Brien, Druggist, 127 Cass ave.; J. W. Tomlohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.; Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive st.; H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau ave.; J. M. Good, Druggist, 2746 Olive st.; Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard sts.; C. Sum, Druggist, 2850 Clark ave.; Thos. S. Gluen, Druggist, 2328 Washington ave.; Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2512 Carondelet ave.; A. Szerenyi, 2746 Morgan st.; Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury sts.
Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . . 558.
Editorial Rooms . . . . . 501.

### PERSONAL.

*Purely "Personal" adertisements are charged for at the rate of ten cents for twenty words. Matter for insertion under this head can be sent through the mails.*

PERSONAL—Will the young lady (brunette) who sat with her lady friend (blonde) in second circle at Olympic matinee Monday, and who afterwards bowed from Locust street car on Sixth street to the gent who sat near her during the performance, please send her address, in strictest confidence, to N. 65, this office? wl

PERSONAL—A young widow wishes to form the acquaintance of a gentleman in the thirties, single, and tired of "hotel life," who would take up a mortgage for her and make his home in her family until paid. Best of home comforts will be supplied. References given and required; also best of security for all money advanced. Ad. K. 45, this office. wl

PERSONAL—Dott: Meet me at northeast entrance to Lafayette Park at 4 o'clock p. m. Thursday. I will be waiting with buggy. wl

PERSONAL—Broome: Are you waiting? Would like to come but am faint-hearted; can't you understand? Please answer; last attempt; had an engagement Tuesday. Essie. Seek and you shall find.

PERSONAL—The lady that took the umbrella by mistake from pew No 2, in St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, please send it to 1243 N. 13th st. wl

PERSONAL—Wanted, by a young man, stranger in the city, to form the acquaintance of a young lady; object fun. Address R. 78, this office. al

PERSONAL—Wash street: Will be happy, but have lost address. When you read this, address again, and name time and place. Wash Street. al

PERSONAL—Charley White: I met you several times on a rest with a stranger. You took no notice of me. Who is he? During the last four days, I mean. C. S. wl

PERSONAL—If the express driver that removed trunk from No. 403 S. 8th st., on Monday, December 25, will call at 317 S. 8th st., he will be rewarded. wl

### PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

CALIFORNIA ports, sherries, Angelica and brandies retailed at wholesale prices at Bleyer's, 8th and Market. 74

HORSE COVERS, HEAVY DUCK OILED. Carpet covers and canopies for hire. Thos. Morrison, No. 110 Pine street. 74

OUR family supply depot for fine wines, whiskies and brandies is the most complete west of New York, prices strictly wholesale. The Bleyer Distilling Co., 8th and Market. 74

PERSONAL—Highest cash price paid for cast-off clothing. Send note to J. Lampert, corner 8th and Morgan sts. 74

PERSONAL—"Parts of the human body enlarged, developed and strengthened," etc., is an interesting advertisement long run in our paper. In reply to inquiries we will say that there is no evidence of humbug about this. On the contrary, the advertisers are very highly indorsed. Interested persons may get sealed circulars giving all particulars, by addressing Erie Medical Co., P. O. Box 818, Buffalo, N. Y.—[Toledo Evening Bee.

PIANOS—Wheelock pianos are the best, they last a lifetime; for sale on $12 monthly payments at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive st.

PARLOR CLOCKS On Time Payments!
Goods delivered on first payment. Pictures, Mirrors and Albums same terms. Fred. H. Ingalls, 1007 Olive st.

PERSONAL—New Year Cards written by Prof. Macklin, the finest penman in the West, at the Southern Hotel. An elegant assortment. s74

### BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A route on the Post-Dispatch in East St. Louis. Apply to Jas. M. Johnston, carriers' room, bet. 2 and 3 p. m. 5

FOR SALE—One of the best millinery and notion stores in Springfield, Mo. Apply to J. B. Rosenthal & Co., 418 Washington av. 4

FOR SALE—Retail drug store, owner retiring. Good custom, prescription file, lease and location. Ad J. B. Detlef, 3111 Morgan st. 14

FOR SALE—Stand 65 Union Market, at a bargain if taken soon; 3d stand from 6th st. w4

FOR SALE—Laundry. Biggest run of transient custom in the city. Best location in town; very low rent. Ad. S. 21, this office. s4

GREAT business chance—a retail clothing business at Chester, Ill. Owner going into the jobbing business. Can prove it profitable. Ad. Y. 32, this office. 4

LATEST STYLES. F. HACKEY. FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER. 704 Olive st

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

$5,000 SCHOOL SHOES at 50c on the dollar. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. 5th. Wm. Ogle.

FOR SALE—20 packages fresh roll butter; 30 barrels pecan, hickory and walnuts; 20 dozen pairs men's wool socks, country knit. F. C. Taylor & Co., commission merchants, 116 Pine st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap, an 880 Tieman surgical case and a $25 electric battery; all as good as new. Inquire at 919 Wash st. w5

FOR SALE—One new American Sewing Machine, in good order, $20. 816 Washington av. s5

FOR SALE—Furniture of a 16 room house, cheap, on easy payments. Daniel Reed, 615 Pine st. w5

FOR SALE—New Crown Jewel hard coal stove at one-half cost. Call at once. Bryan-Brown Shoe Co. Seventh and St. Charles sts. s5

FOR SALE—Pigeons, common pigeons. 1706 S. 8th st. W. F. Osbourn. s5

FOR SALE—A young setter, five months old; will sell cheap. Ad. S. 36, this office. w5

FOR SALE—One handsome bed room set, heating stove, cane seat chairs, and large easy chair; also hair cloth sofa. 2703 Dayton st. s5

I HAVE two large ice boxes, suitable for grocery or saloon; also one large, ornamental street lamp. Will sell at a bargain. Apply to A. J. Newman, 603 Market st. f8

SAFE AND VAULT DOOR cheap at L. BARGMANN'S, 17 and 17 N. 2d st.

THE entire outfit of several rooms, carpets, furniture, sofa-lounges, bedding, chairs, lamps, etc., for $100 cash, at 1110 Olive st. w5

### CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Lot on Pine st., between 22d and 23d 25x 117 feet; good bargain. Ap. at 1124 N. 24th s;

### HORSES AND VEHICLES.

#### Wanted.

WANTED—Gentle horse for his feed, or would exchange furniture. Ap. 416 S. 7th st. wll

#### For Sale.

FOR SALE—Two large draft horses, one coal wagon and set of harness, cheap for cash. 1211 N. 8th st. f12

FOR SALE—One ice wagon with pole and shafts. Inquire at 1819 Lucas av. f12

FOR SALE—Lot of new and second-hand first-class buggies, phætons, spring wagons and harness to be sold before January. Gilbird's, 109 S. 3d st. 12

FOR SALE, cheap, a good top buggy and harness in good order, at a bargain. Inquire at 4201 N. 14th st. f12

G. F. VOGEL, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing. MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $15 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 13

### FOR RENT—ROOMS.

16 N. EIGHTH ST.—A nicely furnished front room, first floor, suitable for man and wife or gentlemen. t13

608 MARKET ST. (near business center)—Elegant furnished rooms, by day, week or month. 13

609 N. TWENTY-FOURTH ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front room for rent; suitable for one or two gentlemen. a13

830 S. EIGHTH ST.—Two rooms on 2d floor unfurnished; one room on 3d floor furnished; by January 1 will have front and back parlor furnished; five doors from Chouteau av. cars. a13

902 LOCUST ST.—Back parlor; unfurnished, $10; furnished, $12; also room partly furnished, $6; no objection to light housekeeping. a31

1008 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished front and back parlors for gentlemen, or man and wife; arrangements can be made for board if desired. f13

1022 N. NINETEENTH ST.—One large neatly furnished 2d story front room; suitable for two gents or couple without children. w13

1028 MORGAN St. a neatly furnished room for one or two gents. Terms moderate. a12

1125 WASHINGTON AV.—A suite of pleasant rooms; fur. or unfur.; none but responsible parties need apply. s13

1127 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for rent. f12

1301 CLLRK AV.—One neatly furnished roo m fronting park, suitable for two; new house. f13

1338 ELLIOTT AV.—Four rooms on first floor. a13

1417 OLIVE ST.—Furnished room for rent with or without board, and day boarders accommodated. w13

1429 MORGAN ST.—For rent, four unfur rooms. s13

1430 DOLMAN ST.—Three furnished rooms and finished garret, $12. Apply to Charles H. Frank, 706 Chestnut st. 13

1511 BIDDLE ST.—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, and one large front furnished room for gentlemen or man and wife. a13

1525 OLIVE ST.—Handsome front parlor; also other very desirable rooms; modern conveniences. 12

2110 GRATIOT ST.—Three rooms and basement. Apply at 507 S. 21st st. a13

2625 OLIVE ST.—For rent, second floor, 23x75 feet, with three rooms attached. w13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front rooms; southern exposure; suitable for gents or gent and wife. Call at 1621½ Franklin av. w13

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished rooms. 815 Locust st. w13

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished front room, cheap, for two gentlemen. Ad. S. 51, this office. w13

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, cheap, including breakfast and supper. 810 Catalpa st., (9th st., between Chouteau av. and Gratiot st). m13

FOR RENT—Two large parlors, single or en suite, furnished or unfurnished, for sleeping apartments; bath; every convenience; handsome residence. 1522 Morgan st. w13

NICELY furnished rooms for rent; centrally located. 709 St. Charles st.; inquire up stairs; rates reasonable. a13

UNFURNISHED rooms, second floor; suitable for light housekeeping. 2229 Clark av. w13

### FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1424 S. COMPTON AV.—New 6-room dwelling, bath, gas and gas fixtures, $25; also, adjoining thereto, two flats of 3 rooms each, same conveniences, $12. 14 213 N. 8th st.

1540 CHOUTEAU AV.—Furnace and all modern improvements. Apply H. C. Yocum, 905 N. Main st. 14

FOR RENT—2207 Chestnut st.; ten rooms; all modern conveniences. Apply to Chas. L. Hunt, 104 Pine st.

### FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FURNISHED rooms for rent; suitable for boarders. Call at 2009 Olive st. w13

### TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

612 AND 614 ST. CHARLES ST.—Three-story building, with basement, containing 5,660 feet floor-room; with hydraulic elevator and modern conveniences. Apply at 614 St. Charles st. f7

FOR RENT—Large building, with power, will be rented to some manufacturer. Jaynes & Co., 2d and Webster sts. 17

### BOARDING.

616 MARKET ST.—Madison Hotel; central location. Room and board $1 per day, $4 50 per week. Meals 25 per week. 18

822 MARKET ST. — Clark House, furnished rooms, with board; also, rooms for light housekeeping. w13

1122 CHOUTEAU AV.—Handsome y furnished front room, with good board, for man and wife or gent; gas and bath; terms reasonable. f13

1827 OLIVE ST.—Elegant furnished rooms, with southern exposure and first-class board; day boarders accommodated. s13

2730 WASHINGTON AV.—One nicely furnished room, with board. 18

2837 MORGAN ST.—Elegant rooms, with board, first and second floor, front and back, all having street frontage; newly furnished or unfurnished; terms reasonable. a13

3138 PINE ST.—One or two furnished rooms, with board, in private family, suitable for gents or gent and wife; also room-mate for gent. w13

NO. 1103 S. 7th st., five doors below Chouteau avenue, cheap rooms with board. 18

WANTED—To board a little girl from 3 to 5 years old; a mother's care given; best of references. Ad. L. 37, this office. s13

### HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Partly furnished small room with fire, in central part of city, by gent who will be permanent; state price. Ad. S. 65, this office. w21

### WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

I WILL trade a tin shop for a good working horse. Ad. Y. 24, this office. s24

### MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

ALL the newest and most æsthetic goods, cards, picture-frames, etc., suitable for Xmas gifts, cheap at Stephe's paper-hanging store, 413 and 415 Franklin av. 26

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin av. to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and repaired. 26

WANTED—To buy a second-hand safe; cheap and in good order. Apply at 616 S. 4th st. a26

WANTED—A competent teacher, qualified to teach the higher English branches. Ad. K. 35, this office. f26

WANTED—A medium-sized second-hand safe; in good order. Give price and address R. 85, t. o.

### MUSICAL.

EMERSON pianos have a reputation of 30 years' standing. For sale on $12 monthly payments or for rent, at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive st.

WANTED—A gentleman or lady to play dance-music for New Year's night. Ad. P. M. Hurst, West End P. O. 27

### BOOKS.

1,000 STANDARD New and old books; cash paid for libraries. Dan Linahan, Fourthand Washington av.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

### EDUCATIONAL.

JONES' COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
309 and 311 North Fifth st. Established 42 years. New classes will be formed Tuesday, January 2, 1883, in both day and night schools. Send for circulars. J. G. Bohmer, Managing Principal. s29

St. Louis Mercantile College,
Cor. Washington Av. and Fourth St.
Book-keeping, penmanship, arithmetic, etc., thoroughly taught. CARD WRITING—Wedding invitations, resolutions, etc., promptly written by our penman. For circulars call at the college office, or address FERRIN & HERFEL, Proprietors.
Evening session now open. 29

MARTIN'S Institute, Open day SHORTHAND and type-writing 615 Olive street, and evening. 22

SPANISH practically taught at reduced rates; superior advantages offered the learner; evening classes from 8 to 9:30 p. m.; Mexican papers on file in rooms at the service of students. For particulars ad. El Club Comercial Hispano-Americano, 107 N. 8th st.

THE STENOGRAPH, By means of which shorthand can be learned in less than half the usual time, 404 Market st. 20

### STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st. 24

### REMOVALS.

DR. W. B. CONERY has removed his office to No. 704 Olive st. Office-hours, 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. 25

### LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A gentleman's watch-charm. Apply at 105 N. 8th st. (M. A. Wolff & Co.'s) to J. D. Finney.

LOST—While driving from Four Courts to Fourth and Pine sts., a set of building specifications. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at 621 Locust st. w30

LOST—A setter dog, tail, light brown with white breast. $5 reward by returning to 2005 Rutger st. f29

LOST—Red indexed memorandum book full of accounts. Leave at 702 Olive st., care Jones Bros. & Co., and get reward. w30

ST. LOUIS, December 26, 1882.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has lost certificate No. 3 of the St. Louis Vise and Tool Co., for two shares of its capital stock, dated May 16, 1881, made in my favor, and that I have made application for a new issue of stock and to have share No. 3 canceled. Jas. D. Parsons. s30

### FINANCIAL.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; no charge for loan; business confidential. F. W. Peters & Co., 620 Chestnut street, room 18.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no broker's fee or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 31

MONEY loan on furniture without removal, by Daniel Reed, 615 Pine st. w1

Money to Loan.
$50,000, $10,000, $2,000, $1,000 on real estate in city and St. Louis county at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY & CO., 203½ Olive street.

MONEY TO LOAN on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. 8th. 31

### ALL SORTS.

A. MARKS
1107 Franklin avenue.
First-class glazing at lowest prices. Twenty-five per cent discount on regular rates. A full line of mirrors and picture frames.

BIRDS, FARROTS, pet animals, gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 625 Olive st.

BUTTER CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. WM. N. TIVY. HONEY. 621 N. Second st.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather, at R. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery, 215 North Fourth st. 32

HEATING STOVES AT COST. F. M. Campbell & Co., 1015 Washington av.

PARLOR CLOCKS On Time Payments!
Goods delivered on first payment. Pictures, Mirrors and Albums same terms. Fred. H. Ingalls, 1007 Olive st.

### PROFESSIONAL.

DR. P. G. VALENTINE, Homeopath, has taken an afternoon office at 919 Olive st.; office hours 2 to 5.

MRS. H. TYLER WILCOX, M. D., No. 1113 Garrison av. 34

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

#### Book-keepers.

A THOROUGH accountant wants situation or would post and balance books by the hour; refs.; terms moderate Ad. Y. 60, this office. s28

EXPERIENCED book-keeper, now with large wholesale house, desires to make a change; best references, present firm and others. Ad. Y. 36, this office. w26

#### Clerks and Salesmen.

SITUATION by young man of 28, with some reliable cut

RN UNION SUIT.

e Dividend Case—What w Officers Say.

December 27.—In the suit yesterday, brought by Wm. inst the Western Union pany and its directors to company from paying 35,000,000 of its capital it was claimed, was Judge Arnoux to-day ion in the Supreme Court, exhaustively reviewed the ed as follows: "The motion against paying any dividend f the capital stock, being hares thereof as was dis- ock dividend in question, is ther respects the motion is

F RUFUS HATCH

company, in which a mo- r a renewal of the ion obtained several years ex also rendered a decision ion for a renewal of the st the declaration of the e stocks specified. Notice tion has been served o-day, but its effect is mere- ding a few small holdings. Hatch only paid the dividend ions: As this is part of a e stock, it is claimed that dings on the other looked for. The Com- A reporter called the office of the Western Company and saw the law leave had been asked to before a court which, if the effect of the injunction matter can come up Court of Appeals. on this motion will doubt- -morrow.

to the enjoining of against the pay- dividend of $15,526,590 tock, it was said that the vidend began as soon as it as is usually the the company, and nowledge of the court, t an injunction to prevent The payments began about and by this time nine- of the amount has It would there- very difficult to select capital of $80,000,000 the 9 against the payment of pany has been enjoined. is declared

SPECIFIC DAY

s mentioned for convenience but it had yet to be learned by law to prevent money be- if convenient, as soon as declared. The declaration s aside a certain portion of e paid to stockholders, and d cannot be used in any the company, but be- individual stockholders. them, therefore, is only hands what is legitimately a special day is mentioned ix a time by which money o transferred, but compel the company in their hands ted time. The payment of vance of a specified day is g new, as can be easily necessary.

the Dickson Case.

December 27. — Witness atement that the entire con- ed by Bowen as occurring and Dickson actually oc- witness and Bowen. Driver ed, despite many at- detail the conversa- owen on Monday last, ely asserted by Dickson's en had confessed to Driver timony was perjury, and n a tool of Cameron and ent prevailed, and the ed that the defense arrest y.

Left Town.

mber 27.—Chas. G. Morris, iness man and active Re- n of Monroe, this State, rted, has left town. It is re- umstances not very favor- facts in reference to the ery close.

Be Prosecuted.

mber 27.—Friends of ex- Agent Wordell have paid mount of his forgeries, but fere with his prosecution, for trial and lies in jail.

ecovering.

L., December 27.—Arthur t, who it was feared was a fall from a building in a couple of weeks since, is is injuries.

S CONDITION.

Who Examine Him ice It Precarious.

or Kring to-day received the Drs. Bauer and Carson ller's condition. The phy- he his removal to better ndings positively neces- he prolongation of f he remains in ges from which he is now ult in consumption. This esented to Judge VanWag- ibal Court, without delay. Kring's removal to the City release on bail at once. on, which is still precari- more favorable than yester- was seized with a cough- was thought would result nage, but it passed off with- ect.

ouraging Views.

J. McKinley, Presi- tate Board of Immi- been busily engaged ays preparing his annual nuscript will be finished the week and sent to The report is almost com- eption of the statistical cannot be com- nuary 1. Mr. McKinley ation to this State during been far more extensive e, but that next ould be a comparative e," he said, "most of the the railroads have been d the railroad com- gone to considerable past year advertising ering inducements to im- nd settle here from other

of people who have been during the past year," "are an industrious sort e enough money to buy the railroads have been lands having been pur- of the railroad companies probably cease. who come to Missouri nt of the cheap price of the cheap lands belong- porations have all nd the price of southwestern and ons of the State raised, mmigration will receive a

## THE COW-BOY'S PRAYER

### A Texas Christmas Story.

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

All the cow-boys on the ranche liked Briggs, because he was always so kind, so cool and brave, and had a nerve as strong as steel. He came to us one day when we needed hands and were getting ready to make a "spring drive." He asked for employment, and Bolly Jennings, the foreman, sized him up, liked his looks, and he became one of us.

"What's your name," some one inquired.

"Well, it doesn't make much difference what it is," he said, and his thin lips closed firmly; "but you can call me Briggs."

That settled the matter. There was a sharp look in his eye, which indicated that it was no one's business what his name was, and so the boys just took him at his word and called him Briggs.

Well, to shorten a long story, he lived with us for over three years and was always the same man. He worked hard and willingly, and when ahead of a stampede on a dark night, or under fire in a raid after cow thieves, he was invariably as devoid of excitement as a statue, and it seemed as if fear was a sensation he had never known.

His face was handsome, but grave, and his eyes were large and bright and of a peculiar pale blue color. When his blood was up not a muscle in his countenance moved, but his eyes would grow cold and gray and sharp, and his steady look appeared to pierce your brain, so intense was it. His form was tall, graceful and muscular, and as straight as an arrow. This will answer for a short description of Briggs' personal appearance. One night in the early part of December, 1877, Briggs shot himself while cleaning his pistol, the bullet inflicting a fatal wound—a rather unromantic way for the hero of a story to be served, but it was so.

Briggs' nerve was such that he did not believe that he was going to die, but the doctor, who had been summoned a distance of forty miles, said there was no hope.

It was then the cow-boys, rough and uncouth as they were, showed their affection for Briggs. They nursed him day and night as tenderly as a woman, and in his weakness he evidenced his appreciation of every little kindness, by a smile that brought tears to the eye. There was no woman present—only a dying man among men—but those hardy fellows, who made the prairie their home, became gentle, almost womanly in their actions.

Briggs lingered until Christmas morning, and when we saw that he was sinking fast Bolly Jennings, Jim Henderson, Ted Williams, Arkansas Bob and the rest of the boys gathered about the bed.

"Is there any hope, Bolly?" he asked.

"I can't say, Briggs, but while there is life there is hope."

"Well, there is darn little life left," and he looked at us and smiled, "but I can stand what comes. God made me a man, and there is nothing else he has made that I cannot face."

His voice grew husky then and we lifted him up on his pillow. "Boys, I have the best old mother in the world away back in the old States and I would like to see her now, but I cannot. She will never hear of my death, and it is better, perhaps, because then she will always hope to see me again. No, she must never know how I died or the life I have led. It would kill her. I—I believe I am go—going now, boys. I don't know where to, but I can face it," and a defiant smile curled his lips.

We saw the life fade slowly out of his eyes—a strange, chilly sight—and, in death, with that smile of defiance and the cold, fixed stare of his eye, he looked as if he was face to face with an enemy. It was a touching sight to see how the boys stood around the dead form of Briggs and endeavored to hide their emotion and failed.

The tears ran down the nose of Arkansas Bob like rain off the gable end of a corn-crib, and Ted Williams and Jim Henderson and several more bowed their heads while their forms shook with the sobs they would not allow to escape.

The boys dug a grave on the bank of the Brazos River, and that Christmas night as the clouds drifted away and the moonlight fell upon the snow-covered ground and sparkled amid the ice-laden limbs of the tall forest trees, we laid poor Briggs down in his narrow resting-place.

The only requiem that we sung was the roar of the turbid Brazos, as it surged and tumbled along on its way to the sea—a mass sung by nature.

When the grave had been filled Jim Henderson said: "I think we ought to have some kind of service. It ain't right, by a durn sight, to go away without sayin' somethin' over the grave. Any you fellows got a Bible?"

No one had a Bible, nor had seen one in a number of years.

"Well, suppose some one says a sorter of a prayer."

The boys scratched their heads, glanced at one another for a moment, and then looked away off into the woods.

Finally some one whispered, "Sish! Arkansas Bob's goin' to pray," and he did.

"Oh, Lord," he said, "I guess in your opinion I'm pretty tough, but I ain't askin' nuthin' for myself, it's for Briggs. He is dead now, but he was as white a man as ever walked. He never did no man any dirt, and he had a heart in him as big as a mule, and no one, as I've heard, ever said a word agin him. I don't know as what I say will have much influence, but Briggs stood well with us down here, and although I don't know much about his career, or his history, or his family, he was a man that you could bank on every clatter. He gave a sick Mexican $4 50 once for medicine, and then turned right around and nursed him through a fever, but the infernal Greaser hadn't been well more'n two days before he stole Briggs' saddle-bags. Ah! Lord, there hain't any preacher nowhere round here or we'd have him here to say something more puted to you than I can say it. I never pattered any with the Bible, an' can't just now remember a hymn song, but I'm a man of my word; I mean what I say, and Briggs, if he gets a chance, will make as good a record in heaven as any one that ever got there. He had away down in his heart, something that was square, and good and as true as steel, and O Lord, you mustn't go back on that kind of a man, cause they're too skeerce in these parts. Amen."

The prayer was as rough as Bob, but no more sincere, as was evidenced by his tearful eye, and trembling lip. After the prayer the boys ranged themselves on one side the grave and drawing their six-shooters fired a salute over their dead comrade, and while the sharp reports were still echoing through the vaults of the forest they turned and slowly left the scene.

Who Briggs was no one will ever know, but in that solitary mound on the banks of the Brazos, now matted over with rank grasses and creeping vines, rests one of the bravest men that ever faced eternity and his God.

### MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

**Theater Train to Kirkwood.**

Commencing December 29, a theater train will leave St. Louis Union Depot on Friday of each week until further notice, at 11:25 p. m.; and run through to Kirkwood.

F. CHANDLER,
General Passenger Agent.

### More Wine Imported Than Expected.

From the London Daily Telegraph.

It has long been notorious that all the wine made and concocted in France is not French wine. Many will, however, be surprised to learn that, in the land of vine, the cost of imports, chiefly from Spain, exceeds the total received for export to the whole world. The quantity derived from the Kingdom of Alfonso this year has nearly equaled the total exported from French ports or sent across the land frontiers. During the first ten months of 1882 France paid no less, in round numbers, than £10,900,000 for wines comin from abroad, whereas she received only £3,300,000 for the amount sent out of the country. The growth of the demand for external supplies has been alike startling and rapid, since in five years the sum paid for them has sprung up from less than £1,000,000 in 1877 to upward of £10,000,000 during the present year. The progress reported in the statistical returns is most remarkable—the cost more than doubling each year since 1877. These figures are, in some degree, a measure of the devastation wrought in the vineyards by the phyiloxera. It is worth notice that the importations from Spain have steadily increased year by year, while those from Italy have declined. Another fact disclosed by the returns is that so far, during 1882, England has received 45 per cent of all exports, the whole of which, we need not say, cannot be pure French wine.

For the Holidays:
Conrad's Budweiser,
411 to 419 N. Sixth street.

CALL and see Van Blarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

### WHITE ELEPHANTS.

**A Showman Writes that the King of Siam's Beasts are Not White.**

From the New York Times.

Showmen throughout this country know Lorenzo Mayo, who is now with Chiarini's Royal Italian Circus in Singapore. The veteran John Nathans, of this city, has just received a letter from Mayo, dated at Singapore, November 6, which will be read with interest by many out of the show business. Mayo writes: "Now I want to give you some of the news from China, Cochin China, Siam, India, and Singapore. We left this place last March, playing during April in Manila to big business. Then we went to Hong Kong. We had tolerably fair houses, owing to stormy weather. Then we went to Shanghai, and played to good business. A great number of Chinese mandarins and their wives came in chairs of most elaborate workmanship and fantastic figure. Some of the wives had feet so small that they were unable to walk, and women servants carried them to seats in the show. We sent our agents to Tuchow, Amay, Ningpoo, Swatow and Canton. We could not obtain the sanction of the Ja-o-tais, or Governors, upon the ground that they could not guarantee us safety from mobs or disturbers of order. The people were already alarmed by the bills which bill-posters had placed upon the walls. The fearful appearance of the tigers on the bills created great excitement among the people. Great crowds collected, and they were not easily dispersed by the authorities. Orders were sent from Pekin to the Ministers and Consuls advising that the show should stay away from those places. We thought of suing for damages, but were informed that the treaty does not mention the exhibition of wild animals. We were further told that if we insisted upon showing we might not look for protection, and that the masses would probably be arrayed against us. So we concluded to leave John Chinaman alone. Then we went to Sai-gon, in Cochin China, a French colony, and a nice place, with clean, shady streets, good hotels and barber-shops. We played to very good business. The people had never before seen a circus, and their enthusiasm cannot be described.

"From there we went to Bangkok, the capital of Siam. The King made us a proposition which we willingly accepted. We were permitted to show inside of the new building where a centennial exhibition was held. Our circus was put within this structure, so that the King, with his household, could come from his palace by a passage-way made expressly for him. We gave three private exhibitions, changing the programme each time. Four Siamese carried the King on a gilded dragon-shaped chair. Following him was the Queen. Then came the inmates of his haram, 100 or more pretty women. All of these women prostrated themselves before him and were then assigned seats behind him. The Princes and Princesses sat on the opposite side of the ring. Many soldiers were also present. The King's party was immensely pleased with the show. The palaces, temples and public buildings are magnificent. The architecture is of a kind peculiar to the country. There is more of novelty and interest to be seen in Bangkok within a few hours than can be found in China within many weeks. We had permission to visit the pagodas and colossal statuary surrounding the place. The King has fourteen very large elephants and six or seven are small ones. He has two white elephants. The latter are kept separate from the others and are tenderly cared for. They have beds to lie upon, and are attended by four or five keepers. All the boys were very anxious to see the white elephants but were much surprised when we discovered that they are the same as the black ones, the only difference being that these precious beasts have striped blue eyes, and their skin is something like a chocolate color. So you can tell Mr. Barnum that I believe he has more elephants which might pass for white ones than the King of Siam possesses. Now we are in Singapore. We shall increase our company within a few days with new artists and animals. Our route from here is to British Burmah, then Java."

TO CONSUMPTIVES,

Or those with weak lungs, spitting of blood, bronchitis, or kindred affections of throat or lungs, send two stamps for Dr. R. V. Pierce's treatise on these maladies. Address the doctor, Buffalo, N. Y.

For the Holidays:
Conrad's Fine Wines and Champagnes,
411 to 419 N. Sixth street.

### GOOD, BUT DIED POOR.

**Brother Gardiner on a Deceased Member of the Club.**

From the Detroit Free Press.

"It agin becomes my painful dooty to announce de fack dat death has invaded our ranks," said the President, as the last notes of the triangle died away. "Word has bin received dat Elder John Spooner, of Winchester, Varginny, am no mo'. He jined dis club about two y'ars ago, an' his interes' in it was unabated up to his dying hour. In his death we has lost a good man, but we has at de same time gained some valuable experience, in case we feel like accepting it. Elder Spooner believed in de motto: Honesty am de bes' policy; an' he died poo'. He loved his naybur as himself, an' his naybur had altogether de bes' of it. He had charity fur all, an' he kept his chill'en widout shoes an his wife tied down to a kalliker dress fur Sunday. His motto was Excelsior, an' his Sunday dinner was as thin an' hard as sheet iron."

"Doorin' de summer sezun, when fuel doan' cost nuffin, folks kin go barfut an' any sort of a man kin airn a dollar a day, it am well 'nuff to hang 'God Bless Our Home' ober de doah an' spank de chill'en wid a boot-jack labeled: 'Dar am room at de top;' but arter winter has shet down, de man who don't trade proverbs fur 'taters and mottoes fur bacon may make up his mind to feel hungry half de time. Elder Spooner was honest, an' darfore ragged. He was full of mercy an' pity an' sympathy, an' had de reputashun of bein' weak in de second story. I doan' advise any man to be wicked, but I desire to carelessly remark dat de real good man who am obleeged to turn his paper collars am shunned by society an' lafted at by de world. Let us now purceed to bizness."

For the Holidays:
Conrad's Fine Cognac and Sherries,
411 to 419 N. Sixth street.

### The Reason He Jumped.

From the Philadelphia News.

"Oh, yes," said the engineer, "if had a chance to become a hero by sticking to my post when the collision came; but when I reflected that my name would be spelled 500 different ways in the newspapers I changed my mind and jumped."

*** Every truth has two sides; look at both before committing yourself to either." Kidney-Wort challenges the closest scrutiny of its ingredients and of its grand results. It has nothing to fear from truth. Doctors may disagree as to the best methods and remedies, for the cure of constipation and disordered liver and kidneys. But those that have used Kidney Wort, agree that it is by far the best medicine known. Its action is prompt, thorough and lasting.

### AN IDEAL CITY.

**Principles of the Taney County Community of Missouri.**

From the New York Star.

In Wilkie Collins' story, "Fallen Leaves," some description is given of an ideal community in a Western State, where everybody is socially and financially equal to everybody else. This apotheosis of socialism has met a parallel in a remarkable discovery made in Taney county, Mo., by Mr. H. E. Sharpe, president of the Cooperative Colony Association of this city. The gentleman's experiences in "Neo-Metropolis," the Utopian city, are made the subject of a very interesting essay. In the ideal community, pecuniary wealth on one hand and poverty on the other are alike impossible. The object of the people is simply to satisfy their needs, and they find that, with a proper management of labor and scientific cultivation of the soil, this object can be attained so easily that comparatively little labor is required. All the material wealth produced is common property, as it is the result of common labor. Every man and woman learns several trades.

A fundamental principle of the community was thus stated by one of its members to Mr. Sharpe:

"Our rule is, that while no individual has exclusive right to the soil nor any of the tools of industry, he may receive his common right of usufruct, take part in the joint labors of production, and then receive of what is produced by the joint labors a share, according to the amount of labor contributed by him.

"This argument, you see, is different from that of communism, where the share given to the individual is according to a uniform measure of his needs; whereas we recognize that the needs are not uniform and, moreover, that it is best to throw the responsibility upon the individuals for the purpose of stimulating them to excellence. To be sure, we stimulate rivalry in excellence, also, by a system of prizes and rewards. In every department of agriculture and domesticity, as well as in learning, there is an annual award of prizes and honors for excellence."

It is not necessary that every one in the community should be a mechanic or a farmer. Doctors and artists may ply their professions, and receive payment for their services in "labor notes," which constitute the circulating medium of the Missouri Arcadia. These notes are certificates of labor performed. For purchases of trade, their exchange with United States money is fixed at five hours' labor to $1. By the constitution of the New York Society of Integral Coöperators, which is the official style of the community, its affairs are managed by a President and Council. The President holds office during good behavior. One member of the Council is elected for each 300 members. The elective franchise is extended to women.

As a result of this system of coöperation, marvelous sights greeted Mr. Sharpe upon his arrival at Neo-Metropolis. Utopian virtue, thrift and simplicity were found, as well as telephones, railroads, electric lights and patent window fasteners. There were no saloons nor show-windows to tempt the labor notes from the pockets of the integral coöperators. The visitor "put up," to use a common phrase, at an institution peculiar to Neo-Metropolis, a building in which the lecturer describes as very handsome, although he does not scruple to compare it with Stewart's up-town store. Under that one roof were a warehouse, carriage house, engine house, manufactories, Russian and Turkish baths, restaurant, parlors, billiard-room, smoking-rooms, meeting, lecture and school-rooms, sleeping and living apartments and nurseries. Where the boiler-shops, powder mill and menagerie were situated is not mentioned. In the grounds about this comprehensive establishment were flower and market gardens combined and hot-houses.

Mr. Sharpe breakfasted a la carte, and was impressed equally with the excellence of the milk and butter and the "staid, yet cheerful demeanor" of the waiters. It was explained to him that the latter were property-holders and solid citizens, who chose to work as waiters, and saw nothing menial in their occupation. In reply to the guest's questions a denizen of Neo-Metropolis explained the workings of the community and said:

"The business, then, of this people is to obey nature. They realize that nature has some great plan—so grand that it transcends the comprehension of the individual—and they seek to assist in carrying out that plan, as the little coral insect assists to build those fairy isles of the Pacific. The creation of material wealth, the production of corn and oats, is merely incidental to the business of life, and is not the chief end and aim."

It should be said that Mr. Sharpe precedes his description of the ideal city by stating that it is not yet in un fait accompli, but he hopes that some day it will be. That there is here in New York, and the 680 acres of land are in Taney county, Mo. The plan of organization is decided upon, and Mr. Sharpe sees no reason why Neo-Metropolis should not be something more than a prophetic vision.

CALL EARLY.

New Year Calling Cards.
We have a full line of very fine designs.
E. JACCARD JEWELRY COMPANY,
Fifth and Olive streets.

### A Brother's Signature.

From the Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

A man from a neighboring town wished one of our banks to take his note, a short time ago. The directors said they would cash the note if his brother would indorse it. The next day, in came the man with his brother's signature on the note. The bank took it and paid the money. When the note become due, the signer did not pay it and the bank notified the brother. The gentleman came into the counting-room in amazement, and asked, "What have you against me?" "Didn't you indorse a note for your brother?" asked the cashier. "Not that I know of," replied the man. "Isn't this your signature?" then demanded the bank official, producing the note. The man looked at his name, written on the paper, and rubbed his eyes. "Yes," said he, "that's my signature, sure; but I should think he might have allowed me to write it!" He paid the note.

### Smoke Preventing Deaths.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

Some one has at last been found to say a good word for smoke. The Burslem Town Council has been discussing the death rate in that town, which appears just now to be rather high, and the medical officer consoles them by pointing out that the deaths would be more numerous still were it not for the smokiness of the town. The evil effects of their bad system of drainage are largely counteracted by the smoke from the factories, which blends with the atmosphere, to act as a deodorizer; and he was at a loss to imagine how "intelligent men, and even members of his own profession," could complain of the "smoke nuisance." The doctors may be left to settle the matter for themselves; but one must admit that smoke certainly has some of those offensive qualities which belonged to recognized "deodorizers."

### Where he Dwelt.

From the Wall Street News.

A stranger of a scientific turn of mind was inspecting a Pennsylvania mine the other day, and halting before a grim miner, observed:

"My good man, have you ever dwelt upon the formalities of this wonderful treasure?"

"I niver have, soir," was the prompt reply; "I have dwelt in that bit of a shanty over there for the last ten years, and if ye are the mon who is to put in the new windy glass, you had best take a dhrop of whisky if you want to git on pleasant with the ould woman."

### Louis Blanc as a Page.

From the London World.

The death of Louis Blanc reminds me of a curious incident. More than a quarter of a century ago I used to meet him at Mrs. Miller-Gibson's, in Wilton-crescent. He was a singularly tiny man, with smooth cheeks and a bullet-head, and he used to wear a tight-fitting little coat, with brass buttons. One night a man, only half looking round, said, "Take this, please," and handed him an empty coffee-cup. He thought he was a page.

## OUR NEIGHBORS.

**Items of Interest from Towns and Cities in This Vicinity.**

### Milan, Tenn.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

MILAN, TENN., December 26.—Christmas day passed off very quietly, there being very few cases of drunkenness and no fights.——The Prentiss Club presented the drama "Down by the Sea" to a large audience at Jordan's Hall last Friday night.——Last night at the Baptist and Methodist churches there were Christmas trees, which made the little folks happy.——Cadets George Cade, Fred Collins and Will Hausbro, of the University of Tennessee, at Knoxville, are spending Christmas at home.——Messrs. W. T. Frenz, R. E. Edwards and H. P. Miller left this morning for Real Foot Lake, where they will spend a few days in hunting.——Capt. M. M. Teay is spending Christmas here.——Miss Alice Hunt, who has been attending school at Brownsville, Tenn., is now at home.——Miss Florence Blankinship returned to her home in Bolivar last Saturday, after a pleasant sojourn in our city.——Misses McGee, of Trenton, are visiting the family of Mr. W. J. House.——Miss Emma Herron, of Lavinia, is visiting relatives in the city.——Rev. F. P. Flamkin preached his farewell sermon here Sunday night to a large audience. He goes to Jackson from here.——Mr. Frank Veazy who works at Turner's gin, met with a painful accident, having his arm caught by the saws of the gin. His arm, hand and face were cut severely, but no bones were damaged.——Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Davis will give a supper to their music class on Thursday night.——Dr. Jordan and lady will give a supper to a few friends Friday night. Mrs. Lilia Deshong, wife of Mr. H. H. Deshong, died yesterday of puerperal fever.——The C. P. Church will give an oyster supper to-morrow (Wednesday) night for the benefit of the church.

### De Soto, Mo.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

DE SOTO, MO., December 26.—The public school closed for the holiday vacation Friday evening. Some of the teachers received handsome Christmas presents from the pupils. Prof. Sneiton was presented with a fine amethyst ring. Miss Mummert and Miss Toeple will spend the week at their homes in the city. Miss Grace Martin will resume charge of her room after the holidays, having recovered from her illness.——Saturday afternoon the kindergarten had a Christmas tree. Parents and friends were invited. Santa Claus was present and dispensed handsome gifts to the children, rings, necklaces, dolls and toys.——The Presbyterian Sunday school held their Christmas entertainment Saturday night, and the Episcopal and the Methodist schools Christmas night. All were largely attended.——Mr. A. F. Siawson, assistant superintendent of the Presbyterian Sunday school, received from the members and friends of the school a handsomely bound volume of history.——Miss Maggie Rankin, daughter of Mr. Corhan and wiss Mary Gehring.——Mrs. Jessie Bainbridge will spend the week in Desoto.——Miss Maggie Rankin has returned. The various secret orders elect officers this week.——Perry V. Fletcher Post, G. A. R., was organized last Saturday night, by ex-Governor Thomas C. Fletcher. Thirty-six were mustered in.

### Kansas, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS, ILL., December 26.—Prof. J. Hobbs left for Mississippi last evening to accept the Presidency of the Southern Christian Institute, situated between Jackson and Vicksburg.——The M. E. Church Sunday-school gave an interesting entertainment on Christmas Eve, which was largely attended.——Bob and Will Langford, of Terre Haute, spent Sunday with friends here.——Mrs. Zonie Hobbs, of Hannibal, Mo., is spending the holidays with her relatives here.——The ladies of the Christian Church gave a supper for the benefit of the church at Kesler Hall on Christmas night, which was largely attended.——Charley Poxton, with a friend, Mr. Parker, is at home spending the holidays.——Misses Birdie and Lillie Poxton are at home spending their vacation from the Illinois Industrial University.——Mr. Tom Sanders, of Terre Haute, is spending the holidays at his uncle's, Mr. I. T. Ewings.——Dr. D. T. Stewart, of Paris, spent Sunday with his father-in-law here.——W. B. Russell, our commercial traveler, is at home for the holidays.——Pope Wilhoit, of Paris, is spending the holidays here.——The D., O. & O. R. R. R. is expected to resume its trips this week.——The ladies of the M. E. Church will give a lunch-basket supper at Kister Hall on New Year's night.

### Astoria, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

ASTORIA, ILL., December 26.—Mrs. J. W. Merrill and Mrs. M. M. Gilbert went to Lewiston this week to see their mother, who is very sick.——Miss Alice Elliott and Miss Minnie Hopkins are visiting friends in Pana, Ill.——Frank Kost is spending the holidays at home.——W. W. Crebbs, of Ipava, was in our city this week.——Geo. Dubes is home from college on vacation.——Miss Kate Bonnel, of Griggsville, is visiting her brother here.——William Ateu came home to-day from Clinton to spend the holidays.——Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Bloomfield celebrated their paper wedding last Friday.——Miss Zimmerman, of Macomb, is visiting at James Robertson's.——W. J. Carter and wife, of Ipava, are spending the holidays with relatives here.——Mrs. G. D. Duncan is visiting relatives in Kirksville, Mo.——Irwin Carter, of Oskaloosa, Iowa, is visiting relatives here.——Mr. and Mrs. A. Bounel celebrated their tin wedding Christmas night.——W. W. Emerson went to St. Louis to spend Christmas.

### Pana, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

PANA, ILL., December 26.—Christmas was observed here in the usual manner. The Baptists had a Christmas tree and exercises at their church Saturday evening. The Presbyterians had decorations and exercises Sabbath evening, and the M. E. Church people had a Christmas tree and exercises last evening. At the close of the exercises at the M. E. Church, Mrs. J. C. Essick was made the recipient of a handsome and costly tea-set, the pastor, Rev. J. W. Higgs, making the presentation speech. The gift was made by the members of the church.——Early this morning a farm-house located about one mile southeast of town, belonging to a Mr. McFaggart, took fire and burned to the ground. The household goods of T. T. Van Allen, who had left with his family, and the household goods of Wm. Lutham, who had just moved in, were all burned with the building. Loss about $1,000.——Mrs. F. Penwell went to Decatur, Ill., yesterday, to be present there to-day at the funeral of Geo. Silsbee, the engineer killed in the collision on the Wabash Railway.

### Shelbyville, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

SHELBYVILLE, ILL., December 26.—Rev. W. C. West is back from New Mexico on a pleasure and business trip to-day.——This morning Mrs. James Horn died of heart disease, while sitting at the breakfast table. The funeral will be held Thursday.——The Methodist, Baptist and Second Methodist concerts were successes.——Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Gollogher spent Christmas in Taylorville.——Rev. J. B. Wolfe will lecture at the Second M. E. Church next Friday night.——The bills for the Grand Army of the Republic reunion next Wednesday night read: "Music by the Shelbyville Orchestra and other novelties are promised."——Mrs. S. W. Moulton will entertain several young people at her home, on South Broadway, this evening.——Miss Mary Day, of Omaha, Neb., is visiting in the city.——Mr. O. E. Reeve, editor of the Herald, was married to a young lady, near Morrisonville, Sunday. The reception was held at his father's residence Monday.——Miss Kittie Thornton, of Knoxville, Ill.; Miss Fannie Kleeman, of St. Mary's, Ind., and Mr. Effie Goldstein, of Bloomfield, Mo., are home from school.——Henry Wagner, of Bloomington, is in the city.——Eugene Clark, editor of the Gillespie Banner, is in town.——Frank Riggs, of the Windsor Gazette, Sundayed here.——Wm. and Hattie Igo are home from Springfield.

### Nevada, Mo.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

NEVADA, MO., December 26.—The Roller-Skating Rink is the popular resort in Nevada.——There were Christmas trees at most of the churches last night, and every church was well attended. At the Methodist Church Miss Effie Davis and class rendered some choice selections.——H. C. Moore will go East about the 1st of February.——Mr. Doud, of the Kansas City Stock Exchange, was in the city last week.——Miss Fannie Parker, one of Nevada's charming young ladies, rendered a nice piece at the Methodist church Christmas night.——Nat Stephens and family went to Kansas City Christmas evening to attend the funeral of his mother.——The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Graves died Sunday, December 24th, 1882.——Ed Schroeder, foreman in the Mail Office, has gone to Cedar county to spend the holidays with relations.——Mr. Harry Henniken is now in his new headquarters, two doors west of the Opera-house.——The next opening will be in the gents' furnishing goods and cloting line, which will be about the first of February, 1883.——There was quite a serious shooting affray in the southeast part of the city Christmas night, resulting in the shooting of two or three colored men. One was wounded quite seriously.

### Hillsboro, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

HILLSBORO, ILL., December 26.—Dr. R. E. Henshie spent Christmas with friends at Taylorville.——A four-year-old son of County Treasurer C. T. Tobin was buried last Saturday.——Christmas passed very uninterestingly in this city, with no exercises except a Christmas tree and children's entertainment at the Methodist church.——Robert Hubbell is home from Chicago to spend the holidays with his parents.——A surveying party of the Vandalia, Hillsboro and Springfield Railroad are in this city to-day selecting a suitable route for the road and laying off depot grounds.——Nearly all the wagon roads leading into town are as nearly impassable as they ever get, and trade is consequently at a low ebb.——A old-fashioned roystering fox hunt was participated in by many of our citizens yesterday.——The holiday trade in this city has been immense this year.

### LEGAL.

**Sheriff's Sales.**

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, to me directed, in favor of Charles A. Stockton, in the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Samuel Hardwicke defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

No. 1. The north part of lot 29 in Gratiot's addition, on the Tamm road, containing 88-100 acres.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 2ND DAY OF JANUARY, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., December 26, 1882. 4 2N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, J. H. Martin, B. Van Wisker and Charlotte Ann, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated November 18, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of said city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 1134, page 17, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Lots number thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35) of Olive street grove subdivision, a plat of which is of record in the Recorder's Office, said lots having an aggregate front of one hundred feet (100 ft.) on the south line of Richmond Place, by a depth of one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) more or less; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the condition in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the cost of executing this trust.

2N AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1883 of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Charles G. Stifel, assignee of the German Bank, and against Jacob D. Hiemenz, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

East one-half of block 734 west, fronting 50 feet on the west line of De Kalb street by 150½ feet in depth, bounded north by North Trudeau street, east by De Kalb street, south by South Trudeau street and west by center line of said block,

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 2D. DAY OF JANUARY, 1883,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Jacob D. Hiemenz of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 26, 1882. 4 1

**Assignees' Notices.**

FURNISHING goods, yarns, hosiery, store furniture and fixtures, knitting machines, etc., horse and wagon. Assignee's advertisement for sealed bids.

Dealers and others are solicited to file sealed bids for the stock of goods above-named at 412 and 414 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

The goods are those assigned by F. W. Heaser.

Parties will bid on whole stock and on any one of the classes of goods, the manufactured, unmanufactured, machines, or horse and wagon, store, furniture and fixtures.

List of goods at the store. Bids must be in by the 1st day of January, 1883. Bidders will deposit 500 as earnest money, which will be returned, if bid is not accepted.

Privileges reserved to rejection or all bids, according to order of court.

HENRY W. WERTH,
1M Assignee.

POND'S EXTRACT.

THE GREAT VEGETABLE

PAIN DESTROYER and SPECIFIC FOR INFLAMMATION and HEMORRHAGES.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract. Our Plaster is invaluable in these diseases. Lumbago, Pains in Back or Side, &c. Our Ointment (50 cents) for use when removal of clothing is inconvenient, is a great help in relieving inflammatory cases.

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped. Our Nasal Syringes (50 cents) and Inhalers ($1.00) are great aids in arresting internal bleeding.

Diphtheria & Sore Throat. Use the Extract promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

Catarrh. for this disease. Cold in Head, &c. Our "Catarrh Cure," specially prepared to meet serious cases, combines all the curative properties of the Extract; our Nasal Syringe invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and unexpensive.

Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Sprains and Bruises. It is healing, cooling and cleansing. Use our

SCHOLTEN,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
920 and 922 Olive St.
Grand Gold Medal Merchants' Exchange, 1879, two First Prizes American Institute, New York, 1882.
PRICES MODERATE.

Best Hard and Soft Coal.
St. Louis Improved Street Sprinkling Co,
723 OLIVE STREET.

HESSER & WICKHAM,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
COAL AND COKE,
118 N. Third St., St. Louis.

CHAS. WEZLER,
214 S. Fourth Street,
Is the Jobbing Headquarters for
Whiskies and Cognac.
New Arrivals German and French Sherry and Oporto Wines.

Closing Out
Our Fancy Goods before removal, at prices that cannot be duplicated in this city.
Robt. D. Patterson & Co
Chamber of Commerce, Chestnut St.

## CITY NEWS.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS are now in order, and those who have neglected their duty at Christmas have still the opportunity to make themselves happy by now buying gifts for their friends at the grand Oriental bazar of D. Crawford & Co.

### BOSTON ART FURNITURE

In St. Louis at less than Boston prices. All holiday and other goods purchased of us now will be insured and stored free of charge till Dec. 28. GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO., 809 North Fourth street, upstairs.

FOR A GOOD HAVANA CIGAR, RETAIL Or Wholesale, go to P. Roddy, 422 Washington ave.

THERE is no attraction like a beautiful skin. Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder gives it.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
822 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

DR. DINSBEER removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

DR. WHITTIER, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, treats with unparalleled success, blood impurities, impediments to marriage, nervous prostration, debility—diseases from indiscretion, excesses, exposure, indulgences. Moderate charges; safely, confidentially; advice free. MARRIAGE GUIDE, 260 pp., sealed, by mail, 25 cts.; pamphlet free. Treatment by mail, express or boat.

Blair's Pills.
Great English Remedy for Gout, Rheumatism and Kidney Complaints. Sure, prompt and effective. Oval box, $1; round 50 cts. Of druggists.

## CITY NEWS.

It will cost $7,500 to heat the House of Refuge with steam, removing coal stoves and fitting with steam coils.

Guy Smith, the boy-murderer of his father, serving a year at the County Jail, was put to work yesterday cleaning the windows of the City Collector's office.

The retail grocers this season abolished the custom of Christmas gifts to customers, and in lieu of it a subscription was taken up for the poor, which realized $1,000.

The Coroner's jury, last evening, found that the burglar John Rafferty came to his death from a gunshot wound at the hands of private watchman Tim O'Connell, who was acting in the discharge of his duty.

The joint committee of the Municipal Assembly met last night to discuss ward boundary readjustment. Mr. Kehr called attention to the unequal representation of some of the city and outlying wards. The committee will meet again on Friday, when a report will be prepared.

The Board of Health yesterday afternoon discussed the opinion of the Supreme Court relative to removal of dead animals. The board will recommend the passage of a law by the Legislature placing the whole matter of contracting for removal and rendering under the control of the board.

The Union Central Sunday School Christmas celebration took place last evening at Y. M. C. A. hall. There were exercises by the children, addresses by Rev. Drs. Brookes and Boyd, a tree distribution etc. At St. John's M. E. Church, Locust and Twenty-ninth, and at the Central Presbyterian Church, Lucas and Garrison avenues, there were likewise Christmas celebrations for the children, distribution of gifts, etc.

The Commercial Travelers' election yesterday afternoon resulted in a victory for the Western Association ticket, with the exception of Agustus Frank, who was on the ticket for third vice-president. The following are the officers: Isaac R. Trask, president; J. J. Gilmore, secretary and treasurer; Robt. A. Pendleton, first vice-president; J. E. Pitchers, second vice-president; W. F. Thompson, third vice-president; S. J. Wilson, fourth vice-president; Theo. Pleuss, fifth vice-president; Fred. M. Anderson, sixth vice-president; medical director, Geo. J. H. Leslie; board of directors, Frank Holtzclaw, T. J. Chewning, P. M. Pearson, P. M. Daniel, John Kiernan, George Krug.

The following gentlemen were elected delegates to the National Commercial Travelers' Convention, which meets July 12, 1883, in Chicago: I. R. Trask, James Bannerman, H. C. Tatum, James F. Coyle, George Krug and W. W. DeBolt.

The following were elected alternates: H. C. McNair, N. O. Nelson, W. M. Kraig, D. McClanahan, M. S. Clements and Dr. J. H. Leslie.

THE Supply Agent of the Houston and Texas Central Railroad, Mr. W. Stiles, of Houston, Texas, was thrown from his horse and received a very severe sprain. St. Jacobs Oil helped him amazingly.

THE second annual ball of the employes of the Schickle, Harrison & Howard Iron Company will be given next Saturday evening at Central Turner Hall, Tenth and Walnut streets.

## READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

## WORK AND WAGES.

### The Earnings of Railway Employes on the Roads Doing Business in Illinois.

#### Earnings Amounting to Nearly Twenty-Five Millions of Dollars Paid to the Men.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., December 27.—The biennial report of the Illinois Board of Labor Statistics, now nearly completed, will contain a chapter of unusual interest on the wages of railroad employes. The statistics are derived from the reports of all the roads doing business in Illinois, made in compliance with the statute, to the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and are, therefore, official. The wages thus reported are not, of course, specific as to individuals, but in each case they indicate the average paid by each road for each grade of service, and thus afford a means of comparison between the different roads and the different classes on the same roads, and at the same time set forth some facts as to the condition and chances of livelihood of railroad employes, with which the general public is not familiar.

AN ARMY OF EMPLOYES.

The total number of officers and employes connected with the fifty roads operating in the State is 125,807. The number required to operate the roads, as reported for the year 1879, was 61,612, shewing that the force has been doubled in a period of five years. The increase in the number of miles of main line in the State for the same period has been only 60 per cent, indicating an increase in business greater even than the increase of mileage.

The executive force now engaged in this immense transportation traffic consists of 349 general officers, 223 assistants, 52 civil engineers, 141 master mechanics, 167 road masters, etc., 5,998 clerks, 10,663 machinists, 4,727 conductors, 5,105 engineers, 7,506 firemen and wipers, 1,508 baggage-men, 6,470 brakemen, 5,884 station agents, 30,141 section-men and 11,457 laborers, etc. Of the whole number 48,673 are citizens of Illinois, and to these was paid during the year the aggregate sum of $24,731,658 in wages. The highest average of salaries paid to the general officers is that of the Michigan Central, $6,900, and the general average paid by all roads to this class is $9,772. The lowest average is that paid to section-men, which varies somewhat on different roads, but for all the roads is only $348 per annum. A computation of the average wages paid to the 6,000 clerks employed in the various railroad offices will show that, as a class, they earn only $680 per annum, though the average for many of the roads, particularly the smaller ones, is somewhat larger.

Of the great corporations, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul shows the best average, $798, while the Ohio and Mississippi and Pennsylvania company show an average for this class of work of only $540 per annum.

PAY OF THE OPERATING FORCE.

The average pay of passenger conductors, in several instances in the reports, embraces that of freight conductors also, but in general the two classes are reported separately. Omitting the averages which include both classes, the average pay of passenger conductors proper is found to be $945. The Wabash company reports all passenger trainmen—conductors, baggagemen and brakemen—in one class with an average of $746. The highest average for passenger conductors is $1,192 22, and is paid by the Chicago and Eastern Illinois. Seventeen companies pay $1,000 or over, and five pay $1,100 or over; but these are usually the smallest roads. The exceptions are the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, which reports the highest average to the greatest number, $1,170 each of 74 conductors; the Chicago and Alton, which pays $1,160 to each of 28 conductors; and the Pennsylvania Company, which pays $1,060 to each of 60 conductors. The lowest pay to this class is $600, reported by two unimportant lines.

The average for freight conductors on all roads is $802, the highest being that of the Ohio and Mississippi, which pays an average of $1,018, and the lowest being that of the Vandalia Line, which pays 35 freight conductors an average of only $522.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, ETC.

Engineers of passenger trains obtain the largest average pay received by any class of train men, but they are required to possess the highest degree of skill, courage and endurance, and are exposed to special perils, as well as physical wear and tear which materially reduces their average expectation of life. The average earnings of this class, omitting in the computation the two averages which include other classes, is $1,167. The Pennsylvania company, which is distinguished for the excellence of its equipment and service, pays the highest average to its passenger engineers, $1,614 per annum. The Ohio and Mississippi comes next with an average of $1,560, and is followed by three roads whose average is over $1,400, and by twelve others which pay passenger engineers $1,200 or over. The average for the Western trunk lines is comparatively low, but these roads classify their freight and passenger engineers together, which obscures the real average of both.

Freight engineers also rank among the better paid employes, and show an average of $954, which is a slight increase over that of passenger conductors, and proportionately more than that of freight conductors. The Pennsylvania Company also pays this class more than any other road, and more than other roads usually pay to their first-class engineers, $1,534. Thirteen companies, however, pay $1,000 or over to this class.

The average for firemen of all grades is only $554, the maximum being $743, but only four companies in the list pay as high as $700. The labor of firemen is comparatively unskilled, and the class is usually regarded as serving apprenticeship for the grade of engineers, to which very many of them finally attain.

Brakemen receive a general average of $508 per annum and baggagemen $519.

TRACKMEN, SECTIONMEN, ETC.

The tables show an aggregate force of trackmen in the employ of the different railroads reported upon of 3,882 section foremen, 31,141 sectionmen and 11,457 laboring men. These and similar classes of course compose the numerical mass of the employes on railroads or elsewhere and receive the minimum of wages. The average for foremen of the railroad gangs, as computed from these returns, is $537, that of sectionmen is $348 and that of laborers is $369. The average for ordinary day laborers engaged in other miscellaneous occupations, not on railroads, as shown elsewhere in the report, is $386.

MACHINISTS, CARPENTERS, ETC.

Large numbers of men are also employed by these railroad companies in the mechanic arts, particularly on wood and iron working. Of these classes the report gives in all 6,357 carpenters and 10,663 machinists. The averages in these classes vary from $500 to $900 per annum, and the general average for carpenters is $666, and that of machinists $673. As compared with these occupations in civil life the averages for railroad service are somewhat better. From individual reports the average deduced for carpenters is $597, and for machinists is $613.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS.

Another interesting class is that of railroad telegraph operators. Under the present method of management, all trains are run by telegraph, and operators are consequently required to possess skill of a high order. Their occupation is confining and continuous, and upon them is concentrated the greatest possible responsibility. By a moment's inadvertence, or mental confusion, induced by fatigue or unusual complications, the most fatal consequences to life and property may ensue, in spite of the wisdom of officers and the utmost fidelity and courage of all other employes combined. And this responsibility is constant and oppressive. It wears alike upon mind and body, and impairs the elasticity of both, while it always demands the best conditions of both. All success and safety in railroad management hinge upon the efficiency of the telegraph service; and this service depends more than any other upon the exact skill and faithfulness of each individual in it. Measured by these considerations, the remuneration of this class must be regarded as more meager and inadequate than that of any other class of employes. One of the most powerful and prosperous corporations in the country at large reports the average pay of its two hundred and forty-nine telegraph operators at $387.70 per annum, or $32 21 a month, a sum only equaled in insignificance by the pay of common day laborers. The average pay of 63 other operators is less than $400, and there are fifteen companies which pay less than $500 per annum to this class. There are in all 2,235 operators employed on the fifty railroads here reported, and the average wages paid by all roads to the whole number is only $509 per annum, or $42 a month. The highest average for any of the large corporations is $616 per annum, paid by the Chicago and Northwestern to 24 operators, while the highest of all is $740, paid by the Rock Island and Peoria to three operatives.

NEW YEARS.
SOLID SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED WARE.
SPOON AND FORK WARE.
CASTERS AND BUTTER DISHES.
TABLE KNIVES AND CARVERS.
COFFEE URNS AND WAITERS.
TEA SERVICES AND CUP STANDS.
ICE PITCHERS AND CARD RECEIVERS.
SOUP, OYSTER AND GRAVY TUREENS.
WINE STANDS AND EPERGNES.
Our magnificent variety unparelleled.
Our prices the very LOWEST.
MERMOD, JACCARD & CO., Fourth and Locust.

## AMUSEMENTS.

On Friday evening at the Pickwick the McCullough Dramatic Club will present "The Cricket on the Hearth."

The Natatorium, Nineteenth and Pine streets, is now open Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings for skating exercise. It is quite a fashionable resort.

The Dime Museum, with its special feature for the holiday week, the conclave of beauty, is an attractive place of amusement at a price within everybody's reach.

The grand spectacular drama, "The World," with the wonderful raft scene, furnishes a strong attraction at the Grand Opera-house this week. There is a matinee to-day.

To-morrow evening the second concert of the Choral Society will take place at the Mercantile Library Hall. The "Messiah" will be presented with a hundred voices and an orchestra of thirty-three pieces.

At Pope's, the holiday week patrons are well entertained by Oliver Doud Byron and his company in the sensational drama, "Ben McCullough." Some fine scenery is provided and the bill includes some excellent specialties. There is a matinee to-day.

There is a special matinee at the People's to-day, Miss Minnie Palmer and the Rodgers Company, including T. J. Hawkins, appearing in "My Sweetheart." The charming little actress is drawing immense houses here. She is a bright holiday card.

The first number of the Dramatic Critic, edited by A. R. Webb, made its appearance last Saturday. It is devoted to matters theatrical, musical, etc. The initial number gives bright promise of success. It is well filled with interesting news pertaining to the stage and its occupants. The little paper makes a handsome appearance.

Miss Minnie Palmer goes from here to Chicago where she will play in opposition to Miss Langtry, and Manager Rogers says he is going to get up a beauty contest and take votes on the various types of beauty. Of course he is sanguine that Little Minnie will carry off the prize—and if "cheek" has any voice in the matter we will back Rogers' star.

The sale of seats for next week's attractions commences to-morrow morning. At Pope's the Madison Square Company will appear New Year's Day in "The Professor." At the Grand Opera-house the original Madison Square Company will present "Esmeralda." James Herne's "Hearts of Oak" Company will be at the Olympic next Sunday. At the People's the "Squatter Sovereignty" will be next week's attraction, commencing on Sunday.

Mr. Jefferson appeared again last evening at the Olympic as Bob Acres in "The Rivals," supported by Mrs. John Drew, as Mrs. Malaprop, and the strength of the superb comedy company in the cast. There was a large and fashionable audience, and Mr. Jefferson's new interpretation of Fighting Bob's character received the warmest indorsement. The performance is repeated at the matinee to-day. This evening Coleman's comedy, "The Poor Gentleman" will be presented with Mr. Jefferson as Dr. Ollapod. Mr. John Drew and the entire company will appear in the cast.

NEW YEARS.
DECORATE YOUR HOMES.
CLOCKS, PARLOR AMD LIBRARY.
AFTER DINNER COFFEES.
FINE DESSERT PLATES.
DECORATED BISQUE FIGURES.
FINE VASES AND PLAQUES.
SCONCES AND MIRRORS—BRASS.
LAMPS—PARLOR, LIBRARY, STUDENT.
ANTIQUE ARMOR, UMBRELLA STANDS.
MUSIC BOXES, PARIAN MARBLES.
REAL BRONZES, EBONY CABINETS.
Our magnificent variety is unparalled.
Our prices the very LOWEST.
MERMOD, JACCARD & CO., Fourth and Locust.

### Congressman McLean.

Dr. J. H. McLean, Congressman from the Second District, is in the city spending the holidays, but will return to Washington next Saturday evening. He is delighted with life at the Capital as far as he has gone, and has a stronger desire to represent the new Ninth District than ever before, and is filled with an abiding faith that he will be able to successfully contest the seat of Col. James O. Broadhead. The doctor has been interviewed at length upon matters and things, but claims that his position towards President Arthur was misstated entirely. What he desired to say about the President, so he told a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning, was, "his able executive ability has been so marked that the best informed politicians in Washington express the opinion that he should, and a belief that he will be his own successor."

Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs and Colds: "The only article of the kind which has done me good service. I want nothing better."—Rev. R. H. Craig, Otisville, N. Y. Sold only in boxes. Price 25c.

THE ladies of St. John M. E. Church, East St. Louis, have extended invitations to the citizens to assist in making the pastor, Rev. Hiram Sears, a universal holiday donation to-morrow evening.

ACCORDING
To late advices the next
BLIZZARD
Will strike us from the direction of Minnesota, and there will be another such howling, and blowing, and snowing, and sleeting, followed by the biggest freeze-up on record "as was ever seen before." If you haven't got coal enough to stand a siege, buy it, and above all don't forget that
FAMOUS
Keeps the Boss stock of
Overcoats, Shoes
—AND—
Winter Caps for Men and Boys.
Country orders filled with promptness.

RAILROAD TICKETS!
Special Rates to all Points West and South.
E. A. Mulford Successor to
MULFORD & McKENZIE,
108 N. Fourth St., opp. Planters' House.
Twelfth and Poplar, opp. Union Depot.

FURNITURE!
Parlor Suits!
Chamber Sets!
Carpets! Rugs!
Stoves! Ranges!
Crockery, Etc.
Give Us a Call.
G. & W. BRANDON,
825 and 1005 N. Seventh St.
N. B.—For Sale, two good Second-Hand Organs.

AYER'S PILLS.
A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangements of the stomach, bowels, and liver. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS act directly upon these organs, and are especially designed to cure diseases caused by their derangement, including Constipation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Dysentery, and a host of other ailments, for all of which they are a safe, sure, prompt, and pleasant remedy. The extensive use of these Pills by eminent physicians in regular practice, shows unmistakably the estimation in which they are held by the medical profession.
These PILLS are compounded of the vegetable substances only, and are absolutely free from calomel or any other injurious ingredients.
A Sufferer from Headache writes:—
"AYER'S PILLS are invaluable to me, and are my constant companion. I have been a severe sufferer from Headache, and your PILLS are the only thing I could look to for relief. One dose will quickly move my bowels and free my head from pain. They are the most effective and easiest physic I have ever found. It is a pleasure to me to speak in their praise, and I always do so when occasion offers.
W. L. PAGE, of W. L. PAGE & BRO."
Franklin St., Richmond, Va., June 3, 1882.
The Rev. FRANCIS B. HARLOWE, writing from Atlanta, Ga., says: "For some years past I have been subject to constipation, from which, in spite of the use of medicines of various kinds, I suffered increasing inconvenience, until some months ago I began taking AYER'S PILLS. They have entirely corrected the costive habit, and have vastly improved my general health."
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS correct irregularities of the bowels, stimulate the appetite and digestion, and by their prompt and thorough action give tone and vigor to the whole physical economy.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

JOHN MAGUIRE.
Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.
Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
619 Walnut St. Office bet. 5th and 6th.

KEEP THE SYSTEM regular with Tropic-Fruit Laxative, and you will always feel and look well. It is better than pills and the usual purgatives. Unlike them, it does not sicken or weaken the stomach. The dose is small, the taste delicious. Ladies and children like it. Try a 25 cent box, and you will be sure to adopt it as a family necessity. Sold by all Druggists.
TROPIC FRUIT LAXATIVE

NOTICE TO LADIES.
Furs and Fur Trimmings.
Large assortment fine and good goods. Lowest prices. Give us a call.
M. GOTTLER & CO.,
French Market. 1280 S. 5th street.

SWOPE'S
311 N. FOURTH ST.
Gentlemen's Embroidered Slippers
The Finest Collection of Patterns to select from that has ever been on exhibition in this city. Prices ranging from $1 75 to $6. Don't buy until you give us a look.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—A. H. Frankenfeld is no longer connected with the "St. Louis Union." Advertisers will please remember this.
WM. H. BROWN, Proprietor.

NOTICE is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chester, Iron Mountain and Western Railroad will be held at the office of Messrs. Pattison & Crane, No. 303 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, the 8th day of January, 1883, at 9 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of electing directors and transacting such other business as may be brought before it.
J. WYMAN JONES, President.
NEWTON CRANE, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Diamond Queen Silver Mining and Milling Company at its office, 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, on Thursday, December 28, 1882, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of transacting such business as may be brought before them.
JONATHAN NESBITT, President.
December 18, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Missouri Midland Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 411 Olive street, St. Louis, Missouri, on Thursday, January 25, A. D. 1882, to consider a proposal to increase the capital stock of the company from one hundred and fifty shares of the par value of fifteen thousand dollars to five hundred shares of the par value of fifty thousand dollars, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Polls open at 9 o'clock a. m. and close at 12 m.
ARTHUR LEE,
FRANK P. BLAIR,
JOHN F. LEE, Jr.,
A majority of the Board of Directors of said Company.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS, December 6, 1882.—Elsection Notice.—The regular annual election for nine (9) directors of this bank will be held on Tuesday, January 9, 1883, at the banking rooms. Polls open from 12 m. until 2 o'clock p. m.
T. A. STODDARD, Cashier.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Take notice that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Montezuma Springs Company will be held on Friday, the 29th day of December, 1882, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the gentlemen's parlor of the Southern Hotel, in the city of St. Louis, to receive the secretary's report as to the condition of the company and to consider and act upon the question of its continuance.
GEO. W. ALLEN, President.
JOHN MONTEITH, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Caruth & Byrne Hardware Company will be held at the office of the company, 323 N. Main st., St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, the 1st day of January, 1883, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of four directors of said company to serve for the ensuing year.
T. M. McLEA, DAVID W. CARUTH, Secretary. President.

### ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Office Helmbacher Forge and Rolling Mills Company, St. Louis, December 29, 1882. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company, northeast corner Fifth and Market streets, on Monday, January 8, 1883, for the purpose of electing five directors to serve one year. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.
M. HELMBACHER, President.
G. L. GOETZ, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Fifth National Bank of St. Louis, December 18, 1882.—The regular annual election for seven directors of the bank will be held on Tuesday, January 9, 1883, at the banking house on Fifth street and Lucas avenue. Polls open from 12 m. to 2 p. m.
THEO KOCH, Cashier.

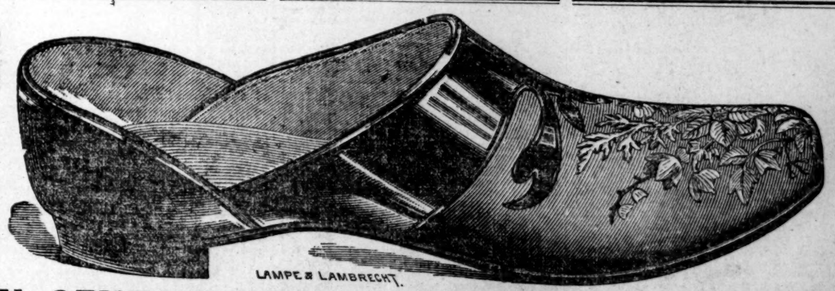
ST. LOUIS, December 27, 1882.
THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Depot Storage and Shipping Company, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, corner Sixteenth and Poplar streets, on Monday, January 8, 1883. Polls open from 9 to 12.
JNO. R. LIONBERGER, President.
HENRY S. POTTER, secretary.

OFFICE of Washington Mutual Fire Insurance Co., northeast corner Second and Market streets, St. Louis, December 27, 1882.—The annual meeting of the members of this company and the election of three directors will be held at the office of the company on Monday, the 8th day of January, 1883, at 9 o'clock a.m. Polls will be closed at 1 o'clock p. m.
ED. OLSHAUSEN, President.
ED. BREITENSTEIN, Secretary.

WILLIAMSON'S
DRUG STORE!
FRANKLIN AV. & NINTH ST.
We sell all goods usually sold in DRUG STORES in 1-4 and 1-2 dozen lots at
WHOLESALE PRICES!
We do not advertise our prices as formerly.
We also have a large line of goods which we sell at reduced prices.
Consisting of Combs, Hair and Cloth Brushes, Perfumery, Colognes, Toilet Articles, Sponges, Soaps, Face Powders, Puffs, Nail Brushes, Etc.
VASES, TOILET SETS,
COLOGNE BOTTLES, ETC.
Stop that Cough and Hoarseness!
Dr. Bertier's Instant Relief COUGH BALSAM will do it, 25c and 35c a bottle.
Catarrh Cigarettes, the best in the market, 10c a box.
German Cologne and Sulphur Soap, 14c.
DR. E. J. WILLIAMSON attends to patients at his office in drug store, cor. Franklin avenue and Ninth street, or at their residences.

EVERYBODY
Should Read Carefully.
Have you an Electric Battery? If so, what did it cost, $25 or $50? We will furnish you a Standard power Electric Battery with the same curative powers as a battery costing $50 for $6, or an Electric Brush (for flesh and hair) a battery with each brush for.....$3 00
An Electric Belt for.....3 00
An Electric Corset for.....8 00
A pair of Ladies' Hose for.....2 00
These goods are positively the best Electro Curative goods on earth, at the lowest prices in the world. They should not be confounded with any other Electric goods.
Cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in Back and other parts, Lumbago, Nervous and General Debility, Dyspepsia, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, Liver Complaint, Kidney Diseases, Diabetes, Asthma, Jaundice, Constipation, Fits, Diseases of the Heart, Gravel, Spinal Diseases, Paralysis, Decay, Etc.
Should you be suffering from any affliction whatsoever do not fail to call at
614 Olive Street, Up Stairs.
Goods sent to any address, prepaid, on receipt of price.
R. W. STALEY,
General Agent for Southern Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas and Kansas.
Western Depot, No. 123 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

EUROPEAN STEAMERS.
HAMBURG LINE.
For England, France and Germany.
VANDALIA, December 23, 12 m.
CIMBRIA, December 28, 12 m.
SILESIA, January 4, 2 p. m.
GELLERT, January 11, 10 a. m.
WIELAND, January 18, 2 p. m.
Steamers marked ★ are extra steamers and sail direct to Hamburg.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen. Pass. Agts.,
61 Broadway, New York.
Agents in St. Louis: Fourth National Bank, International Bank, J. P. Whyte & Co., M. Jacoby.

ELEGANT AND UNIQUE DESIGNS

LAMPE & LAMBRECHT.
IN GENTS' HAND-EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS.
A magnificent assortment in Cloth, Velvet and Leather. Prices ranging from $1 up to $4 50, over one hundred styles. A HANDSOME CHRISTMAS PRESENT.
We call attention to our complete assortment of Fine Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Gents. We carry everything manufactured in this line. Country orders filled with promptness. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Elegant assortment of Dressing Robes and Smoking Jackets for the Holidays.
FAMOUS, FIFTH AND MORGAN STS.
LADIES IN ATTENDANCE IN THE SLIPPER DEPARTMENT.

RUPTURE
Cured, without surgical operation or detention from business, at Vienna Institute, No. 1112 Washington av., St. Louis. Among the great number cured of Ruptures in this city, are: J. Buehler, 1011 Cass av.; M. Kern, 3142 Montgomery st.; G. Lay, Carondelet; A. Faulkotter, 1608 Carondelet; A. Winkler, 809 S. 22d st.; H. Zuler, 1460 N. 18th st. Rupture and constant truss pressure produce disease of kidneys, bladder, spine, rheumatism, impotency and other diseases. Dr. Smythe's book, containing likenesses of persons before and after cure, testimonials, opinions of physicians and the press, mailed for 10 cents. Every ruptured person should read it. Persons can be treated and start home same day. Address Dr. F. T. Smythe, Pres. Vienna Institute, No. 1112 Washington av., St. Louis, Mo.

### FIRM CHANGES.

MR. THOS. D. ROHAN, formerly of the Polytechnic Foundry, has taken a partnership in the Excelsior Foundry and Plating Co., 119 S. 8th st., where he will be pleased to see all his friends.

Full Dress Suits!
A Large Stock of Dress Suits for the Holidays at moderate prices.
Polack's Clothing House
Southeast Corner of Fourth and Olive Streets.

## LEGAL.

### Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Henry Potter, defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant Henry Potter in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot of ground on Arsenal road, 100 feet in front or width and 261 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in Dalton's addition to said city.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named Henry Potter of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 4, 1882. 67H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry B. Butts and Charles Henckler are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Fourth street, in city block 2826, 156 feet in front or width and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being the west half of Block 9 in Eiler's survey i, and bounded on the north by Eichelberger street, on the east by real estate of one Mc-Anlif, on the south by that one Blow, on the west by Fourth street.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Washington street, in city block 1526, 29 feet in front or width and 84 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 4 in Schneider's addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Washington street, in city block 1526, 25 feet in front or width and 134 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 4 in Schneider's addition to said city.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, December 2, 1882. 64H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and F. F. Overshimer and J. A. Berry are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot in Kensington addition, in survey 1261, township 46, range 7, containing ten acres and bounded north by Natural Bridge road, east by Goodfellow, south by survey 1276 and west by Clark.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 44H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William T. Gay is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Part of lot 27 in block 3 of Beaumont Addition, in city block 928, having a front of 16 feet on Jefferson avenue by a depth of 96 feet, bounded north by Swift, east by Jefferson avenue, south by Swift and west by Everist.

And I will, on Saturday, the 30th day of December, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and the o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 41H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jacob M. Gruen, Henry Gruen, Nathan D. Gruen, J. K. Jamison, Henry Geers and August Gehner are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Vista avenue 25 feet in front or width and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 8 in Laclede Race Track addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Vista avenue 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being the east half of lot 20 in block 8 in Laclede Race Track addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Vista avenue 25 feet in front or width and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 8 in Laclede Race Track addition to said city.

No. 4. Four lots of ground on Grace avenue, in city block 1894, each 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lots 21, 22, 23 and 24 in block 11 in Hunt's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 6, 1882. 87H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Academy of the Christian Brothers, John Lady, Edward C. Smith, Robert B. Wade, Daniel P. Dawes, John B. Dawes, John Richman, W. A. Kingman, Sarah G. Hammond, David P. Hammond, Augusta G. Barsh, William P. Barsh, Catharine V. Price, Charles L. Hammond, Mary Worthington, Edward P. Grimes, Samuel E. Hammond, Thomas F. Bryan, Susan Bryan, Nannie Bryan, Anna W. McKie, Emma W. Kingman, Mary A. Kingman and Charlotte M. Lavielle are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Mc Pherson avenue, containing fifteen acres, being part of lot 48 in P. Lindell's second addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Mc Pherson avenue and on the south by lot 47, on the east by Taylor avenue and real estate of others, on the south by Berlin avenue, on the west by real estate of one Lake.

And I will on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 8, 1882. 2H

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Louis Berman, Elizabeth Knoll, Bernhard Behrmann, Franz Hoeckenschmeyer and Maria Hoeckenschmeyer, his wife, Heinrich Linkemeyer and Anna Maria Elizabeth Linkemeyer, his wife, vs. Maria Elizabeth Berman and John Berman.

By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, dated November the 27th, 1882.

I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered four and five (4 and 5) of block number thirty (30) in survey No. three (3) of the town of Carondelet, as per plat of said survey and subdivision recorded in the Recorder's office of the former county (now city) of St. Louis, said lots fronting east on Third street one hundred feet by one hundred and fifty feet deep, more or less, and being the same premises which the said O. H. Berman acquired of John C. Ivorz and wife by deed dated May 24, 1851, and recorded in said Recorder's office in book T 5, page 556.

A certain lot of ground with the improvements thereon on Julia C. Soulard's third addition to the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot number five (5) in block number one hundred and thirteen (113) of said addition, being thirty (30) feet front on the east side of Buel street and running back eastwardly at right angles the same width one hundred and fourteen feet in depth to an alley twenty feet wide, according to the plat of said addition duly recorded, and being the same premises which the said Gerhard D. Berman acquired of Henry Simon by trustee, by deed dated January 8th, 1861, and recorded in book 38, page 139.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, December 14 1882. 27L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Susan F. Baldwin and Franz J. Bracher are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1st. Lot one of block 2 of Moulton's addition, in city block 2267, having a front of nine feet ten inches on Hickory street by a depth of one hundred and forty-five feet ten inches.

2d. Lot 27 of block 2 of Moulton's addition, in city block 2267, having a front of nine feet ten inches on Rutger street by a depth of one hundred and forty-five feet ten inches.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 42H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Charles Nagel and Frederick A. Wallenstein and against Bernard Schilling and Anna Jette Schilling,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant, Anna Jette Schilling, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 9 in block No. 9 of Thornton D. Murphy's second addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which is recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 50 feet on the north line of Boston street by a depth of 122 feet and 3 inches.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., November 15, 1882. 11H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Augustus Berthold, Jacob M. Gruen, Henry Gruen, Nathan D. Gruen, J. K. Jamison, Henry Geers and August Gehner are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot of ground on Neosho street, in city block 2743, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lots 24, 25 and 26 in Musick's addition to said city.

Number 2. Three lots of ground on Clayton road, each 50 feet in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 24, 25 and 26 in Musick's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 49H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Academy of the Christian Brothers, John Lady, Edward C. Smith, Robert B. Wade, Daniel P. Dawes, John B. Dawes, John Richman, W. A. Kingman, Sarah G. Hammond, David P. Hammond, Augusta G. Barsh, William P. Barsh, Catharine V. Price, Charles L. Hammond, Mary Worthington, Edward P. Grimes, Samuel E. Hammond, Thomas F. Bryan, Susan Bryan, Nannie Bryan, Anna W. McKie, Emma W. Kingman, Mary A. Kingman and Charlotte M. Lavielle are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on McPherson avenue, containing fifteen acres, being part of lot 48 in P. Lindell's second addition to said city, and bounded on the north by McPherson avenue and on the south by lot 47, on the east by Taylor avenue and real estate of others, on the south by Berlin avenue, on the west by real estate of one Lake.

And I will on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 8, 1882. 3H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary J. Hall and Cyrus A. Crum are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Washington avenue in city block 834, 25 feet 11 inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in P. Lindell's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 6, 1882. 82H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Daniel Carney is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground in said city of St. Louis 141 feet 6 inches front on a line 150 feet from and parallel to the east part of lots 23, 24 and 25 in block 51 in Thatcher's addition to said city.

And I will, at the same time and place,

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon on that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 51H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Academy of the Christian Brothers, John Lady, Edward C. Smith, Robert B. Wade, Daniel P. Dawes, John B. Dawes, John Richman, W. A. Kingman, Sarah G. Hammond, David P. Hammond, Augusta G. Barsh, William P. Barsh, Catharine V. Price, Charles L. Hammond, Mary Worthington, Edward P. Grimes, Samuel E. Hammond, Thomas F. Bryan, Susan Bryan, Nannie Bryan, Anna W. McKie, Emma W. Kingman, Mary A. Kingman and Charlotte M. Lavielle are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot of ground on Centre Place, in city block 1807, 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 1 in Newman and Howard's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 6, 1882. 83H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Daniel Carney is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 2. A lot of ground in said city of St. Louis 141 feet 6 inches front on a line 150 feet from and parallel to the east part of lots 23, 24 and 25 in block 51 in Thatcher's addition to said city.

And I will, at the same time and place,

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon on that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 51H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Bachenroth is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot number fifteen (15) of block No. one (1) of Armstead's addition, and in U. S. survey 2280, fronting a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the north line of Hickory street by a depth northwardly of one hundred and forty-two feet (142) more or less, to an alley fifteen feet wide.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 8, 1882. 6K

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Walter S. Johnson, Receiver of the National Bank of the State of Missouri, in St. Louis, Elizabeth H. Chadwick, Edgar G. Chadwick, Edgar G. Chadwick and John D. Davis, executors of Joseph L. Chadwick, deceased, and Edward Bredell and Henry Hitchcock, trustee for Gilbert Chadwick, Edward Chadwick and Augustus C. Bredell, Edward Bredell and Henry Hitchcock, executors of Alfred C. Chadwick, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 135, 12 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 127 feet 9 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of said defendant Johnson, receiver; by the south by real estate of the Holmes, lessee, on the west by an alley.

Number 2. A lot of ground on an alley, in city block 139, 12 feet 1 inch in front or width, and fifty-one (51) feet 9 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Chadwick, on the east by that of one Herthel, lessee, on the south by that of one Chadwick, lessee, on the west by an alley.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, December 14, 1882. 17L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Frederick W. Evers is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in said block, beginning at a point on the north side of Olive street, sixty-five feet west from the northwest corner of Eleventh and Olive streets, thence west twenty-one feet and eight inches to a point, then north and parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, then east along the south line of said alley twenty-one feet and eight inches, then south parallel to Eleventh street to place of beginning, on which land is located a building known as No. 1107 Olive street.

Second: A lot or parcel of real estate in said block, beginning at a point one hundred and eighty feet west of the west line of Eleventh street, then running west along the north line of Olive street forty-five feet, then north parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, thence east along the south line of said alley, thence south parallel to Eleventh street to the place of beginning, on which land is located a building known as No. 1107 Olive street.

Third: A lot or parcel of real estate in said block, beginning at a point one hundred and eighty feet west of the west line of Eleventh street, then running west along the north line of Olive street forty-five feet, then north parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, thence east along the south line of said alley, thence south parallel to Eleventh street to the place of beginning, in the Block described, known as number 1107 Olive street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 14, 1882. 16L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Bachenroth is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot number fifteen (15) of block No. one (1) of Armstead's addition, and in U. S. survey 2280, fronting a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the north line of Hickory street by a depth northwardly of one hundred and forty-two feet (142) more or less, to an alley fifteen feet wide.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 8, 1882. 7K

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Walter S. Johnson, Receiver of the National Bank of the State of Missouri, in St. Louis, Elizabeth H. Chadwick, Edgar G. Chadwick, Edgar G. Chadwick and John D. Davis, executors of Joseph L. Chadwick, deceased, and Edward Bredell and Henry Hitchcock, trustee for Gilbert Chadwick, Edward Chadwick and Augustus C. Bredell, Edward Bredell and Henry Hitchcock, executors of Alfred C. Chadwick, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

First: A lot of ground in block number five hundred and sixteen of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point on the north line of Olive street one hundred and eight feet four inches west of the west line of Eleventh street, then west along the north line of Olive street forty-six feet eight inches, then north parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, thence east along the south side of said alley forty-six feet eight inches, then south parallel to Eleventh street to the place of beginning, on which land are located houses number 1107 and 1109 Olive street.

Second: A lot of ground in said block, beginning at a point on the north side of Olive street, sixty-five feet west from the northwest corner of Eleventh and Olive streets, thence west twenty-one feet and eight inches to a point, then north and parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, then east along the south line of said alley twenty-one feet and eight inches, then south parallel to Eleventh street to place of beginning, on which land is located a building known as No. 1107 Olive street.

Third: A lot or parcel of real estate in said block, beginning at a point one hundred and eighty feet west of the west line of Eleventh street, then running west along the north line of Olive street forty-five feet, then north parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, thence east along the south line of said alley, thence south parallel to Eleventh street to the place of beginning, in the Block described, known as number 1107 Olive street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 50L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Michael Bagley is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 16 of block 2 in Robird's addition, having a front of 25 feet on North Market road by a depth of one hundred and seventeen feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 52L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Caspar Dickhaus, alias Caspar Dickhaus, Arie de Jong, Edward H. Hymers and Joseph A. Berry are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots 3, 4 and 5 in block 11 of Garden subdivision, having each a front of 50 feet on Lincoln avenue by a depth of 150 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, December 15, 1882. 53L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Caspar Dickhaus, alias Caspar Dickhaus, Arie de Jong, Edward H. Hymers and Joseph A. Berry are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Chouteau avenue, in city block 49, 40 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 63 feet 10 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Rose, on the east by that of one Watt, on the south by Chouteau avenue, on the west by real estate of one Brohamer.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 14, 1882. 30L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Eliza Felcher, Casimir Felcher, alias Isaque Felcher, Eugenia Wilcox, Louise Jones, William Wilcox, Richard Southard, Charles Newell and Mary Southard, Blanche Southard and Eugenia Southard, heirs of Mary Southard, deceased, and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Mary, Blanche and Eugenia Southard, minors, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Main street, in city block 2978, as feet in front or width and 124 feet and 3 inches in length or depth, being in block 14 in Eiler's Survey, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Schmidt, on the east by Water street, on the south by the real estate of one Thiel, on the west by that of the Iron Mountain Railroad Company.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 6, 1882. 81K

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Caspar Dickhaus, alias Caspar Dickhaus, Arie de Jong, Edward H. Hymers and Joseph A. Berry are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered four and five (4 and 5) of block number thirty (30) in survey No. three (3) of the town of Carondelet, as per plat of said survey and subdivision recorded in the Recorder's office of the former county (now city) of St. Louis, said lots fronting east on Third street one hundred feet by one hundred and fifty feet deep, more or less, and being the same premises which the said O. H. Berman acquired of John C. Ivorz and wife by deed dated May 24, 1851, and recorded in said Recorder's office in book T 5, page 556.

A certain lot of ground with the improvements thereon on Julia C. Soulard's third addition to the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot number five (5) in block number one hundred and thirteen (113) of said addition, being thirty (30) feet front on the east side of Buel street and running back eastwardly at right angles the same width one hundred and fourteen feet in depth to an alley twenty feet wide, according to the plat of said addition duly recorded, and being the same premises which the said Gerhard D. Berman acquired of Henry Simon by trustee, by deed dated January 8th, 1861, and recorded in book 38, page 139.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, December 14 1882. 27L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Charles W. Simmons, Jr.,
vs.
Minnie B. Simmons.
No. 60,541.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore on motion of the plaintiff by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and said defendant, on the ground that the defendant has absented herself from plaintiff for the space of one whole year, to wit, from the 12th day of March, 1881, to this date, and is still absent without cause, and has failed to perform her duties as the wife of the plaintiff.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, December 5, 1882.
Ignatius Nocks
vs.
Mary Nocks.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and that said defendant has concealed herself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon her, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by his attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between her and plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness of said defendant, and that defendant has, without just provocation, abandoned plaintiff and absented herself from him since 1878, and for an order that plaintiff may have the care, custody and control of the infant children of said plaintiff and defendant.

And unless she appear at the next term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 6th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] M.W. WATSON. 123 CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Wednesday, November 22, 1882.
Fannie Hogue
vs.
James F. Hogue.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, duly verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of petition herein.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 23d day of November, 1882.
[L. S.] 59J CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 8, 1882.
Fidel De Mere
vs.
Jennie De Mere.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 8th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 4, 1882.
Bettie Bailey
vs.
John Bailey.

It appearing from the petition of the plaintiff, duly verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by her attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between her and the said defendant on the grounds that defendant has been guilty of said cruel and barbarous treatment of plaintiff as to render her life, by beating and assaulting her, and also rendering her condition intolerable by cursing and abusing her, and in other ways, and that defendant has committed adultery; and for an order giving plaintiff the care and custody of the infant child of said plaintiff and defendant, and for award of alimony.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis this 5th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 57L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Mathew Fallen
vs.
Emma Fallen.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for more than one whole year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid according to law, judgment will be rendered against it and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Frank K. Ryan, Attorney for Plaintiff. 58L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Marina Kleiner
vs.
Theophil Kleiner.

The plaintiff comes, by her attorney, and files a petition and affidavit herein, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of and has fled the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of violent and abusive language, neglect and refusal to support and maintain plaintiff, and on the ground of habitual drunkenness for the space of one year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Wm. Andre, Plaintiff's Attorney. 60L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
John W. Garratt
vs.
The Jacksonville Car Company.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, in this, that it is a corporation and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of $7,538 86 on account of a promissory note dated December 1st, 1882, and executed by the Jacksonville Car Co., payable to the order of the plaintiff on sixty days after date; and that its property has been attached.

And unless it appear at the term of court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid according to law, judgment will be rendered against it and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
George F. Tower
vs.
The Susquehanna Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
No. 60,288.
Attachment.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of $291 16 on account of loss and damage to property insured under policy No. 4946, issued by defendant, and that its property has been attached.

And unless it appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid according to law, judgment will be rendered against it and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 8th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 34L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 4, 1882.
Bettie Bailey
vs.
John Bailey.

It appearing from the petition of the plaintiff, duly verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by her attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between her and the said defendant on the grounds that defendant has been guilty of said cruel and barbarous treatment of plaintiff as to render her life, by beating and assaulting her, and also rendering her condition intolerable by cursing and abusing her, and in other ways, and that defendant has committed adultery; and for an order giving plaintiff the care and custody of the infant child of said plaintiff and defendant, and for award of alimony.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis this 5th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 57L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Mathew Fallen
vs.
Emma Fallen.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for more than one whole year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid according to law, judgment will be rendered against it and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Ezra H. Linley
vs.
Jacksonville Car Company.
No. 59,207.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of $1,403 28 on account of two promissory notes, each dated May 6th, 1882, and executed by the Jacksonville Car Co., payable to the order of the plaintiff, one payable ninety days after date and one sixty days after date, and one for the sum of $706 62 and the other for $700 66.

And that its said property has been attached; and unless it appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against it, and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Kate Spanier
vs.
George Spanier.
No. 59,267.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, in this, that it is a corporation and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and said defendant, on the ground of cruel and barbarous treatment, indignities and failure of support.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 41L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Anton Bernhard
vs.
Pelagie Morin.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is not a resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment for damages in the sum of $800 and interest, caused the plaintiff by breach of covenant contained in a deed executed by defendant to plaintiff dated May 15th, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, in book 813, page 103, conveying a lot in block No. 31 of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the west line of Second street 70½ feet south of Cedar street, thence running south 20½ feet along said line of Second street; thence west and parallel with Cedar street 142 feet to an alley; thence northwardly along said alley 20½ feet and thence east to the place of beginning, said breach of covenant consisting in a failure of title to a part of said land and plaintiff's eviction therefrom, and that her property has been attached.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against her and her property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
Elizabeth Wilson
vs.
James Wilson.
No. 59,228.

It appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis to the writ herein that the defendant cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as husband of plaintiff, has absented himself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of one year and more; that he has been addicted to habitual drunkenness for the space of one year and more; that he has been and now is guilty of such conduct as to constitute him a vagrant within the meaning of the law respecting vagrancy; and that he beat plaintiff and pulled her hair; and for the decree of this court giving her the custody and care of the minor child of said parties and restoring to her her maiden name, "Prather."

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Wm. Andre, Plaintiff's Attorney. 60L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Catherine Lahy
vs.
William Lahy.

It appearing from the affidavit filed herein this day that the defendant is a non-resident of this State, on motion of the plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of one year and more, and that he has been guilty of such conduct as to constitute him a vagrant within the meaning of the law respecting vagrants, and for a decree giving her the custody of the children of said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
J. F. Vastine, Plaintiff's Attorney. 44L

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Jeremiah Buckley, Mary Coughlin and Thomas Coughlin, her husband,
vs.
Michael Kelsher, Daniel Kelsher, Murty, otherwise Martin Kelsher, Jeremiah Kelsher, Mary Comfort and Patrick Comfort, her husband, Michael Kelsher, Dennis Kelsher, Mary Kelsher or Kerscher, and Peter Kercher, her husband, Elizabeth Williams and John Williams, her husband, Ellen McDonald and — McDonald, her husband, St. Xavier College, otherwise Church of St. Louis, Right Rev. A. J. Ryan, Ellen Cogian and William Cogian, her husband, and Albert O. Edwards, executor of the estate of Daniel Kelsher, deceased.

Now come the plaintiffs by their attorney and file herein an affidavit, from which it appears that the defendants, Mary Comfort and Patrick Comfort her husband, Michael Kelsher, Denis Kelsher and Mary Kercher and Peter Kercher, her husband, are non-residents of this State, wherefore, on motion of said plaintiffs

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment and decree declaring a certain paper writing purporting to be the last will and testament of one Daniel Kelsher, now deceased, null and void, and not to be the last will and testament of said Daniel Kelsher, on the grounds that said Daniel Kelsher, in his lifetime, was induced to make, execute and publish said pretended will and testament, by and through the fraud, misrepresentations, fraudulent schemeing, fraudulent contrivance, fraudulent connivance and undue influence of the defendants and other persons, that said pretended will was made and executed under a delusion, misapprehension, misconception and mistake of said Daniel Kelsher, deceased, in relation to his heirs and the number, names and residences of them; that said pretended will was neither read nor executed by him under an improper and undue constraint and under the improper and undue influence of the defendants and others in collusion with them.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 63L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1883.
Monday, November 26, 1883.
D. W. Stead
vs.
Matilda Stead.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, duly verified by affidavit, that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless she apprear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 21st day of November, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Edmond A. B. Garesche, Attorney. 14J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, December 5, 1882.
Edwin Porter,
vs.
Delilah J. Porter.

It appearing from the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and said defendant, on the ground of adultery.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Thursday, November 9, 1882.
Elizabeth Wilson
vs.
James Wilson.
No. 59,228.

It appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis to the writ herein that the defendant cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as husband of plaintiff, has absented himself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of one year and more; that he has been addicted to habitual drunkenness for the space of one year and more; that he has been and now is guilty of such conduct as to constitute him a vagrant within the meaning of the law respecting vagrancy; and that he beat plaintiff and pulled her hair; and for the decree of this court giving her the custody and care of the minor child of said parties and restoring to her her maiden name, "Prather."

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of November, 1882.
[L. S.] 41L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Anton Bernhard
vs.
Pelagie Morin.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is not a resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment for damages in the sum of $800 and interest, caused the plaintiff by breach of covenant contained in a deed executed by defendant to plaintiff dated May 15th, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, in book 813, page 103, conveying a lot in block No. 31 of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the west line of Second street 70½ feet south of Cedar street, thence running south 20½ feet along said line of Second street; thence west and parallel with Cedar street 142 feet to an alley; thence northwardly along said alley 20½ feet and thence east to the place of beginning, said breach of covenant consisting in a failure of title to a part of said land and plaintiff's eviction therefrom, and that her property has been attached.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against her and her property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 43L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
George J. Enderle
vs.
Antoine Roy.
No. 60,114.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition herein that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by his attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain partition between said plaintiff and defendant of the following described premises, to-wit: Certain realty lying and situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to wit:

Lot No. nine (9) of Eller's survey, Carondelet, Motier's subdivision city block of said city, No. 2854, having a front of twenty-five feet on Second street, by a depth of that width of for feet eleven inches, more or less, to a seventy-foot alley, bounded on the north by Paul Kraemer, east by said alley, south by Louis Illingworth and west by Second street; and for a sale of said realty and division of the proceeds between said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 42L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Ezra H. Linley
vs.
Jacksonville Car Company.
No. 59,207.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of $1,403 28 on account of two promissory notes, each dated May 6th, 1882, and executed by the Jacksonville Car Co., payable to the order of the plaintiff, one payable ninety days after date and one sixty days after date, and one for the sum of $706 62 and the other for $700 66.

And that its said property has been attached; and unless it appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against it, and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 39L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 8, 1882.
Ella J. Dow
vs.
Alexander Dow.
No. 59,081.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of indignities offered by defendant to plaintiff such as to render his condition intolerable, of habitual drunkenness for the space of more than one year, and desertion and vagrancy.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 8th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 37L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Friday, December 1, 1882.
Mona James
vs.
Amos James.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of the plaintiff, by her attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground of desertion.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held in the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Rudolph Schulenburg, Attorney for Plaintiff. 56L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 8, 1882.
Ella J. Dow
vs.
Alexander Dow.
No. 59,081.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of indignities offered by defendant to plaintiff such as to render his condition intolerable, of habitual drunkenness for the space of more than one year, and desertion and vagrancy.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 8th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 36L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Tuesday, December 19, 1882.
Louis Kohlbry and Frederick Kohlbry, plaintiffs,
against
Heinrich Hunicke, Wilhelmina Hunicke, his wife, Theodore Hunicke, August Hunicke and W. Kohlbry, defendants.
No. 59,404.

Now come plaintiffs and present to the court an affidavit of Rudolph Schulenburg, attorney of Louis Kohlbry, one of the plaintiffs, from which it appears that W. Kohlbry, one of the defendants herein, has concealed himself, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiffs

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of this court declaring that a certain deed from defendant, Heinrich Hunicke, to W. Kohlbry, dated September 14, 1869, and recorded in book 360, page 114, of the (then) St. Louis County Recorder's office, is cancelled, set aside and for naught held; that whatever right, title and interest in certain real estate in said deed described became vested in the grantees or beneficiaries therein mentioned, by virtue of said deed, be divested out of them and vested in plaintiffs herein, and that plaintiffs be vested with such right, title and estate in said real estate as though said deed had never been made; said real estate being a piece of land in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, commencing at a point the northeast corner of Cherokee street 150 feet, thence west along south line of Cherokee street 130 feet, thence south and parallel with Missouri avenue 115 feet, thence east 130 feet 3 inches, thence south with the east line of said alley 16 feet, thence east and parallel with Cherokee street 123 feet 9 inches to Missouri avenue, thence north along the west line of Missouri avenue 19 feet, thence west and parallel to Cherokee street 5 feet, thence north along the west line of Missouri avenue 115 feet to the place of beginning.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 56L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Martha Hatch.

It appearing, from the affidavit attached to the petition herein, that the defendant is a now resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of desertion.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 47L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Lizzie Arnold
vs.
George Arnold.

It appearing from the petition of the plaintiff, duly verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony exist